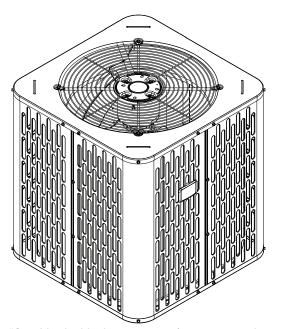
Installation and Operation Manual

Condensing Units

Models

A4AC6036B1000A A4AC6037B1000A A4AC6042B1000A A4AC6060B1000A A4AC6018A1000A A4AC6024A1000A A4AC6030A1000B A4AC6031A1000A A4AC6036A1000A A4AC6037A1000A A4AC6042A1000A A4AC6048A1000A A4AC6060A1000A



Note: "Graphics in this document are for representation only. Actual model may differ in appearance."

A SAFETY WARNING

Only qualified personnel should install and service the equipment. The installation, starting up, and servicing of heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous and requires specific knowledge and training. Improperly installed, adjusted or altered equipment by an unqualified person could result in death or serious injury. When working on the equipment, observe all precautions in the literature and on the tags, stickers, and labels that are attached to the equipment.

88-A4AC6001-1F-EN

Section 1. Safety

IMPORTANT — This Document is customer property and is to remain with this unit. Please return to service information pack upon completion of work.

A WARNING

This information is intended for use by individuals possessing adequate backgrounds of electrical and mechanical experience. Any attempt to repair a central air conditioning product may result in personal injury and/or property damage. The manufacture or seller cannot be responsible for the interpretation of this information, nor can it assume any liability in connection with its use.

A WARNING

These units use R-410A refrigerant which operates at 50 to 70% higher pressures than R-22. Use only R-410A approved service equipment. Refrigerant cylinders are painted a "Rose" color to indicate the type of refrigerant and may contain a "dip" tube to allow for charging of liquid refrigerant into the system. All R-410A systems use a POE oil that readily absorbs moisture from the atmosphere. To limit this "hygroscopic" action, the system should remain sealed whenever possible. If a system has been open to the atmosphere for more than 4 hours, the compressor oil must be replaced. Never break a vacuum with air and always change the driers when opening the system for component replacement. For specific handling concerns with R-410A and POE oil reference Retrofit Bulletins SS-APG006-EN and APP-APG011-EN or APP-APG012-EN.

A WARNING

UNIT CONTAINS R-410A REFRIGERANT! R-410A operating pressures exceed the limit of R-22. Proper service equipment is required. Failure to use proper service tools may result in equipment damage or personal injury.

SERVICE

USE ONLY R-410A REFRIGERANT AND APPROVED POE COMPRESSOR OIL.

A WARNING

Extreme caution should be exercised when opening the Liquid Line Service Valve. Turn counterclockwise until the valve stem just touches the rolled edge. No torque is required. Failure to follow this warning will result in abrupt release of system charge and may result in personal injury and /or property damage.

A WARNING

LIVE ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS! During installation, testing, servicing, and troubleshooting of this product, it may be necessary to work with live electrical components. Failure to follow all electrical safety precautions when exposed to live electrical components could result in death or serious injury.

If using existing refrigerant lines make certain that all joints are brazed, not soldered.

Scroll compressor dome temperatures may be hot. Do not touch the top of compressor; it may cause minor to severe burning.

A WARNING

WARNING!

This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

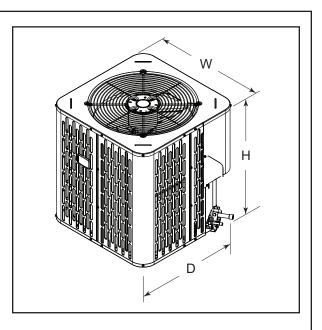
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Section 2. Unit Location Considerations

2.1 Unit Dimensions and Weight

| Table 2.1 | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unit Dimensions and Weight | | | | | | | | | |
| Models | H x D x W (in) | Weight* (lb) | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6036B | 29 x 30 x 33 | 177 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6037B | 37 x 34 x 37 | 161 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6042B | 37 x 34 x 37 | 212 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6060B | 45 x 34 x 37 | 256 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6018A | 29 x 30 x 33 | 161 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6024A | 29 x 30 x 33 | 162 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6030A | 37 x 30 x 33 | 184 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6031A | 33 x 30 x 33 | 156 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6036A | 37 x 34 x 37 | 212 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6037A | 37 x 34 x 37 | 212 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6042A | 45 x 34 x 37 | 252 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6048A | 45 x 34 x 37 | 256 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6060A | 45 x 34 x 37 | 272 | | | | | | | |
| * Weight values are | e estimated. | | | | | | | | |

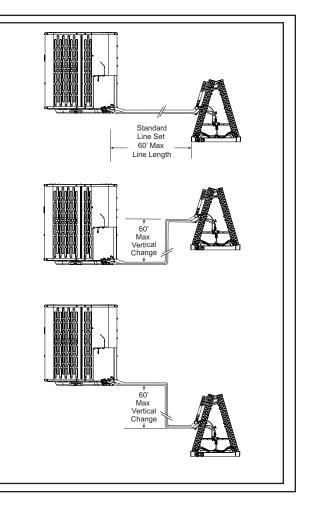


When mounting the outdoor unit on a roof, be sure the roof will support the unit's weight. Properly selected isolation is recommended to alleviate sound or vibration transmission to the building structure.

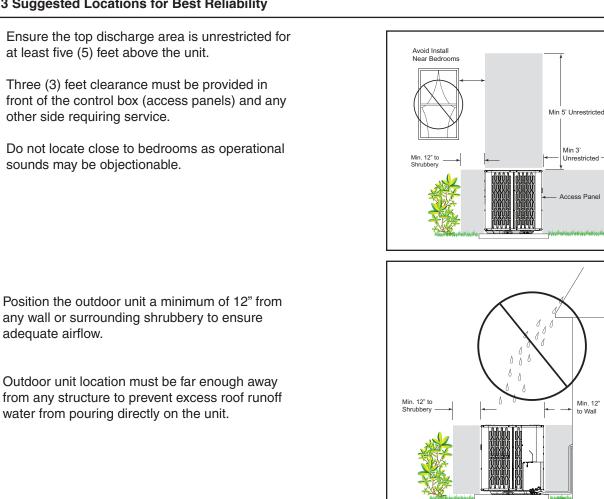
2.2 Refrigerant Piping Limits

- The maximum length of refrigerant lines from outdoor to indoor unit should NOT exceed sixty (60) feet.
- 2. The maximum vertical change should not exceed sixty (60) feet.
- 3. Service valve connection diameters are shown in Table 5.1.

Note: For line lengths greater than sixty (60) feet, Refer to Refrigerant Piping Application Guide, SS-APG006-EN or Refrigerant Piping Software Program, 32-3312-03 (or latest revision).

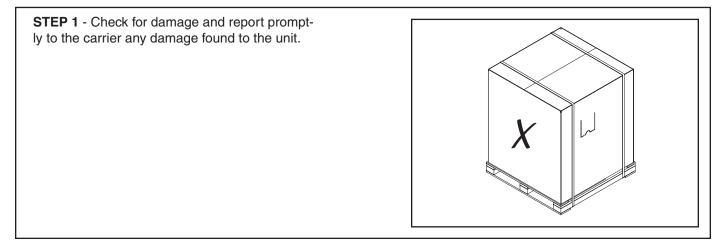


2.3 Suggested Locations for Best Reliability



Section 3. Unit Preparation

3.1 Prepare The Unit For Installation



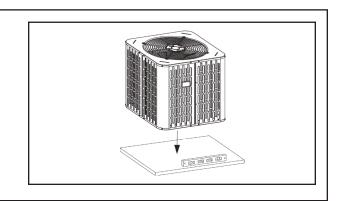
Min. 12" to Wall

Section 4. Setting the Unit

4.1 Pad Installation

When installing the unit on a support pad, such as a concrete slab, consider the following:

- The pad should be at least 1" larger than the unit on all sides.
- The pad must be separate from any structure.
- The pad must be level.
- The pad should be high enough above grade to allow for drainage.
- The pad location must comply with National, State, and Local codes.



Section 5. Refrigerant Line Considerations

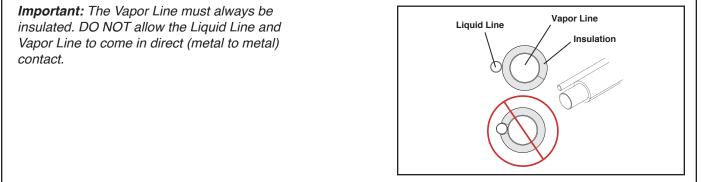
5.1 Refrigerant Line and Service Valve Connection Sizes

| Table 5.1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Line | Sizes | Service Valve | Connection Sizes | | | | | | | |
| Model | Vapor Line | Liquid Line | Vapor Line Connection | Liquid Line Connection | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6036B | 3/4 | 3/8 | 3/4 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6037B | 3/4 | 3/8 | 3/4 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6042B | 7/8 | 3/8 | 7/8 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6060B | 1-1/8 | 3/8 | 3/4 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6018A | 3/4 | 3/8 | 3/4 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6024A | 3/4 | 3/8 | 3/4 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6030A | 3/4 | 3/8 | 3/4 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6031A | 3/4 | 3/8 | 3/4 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6036A | 3/4 | 3/8 | 3/4 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6037A | 7/8 | 3/8 | 3/4 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6042A | 7/8 | 3/8 | 7/8 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6048A | 7/8 | 3/8 | 7/8 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |
| A4AC6060A | 7/8 | 3/8 | 7/8 | 3/8 | | | | | | | |

5.2 Factory Charge

| The outdoor condensing units are factory charged with the system charge required for the | | - | TUBING | | MATIO | N | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|--------|--|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| outdoor condensing unit, ten (10) feet of tested connecting line, and the smallest rated indoor | LINE | ТҮРЕ | REFRI | REFRIGERANT TO ADD AT SPECIFIED ADDITIONAL LENGTH | | | | | | |
| evaporative coil match. Always verify proper system charge via subcooling (TXV/EEV) or | Suction Line | Liquid Line | 20 ft | 30 ft | 40 ft | 50 ft | 60 ft | | | |
| superheat (fixed orifice) per the unit nameplate. | 3/4" | 3/8" | 3 oz | 9 oz | 15 oz | 21 oz | 27 oz | | | |
| | 7/8" | 3/8" | 3 oz | 9 oz | 16 oz | 22 oz | 28 oz | | | |

| Determine required line length and lift. You will need this later in STEP 2 of Section 14. | |
|---|-------------|
| Total Line Length = Ft. Total Vertical Change (lift) = Ft. | Line Length |
| 5.4 Refrigerant Line Insulation | |



5.5 Reuse Existing Refrigerant Lines

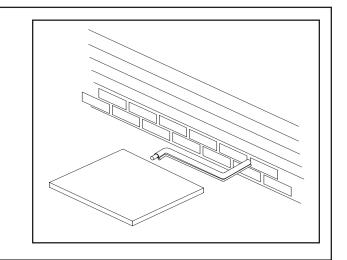
A CAUTION

If using existing refrigerant lines make certain that all joints are brazed, not soldered.

For retrofit applications, where the existing indoor evaporator coil and/or refrigerant lines will be used, the following precautions should be taken:

- Ensure that the indoor evaporator coil and refrigerant lines are the correct size.
- Ensure that the refrigerant lines are free of leaks, acid, and oil.

Important: For more information see publication number SS-APG006-EN.



Section 6. Refrigerant Line Routing

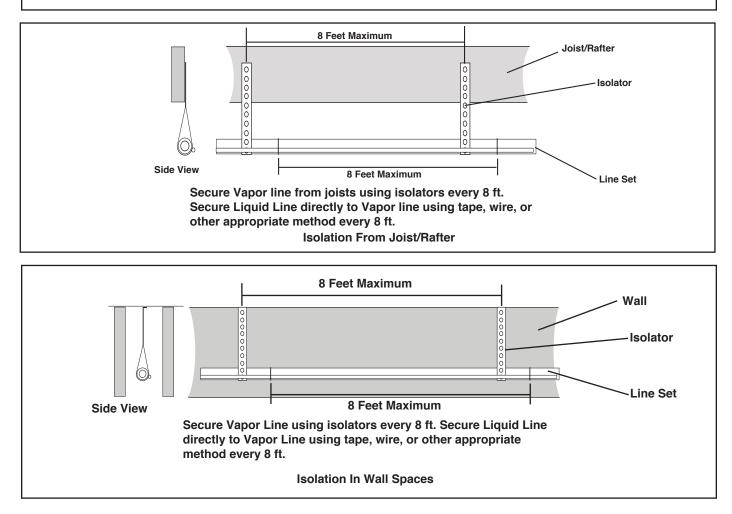
6.1 Precautions

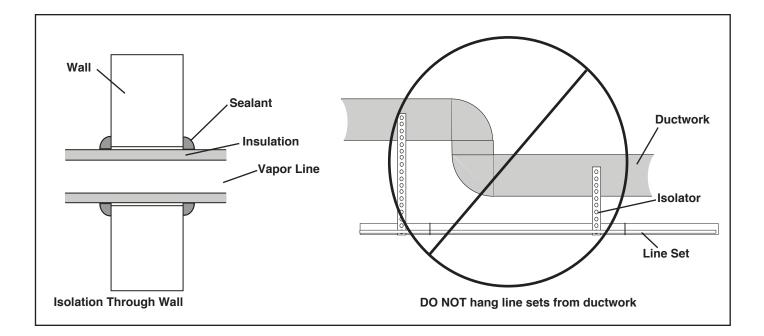
Important: Take precautions to prevent noise within the building structure due to vibration transmission from the refrigerant lines.

Comply with National, State, and Local Codes when isolating line sets from joists, rafters, walls, or other structural elements.

For Example:

- When the refrigerant lines have to be fastened to floor joists or other framing in a structure, use isolation type hangers.
- Isolation hangers should also be used when refrigerant lines are run in stud spaces or enclosed ceilings.
- Where the refrigerant lines run through a wall or sill, they should be insulated and isolated.
- Isolate the lines from all ductwork. Minimize the number of 90° turns.

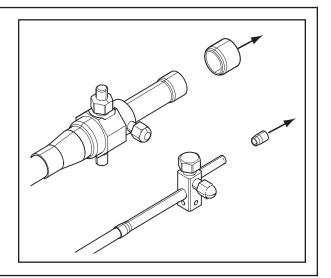




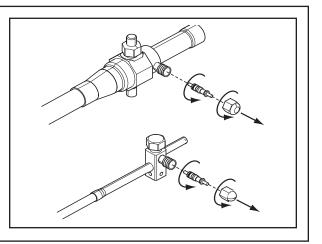
Section 7. Refrigerant Line Brazing

7.1 Braze The Refrigerant Lines

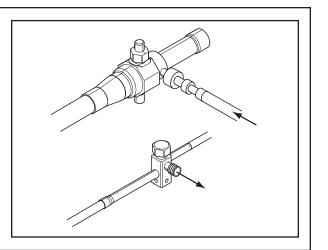
STEP 1 - Remove caps or plugs. Use a deburing tool to debur the pipe ends. Clean both internal and external surfaces of the tubing using an emery cloth.



STEP 2 - Remove the pressure tap cap and valve cores from both service valves.



STEP 3 - Purge the refrigerant lines and indoor coil with dry nitrogen.



STEP 4 - Wrap a wet rag around the valve body to avoid heat damage and continue the dry nitrogen purge.

Braze the refrigerant lines to the service valves.

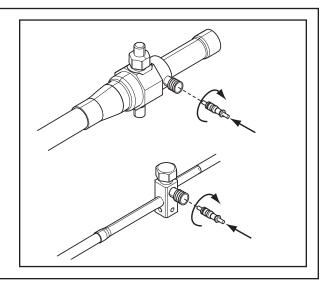
Continue the dry nitrogen purge. Do not remove the wet rag until all brazing is completed.

Important: Remove the wet rag before stopping the dry nitrogen purge.

Note: Install drier in Liquid Line.

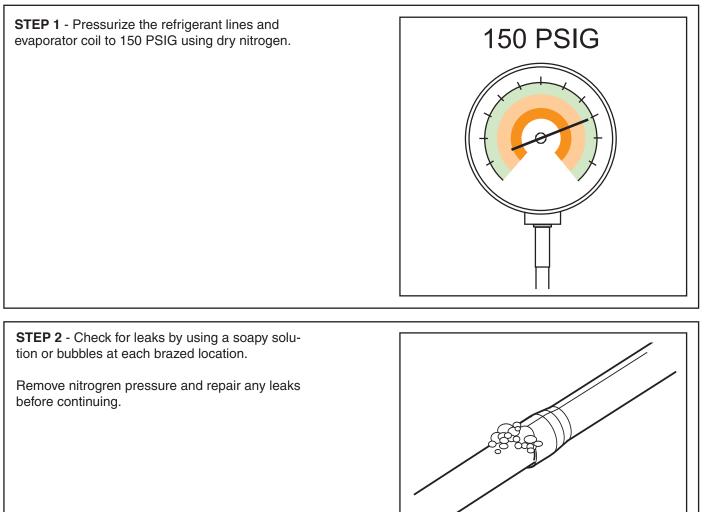
NOTE: Precautions should be taken to avoid heat damage to basepan during brazing. It is recommended to keep the flame directly off of the basepan.

STEP 5 - Replace the pressure tap valve cores after the service valves have cooled.



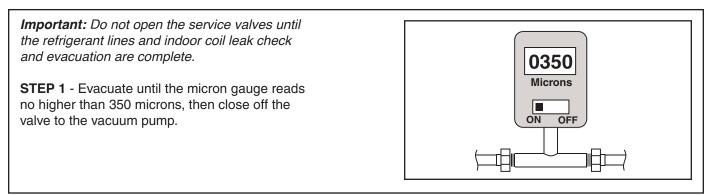
Section 8. Refrigerant Line Leak Check

8.1 Check For Leaks



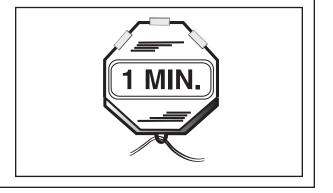
Section 9. Evacuation

9.1 Evacuate the Refrigerant Lines and Indoor Coil



STEP 2 - Observe the micron gauge. Evacuation is complete if the micron gauge does not rise above 500 microns in one (1) minute.

Once evacuation is complete blank off the vacuum pump and micron gauge, and close the valves on the manifold gauge set.



Section 10. Service Valves

10.1 Open the Gas Service Valve

Important: Leak check and evacuation must be completed before opening the service valves.

NOTE: Do not vent refrigerant gases into the atmosphere

STEP 1 - Remove valve stem cap.

STEP 2 - Using an adjustable wrench, turn valve stem 1/4 turn counterclockwise to the fully open position.

STEP 3 - Replace the valve stem cap to prevent leaks. Tighten finger tight plus an additional 1/6 turn.



A WARNING

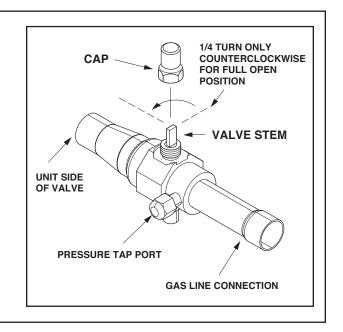
Extreme caution should be exercised when opening the Liquid Line Service Valve. Turn counterclockwise until the valve stem just touches the rolled edge. No torque is required. Failure to follow this warning will result in abrupt release of system charge and may result in personal injury and /or property damage.

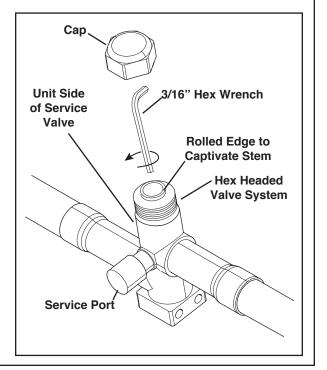
Important: Leak check and evacuation must be completed before opening the service valves.

STEP 1 - Remove service valve cap.

STEP 2 - Fully insert 3/16" hex wrench into the stem and back out counterclockwise until valve stem just touches the rolled edge (approximately five (5) turns.)

STEP 3 - Replace the valve cap to prevent leaks. Tighten finger tight plus an additional 1/6 turn.



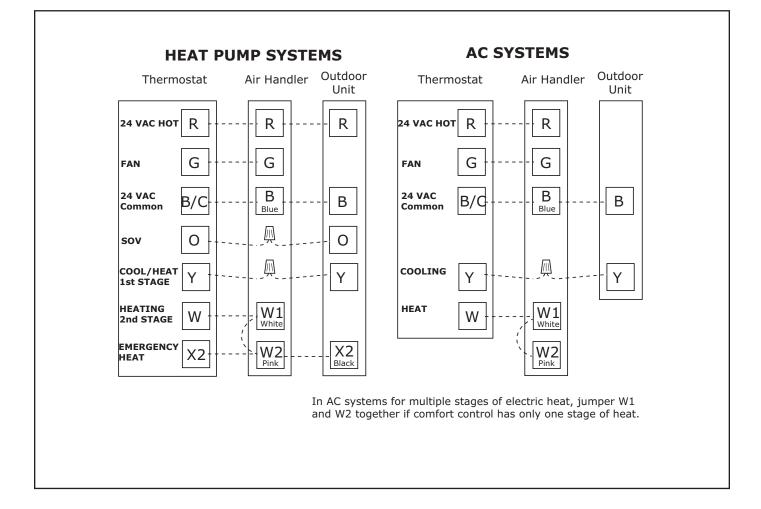


Section 11. Electrical - Low Voltage

11.1 Low Voltage Maximum Wire Length

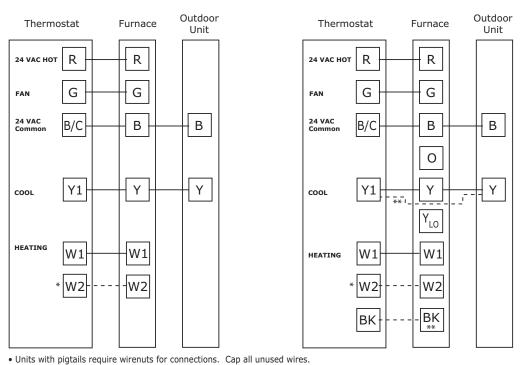
| Table 11.1 defines the maximum total length of | Та | ble 11.1 |
|--|-----------|------------------|
| low voltage wiring from the outdoor unit, to the indoor unit, and to the thermostat. | 24 | VOLTS |
| | WIRE SIZE | MAX. WIRE LENGTH |
| | 18 AWG | 150 Ft. |
| | 16 AWG | 225 Ft. |
| | 14 AWG | 300 Ft. |
| | | 00011 |

11.2 Low Voltage Hook-up Diagrams



With Furnace

With Variable Speed Furnace



• In AC systems for multiple stages of heat, jumper W1 and W2 together if comfort control has only one stage of heat.

* If equipped with second stage heat

** When using a BK enabled comfort control, cut BK jumper and bypass Y and YLo at the furnace. Connect BK from comfort control to BK of the furnace

Section 12. Electrical - High Voltage

12.1 High Voltage Power Supply

A WARNING

LIVE ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS! During installation, testing, servicing, and troubleshooting of this product, it may be necessary to work with live electrical components. Failure to follow all electrical safety precautions when exposed to live electrical components could result in death or serious injury.

The high voltage power supply must agree with the equipment nameplate.

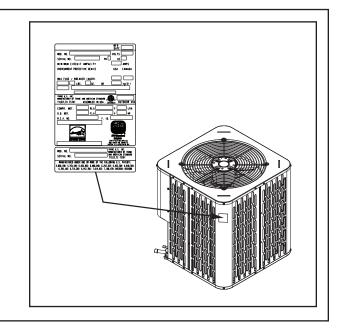
Power wiring must comply with national, state, and local codes.

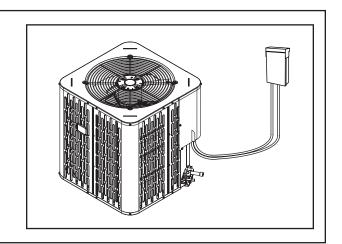
Follow instructions on unit wiring diagram located on the inside of the control box cover and in the Service Facts document included with the unit.

12.2 High Voltage Disconnect Switch

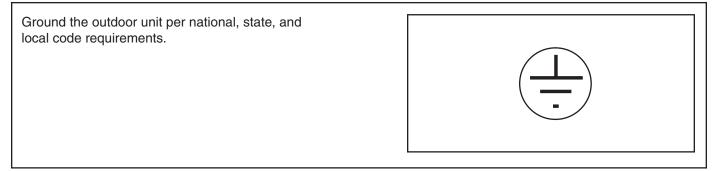
Install a separate disconnect switch at the outdoor unit.

For high voltage connections, flexible electrical conduit is recommended whenever vibration transmission may create a noise problem within the structure.





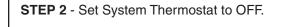
12.3 High Voltage Ground

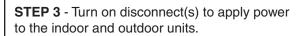


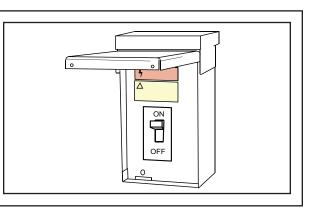
Section 13. Start Up

13.1 System Start Up

STEP 1 - Ensure Sections 7 through 12 have been completed.

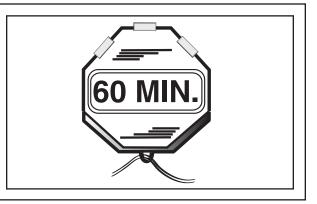


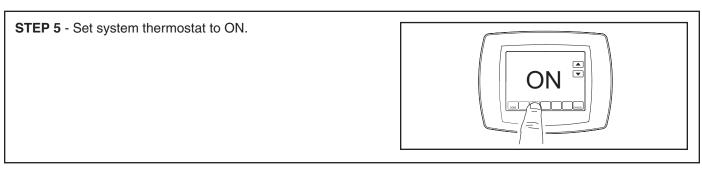




OFF I

STEP 4 - Wait one (1) hour before starting the unit if compressor crankcase heater accessory is used and the Outdoor Ambient is below 70°F.

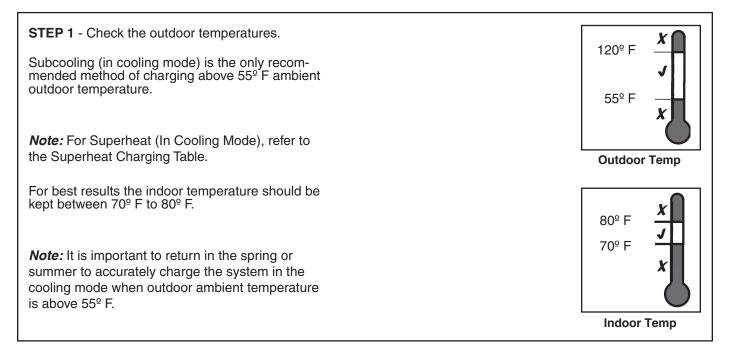




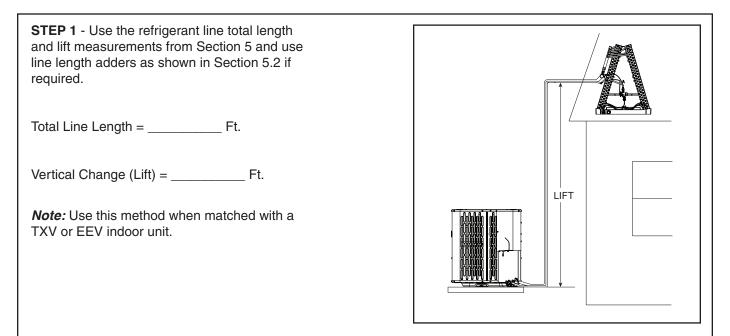
Section 14. System Charge Adjustment (Systems can be rated with TXV, EEV or Piston)

NOTE: For systems using a indoor piston metering device, refer to the Superheat charging method and chart. For systems using a TXV or EEV indoor metering device, refer to Subcool charging method and charts.

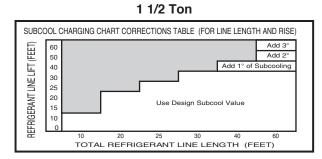
14.1 Temperature Measurements



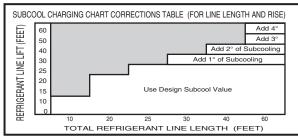
14.2 Subcooling Charging in Cooling (Above 55° F Outdoor Temp.)



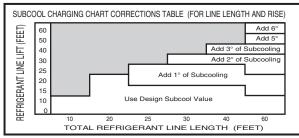
STEP 2 - Determine the final subcooling value using total Line Length and Lift measured in STEP 1 and the charts below.



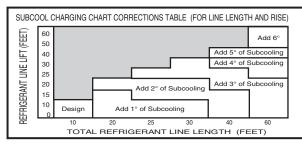
2 1/2 Ton



3 1/2 Ton

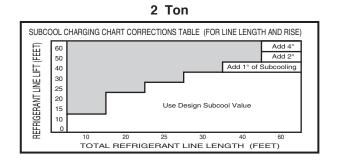


5 Ton

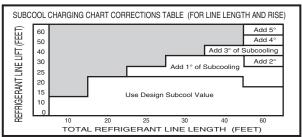


STEP 3 - Stabilize the system by operating for a minimum of 20 minutes.

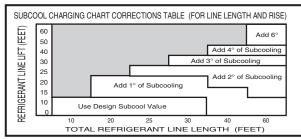
At startup, or whenever charge is removed or added, the system must be operated for a minimum of 20 minutes to stabilize before accurate measurements can be made.



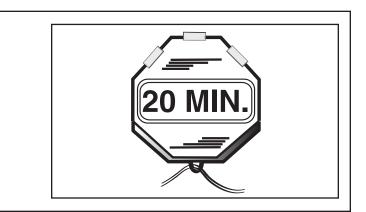




4 Ton



| Design Subcooling Value =(from nameplate or Service Facts) | ⁰ F |
|--|------|
| Subcooling Correction = | _º F |
| Final Subcooling Value = | _⁰ F |

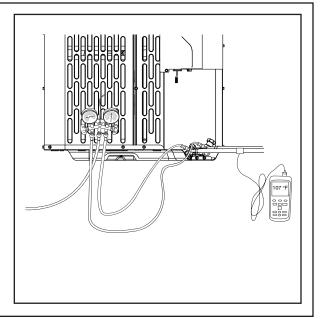


STEP 4 - Measure the liquid line temperature and pressure at the outdoor unit's service valve.

Measured Liquid Line Temp = _____ $^{\circ}$ F

Liquid Gage Pressure = _____ PSI

Final Subcooling Value = _____ ^o F



| STEP 5 - Use the final subcooling value, refriger- ant temperature and pressure from STEP 4, to | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| determine the proper liquid gage pressure using | R-410A REFRIGERANT CHARGING CHART | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Table 14.2. | LIQUID FINAL SUBCOOLING (°F) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | TEMP 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (°F) LIQUID GAGE PRESSURE (PSI) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Example: Assume a 12º F Final Subcooling | 55 179 182 185 188 191 195 198 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| value and liquid temp of 90° F. | 60 195 198 201 204 208 211 215 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 65 211 215 218 222 225 229 232 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 70 229 232 236 240 243 247 251 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Locate 12º F Final Subcooling in Table 14.2. | 75 247 251 255 259 263 267 271 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Locate the Liquid Temperarature (90° F) in | 80 267 271 275 279 283 287 291 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| the left column. | <u>85</u> 287 291 296 300 <u>304</u> 309 313 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. The Liquid Gage Pressure should be ap- | 90 309 313 318 322 327 331 336 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| proximately 327 PSI. (This is the shown as | <u>95 331 336 241 346 351 355 360</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| the intersection of the Final Subcooling column | 100 355 360 365 370 376 381 386 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and the Liquid Temperature row. | <u>195</u> 381 386 391 396 402 407 413 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 110 407 413 418 424 429 435 441 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <u>115</u> 435 441 446 452 458 464 470 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 120 464 470 476 482 488 495 501 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 125 495 501 507 514 520 527 533 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | From Dwg. D154557P01 Rev. 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |

STEP 6 - Adjust refrigerant level to attain proper gage pressure.

Add refrigerant if the Liquid Gage Pressure is lower than the chart value.

- 1. Connect gages to refrigerant bottle and unit as illustrated.
- 2. Purge all hoses.
- 3. Open bottle.
- 4. Stop adding refrigerant when liquid line temperature and Liquid Gage Pressure matches the charging chart Final Subcooling value.

Recover refrigerant if the Liquid Gage Pressure is higher than the chart value.

STEP 7 - Stabilize the system.

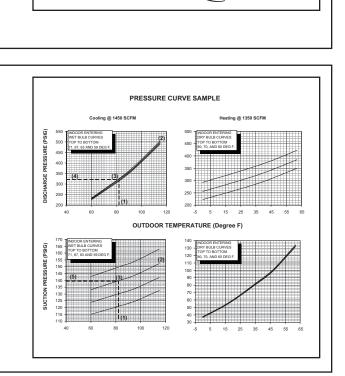
1. Wait 20 minutes for the system condition to stabilize between adjustments.

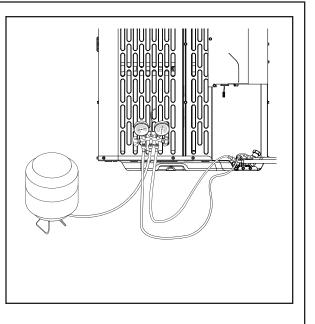
Note: When the Liquid Line Temperature and Gage Pressure approximately match the chart, the system is properly charged.

- 2. Remove gages.
- 3. Replace service port caps to prevent leaks. Tighten finger tight plus an additional 1/6 turn.

STEP 8 - Verify typical performance.

Refer to System Pressure Curves at the end of the document to verify typical performance.





Fixed Orifice Superheat Charging Table

| | Indoor Wet Bulb Temp (F) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------------------|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 |
| | 55 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 17 | 18 | 20 | 21 | 23 | 24 | 26 | 27 | 29 | 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 60 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 13 | 15 | 16 | 18 | 19 | 21 | 22 | 24 | 25 | 27 | 28 | 30 | 31 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 65 | | | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 21 | 22 | 24 | 25 | 27 | 28 | 27 | 31 | | | | | | | | |
| | 70 | | | | | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 21 | 22 | 24 | 25 | 27 | 28 | 30 | 31 | | | | | | |
| Outdoor | 75 | | | | | | | 5 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 19 | 21 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 28 | 29 | 31 | 32 | | | | | |
| Dry | 80 | | | | | | | | | 4 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 19 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 26 | 28 | 29 | 31 | 33 | | |
| Bulb Temp. | 85 | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 21 | 23 | 24 | 26 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 |
| (F) | 90 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 25 | 27 | 28 | 30 | 31 |
| | 95 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 23 | 25 | 26 | 28 | 29 |
| | 100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 13 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 27 | 29 |
| | 105 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 15 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 28 |
| | 110 | | | Ì | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | 7 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 16 | 18 | 21 | 23 | 26 | 28 |
| | 115 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | 9 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 19 | 21 | 24 | 26 |
| Ŭ Ŭ | Use | Using a digital psychrometer, measure the return air wet-bulb temperature at the unit just before the coil. Also measure the outdoor dry-bulb temperature. Use these temperatures to locate the target superheat on the charging table. Do not attempt to charge the system if these conditions fall | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

outside of this charging table. ADD refrigerant to DECREASE total superheat. REMOVE refrigerant to INCREASE total superheat. Always allow 10 to 15 minutes of operature after any refrigerant or air flow change prior to determining the final superheat.

| STED 0 Record System Information for refer | |
|--|---|
| STEP 9 - Record System Information for reference. | |
| Record system pressures and temperatures after charging is complete. | |
| Outdoor model number = | Measured Suction Line Temp = $^{\circ}$ F |
| Measured Outdoor Ambient = ^o F | Liquid Gage Pressure = PSI |
| Measured Indoor Ambient = $^{\circ}$ F | Suction Gage Pressure = PSI |
| Measured Liquid Line Temp = $^{\circ}$ F | |

Section 15. Checkout Procedures

15.1 Operational And Checkout Procedures

Final phases of this installation are the unit Operational and Checkout Procedures. To obtain proper performance, all units must be operated and charge adjustments made.

Important: Perform a final unit inspection to be sure that factory tubing has not shifted during shipment. Adjust tubing if necessary so tubes do not rub against each other when the unit runs. Also be sure that wiring connections are tight and properly secured.

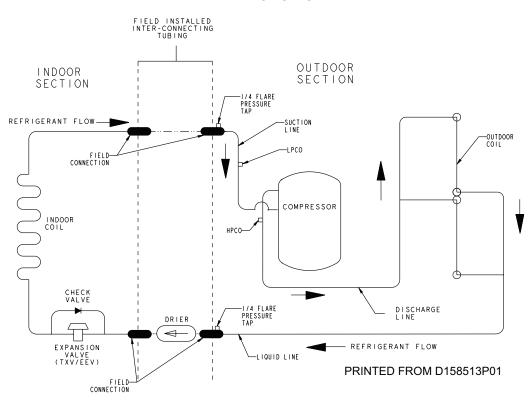
CHECKOUT PROCEDURE

After installation has been completed, it is recommended that the entire system be checked against the following list:

| 1. Leak check refrigerant lines [|] |
|--|---|
| 2. Properly insulate suction lines and fittings [|] |
| 3. Properly secure and isolate all refrigerant lines [|] |
| Seal passages through masonry. If mortar is used, prevent mortar from coming into direct contact with copper tubing |] |
| 5. Verify that all electrical connections are tight [|] |
| Observe outdoor fan during on cycle for clearance and smooth operation |] |

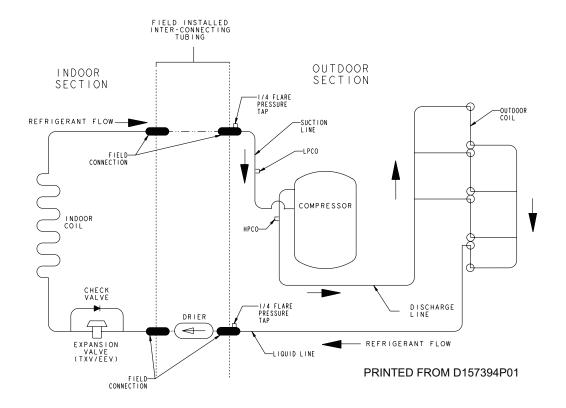
| Be sure that indoor coil drain line drains freely. Pour wate into drain pan[| |
|--|--|
| Be sure that supply registers and return grilles are open and unobstructed[|] |
| Be sure that a return air filter is installed |] |
| Be sure that the correct airflow setting is used. (Indoor blower motor)[|] |
| Operate complete system in each mode to ensure safe operation[|] |
| | into drain pan[Be sure that supply registers and return grilles are open and unobstructed |

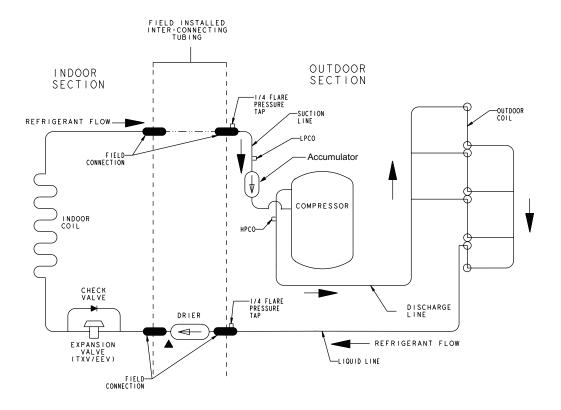
Section 16. Refrigerant Circuits



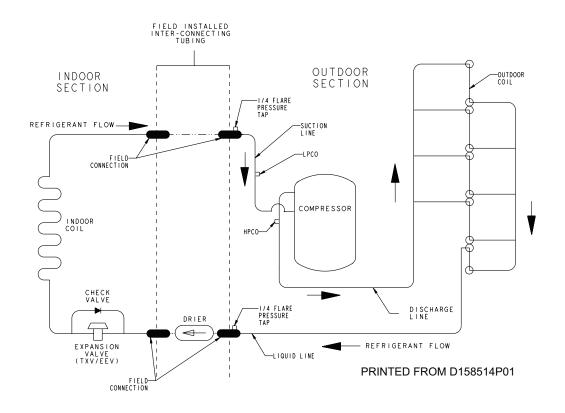
1 1/2-Ton Units

2 & 3-Ton Units

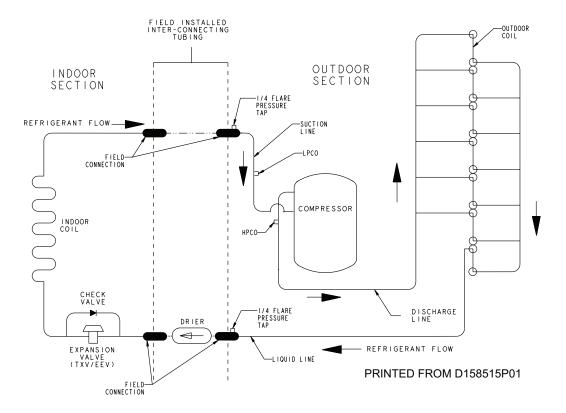


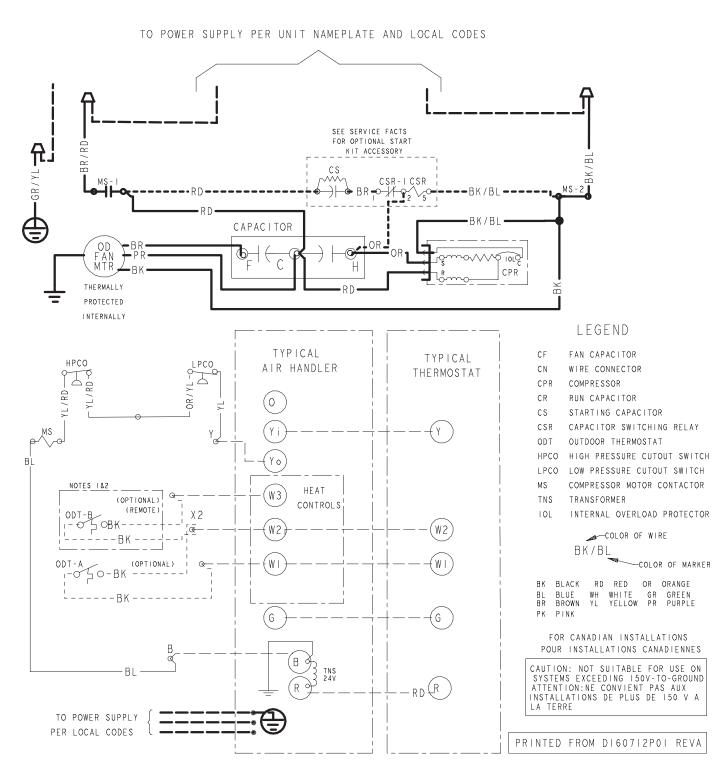






24

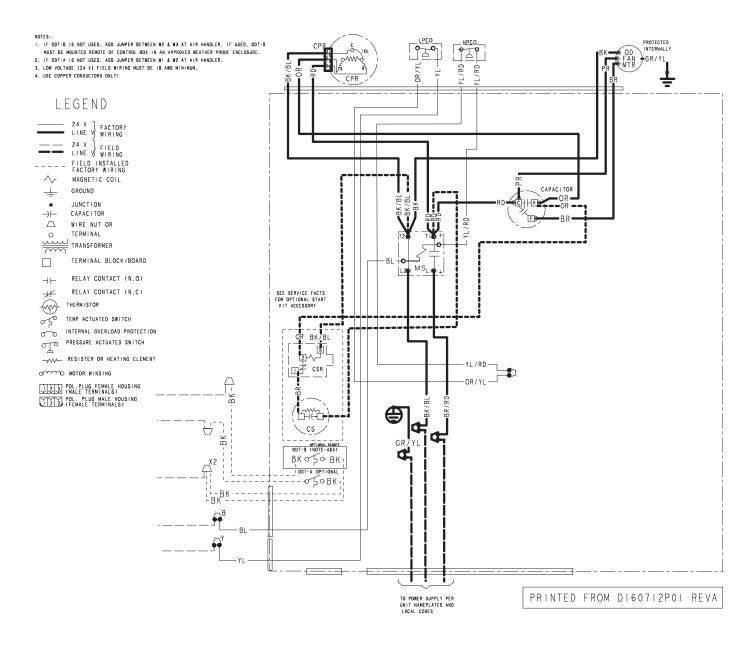




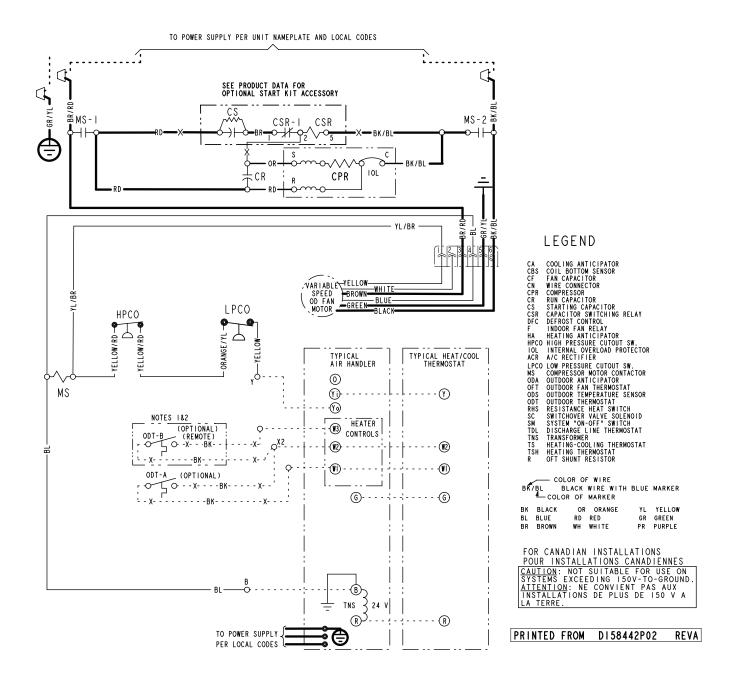
036B - 060B Models 018A - 048A Models

26

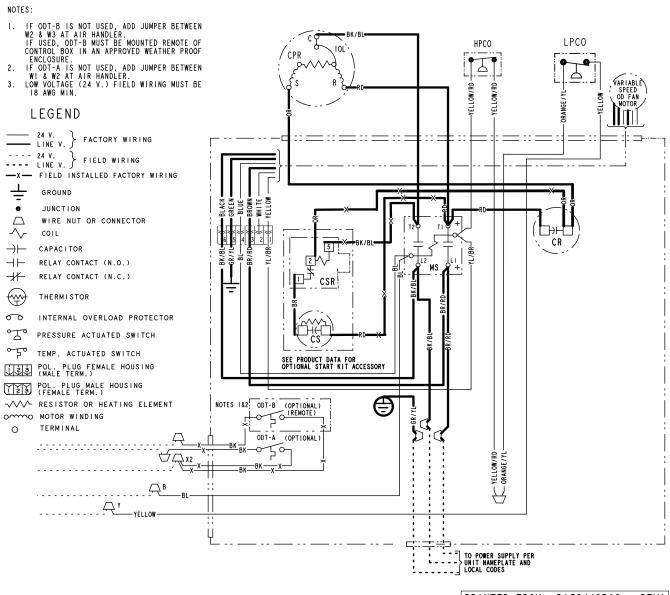
036B - 060B Models 018A - 048A Models



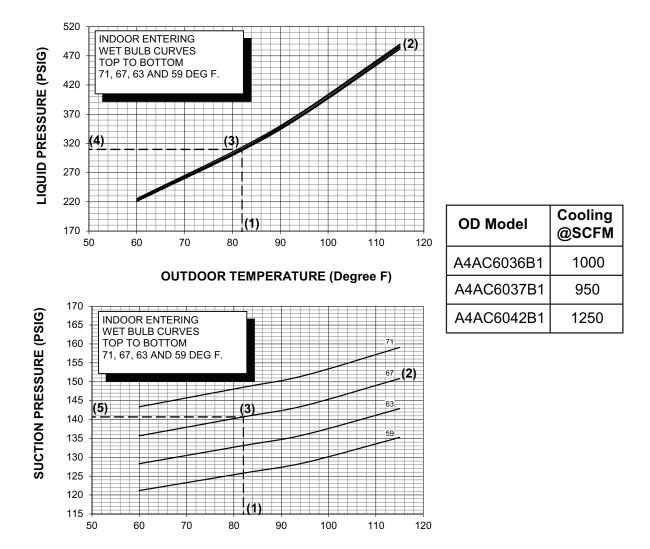
060A Models



060A Models



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OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (Degree F)

COOLING PERFORMANCE CAN BE CHECKED WHEN THE OUTDOOR TEMP IS ABOVE 65 DEG F.

TO CHECK COOLING PERFORMANCE, SELECT THE PROPER INDOOR CFM, ALLOW PRESSURES TO STABILIZE. MEASURE INDOOR WET BULB TEMPERATURE, OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE, LIQUID AND SUCTION PRESSURES. ON THE PLOTS LOCATE OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (1); LOCATE INDOOR WET BULB (2); FIND INTERSECTION OF OD TEMP. & ID W.B. (3); READ LIQUID (4) OR SUCTION (5) PRESSURE IN LEFT COLUMN.

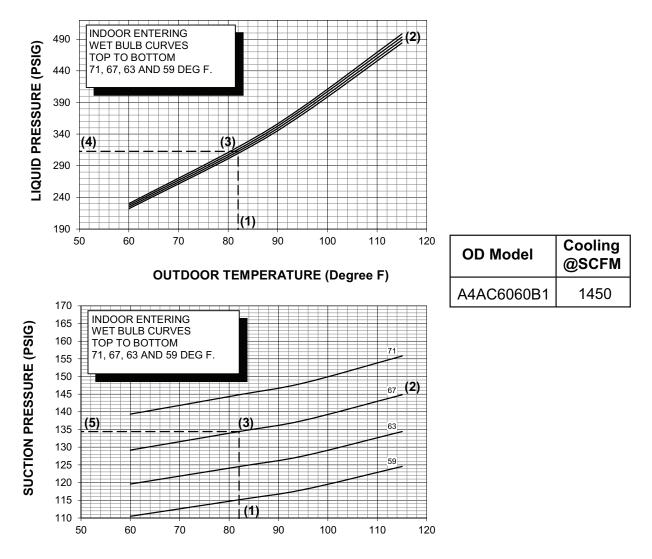
EXAMPLE: (1) OUTDOOR TEMP. 82 F.

(2) INDOOR WET BULB 67 F.

(3) AT INTERSECTION

(4) LIQUID PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 310 PSIG

(5) SUCTION PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 141 PSIG



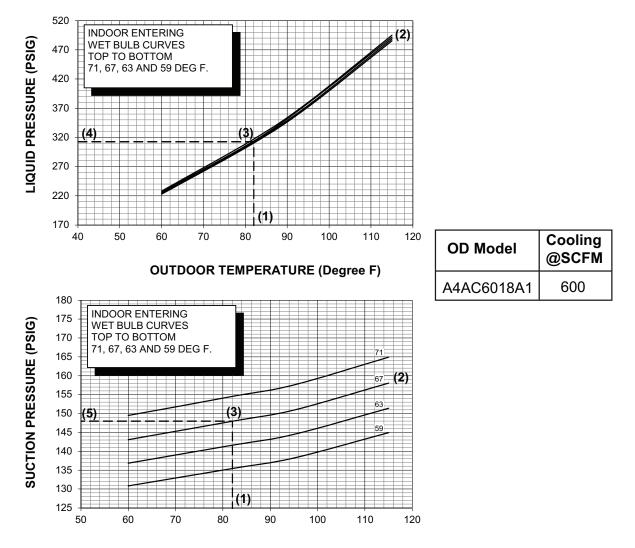
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EXAMPLE: (1) OUTDOOR TEMP. 82 F.

- (2) INDOOR WET BULB 67 F.
- (3) AT INTERSECTION
- (4) LIQUID PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 313 PSIG (5) SUCTION PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 134 PSIG



OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (Degree F)

COOLING PERFORMANCE CAN BE CHECKED WHEN THE OUTDOOR TEMP IS ABOVE 65 DEG F.

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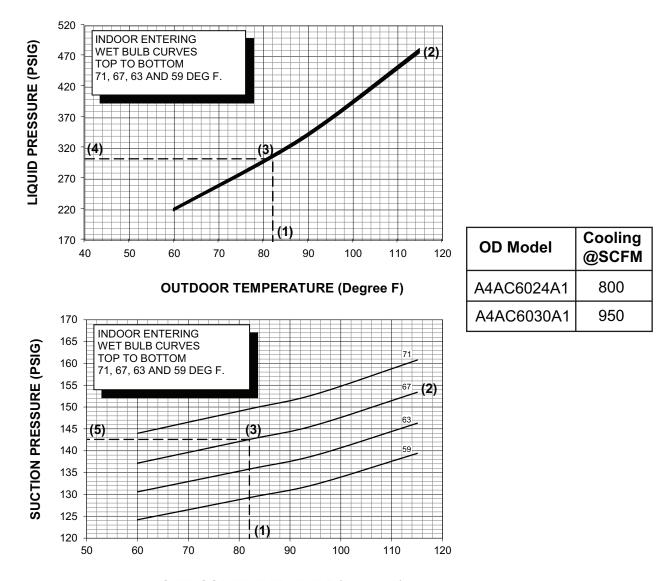
EXAMPLE: (1) OUTDOOR TEMP. 82 F.

(2) INDOOR WET BULB 67 F.

(3) AT INTERSECTION

(4) LIQUID PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 313 PSIG

(5) SUCTION PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 148 PSIG

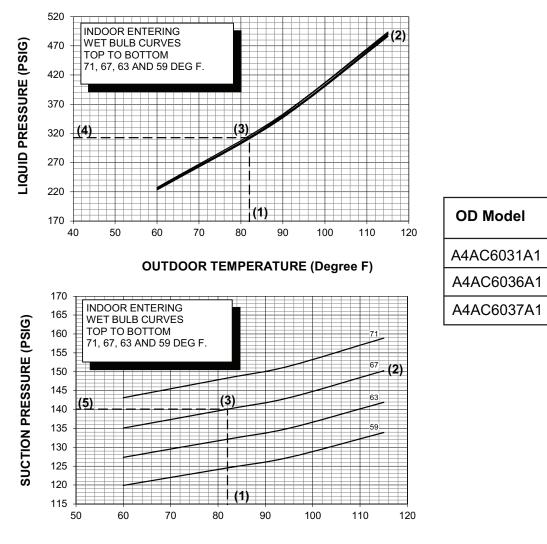


OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (Degree F)

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EXAMPLE: (1) OUTDOOR TEMP. 82 F.

- (2) INDOOR WET BULB 67 F.
- (3) AT INTERSECTION
- (4) LIQUID PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 303 PSIG
- (5) SUCTION PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 143 PSIG



OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (Degree F)

COOLING PERFORMANCE CAN BE CHECKED WHEN THE OUTDOOR TEMP IS ABOVE 65 DEG F.

TO CHECK COOLING PERFORMANCE, SELECT THE PROPER INDOOR CFM, ALLOW PRESSURES TO STABILIZE. MEASURE INDOOR WET BULB TEMPERATURE, OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE, LIQUID AND SUCTION PRESSURES. ON THE PLOTS LOCATE OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (1); LOCATE INDOOR WET BULB (2); FIND INTERSECTION OF OD TEMP. & ID W.B. (3); READ LIQUID (4) OR SUCTION (5) PRESSURE IN LEFT COLUMN.

EXAMPLE: (1) OUTDOOR TEMP. 82 F.

(2) INDOOR WET BULB 67 F.

(3) AT INTERSECTION

(4) LIQUID PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 313 PSIG

(5) SUCTION PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 140 PSIG

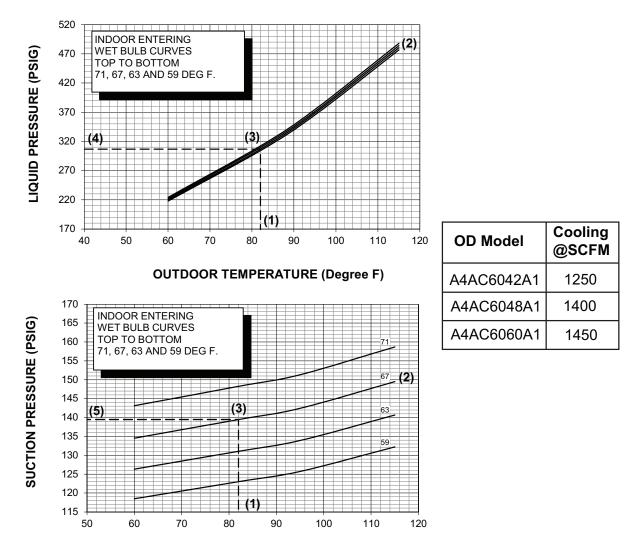
ACTUAL: LIQUID PRESSURE SHOULD BE +/- 10 PSI OF CHART SUCTION PRESSURE SHOULD BE +/- 3 PSIG OF CHART Cooling

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950

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950



OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (Degree F)

COOLING PERFORMANCE CAN BE CHECKED WHEN THE OUTDOOR TEMP IS ABOVE 65 DEG F.

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EXAMPLE: (1) OUTDOOR TEMP. 82 F.

(2) INDOOR WET BULB 67 F.
(3) AT INTERSECTION
(4) LIQUID PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 307 PSIG
(5) SUCTION PRESSURE @ 600 CFM IS 139 PSIG

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