

Product Catalog

Water Source Heat Pump Axiom™ High Efficiency Vertical Stack – GET

0.75 to 3 Tons - 60 Hz







Introduction

Water-Source Vertical High-Rise

The 0.75 ton through 3 ton vertical high-rise water-source heat pump is a floor mounted, furred-in unit, designed to be hidden from view behind drywall to blend with the natural decor of a room. In multi-story buildings, the units may be stacked one on top of the other to minimize piping and electrical costs. Supply, return and condensate riser piping may be factory mounted to simplify job site installation of the equipment.

The high-rise configuration is often used in hotels, dorms and assisted living facilities where a single unit could provide comfort to a single or multiple room dwelling. Since the units are mounted directly in the space, ductwork is optional.

All water-source heat pumps are commissioned, tested and quality certified prior to leaving the factory. This assures global quality standards from controls, water, refrigeration, and aesthetics to the building owner and installing contractor.

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Revision History

- Updated electrical data.
- · Updated the refrigerant system pressure.
- · Updated logo in the back cover.

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Features and Benefits

Key Features

- Removable/replaceable chassis
- Ducted and free discharge cabinet selections available
- · Factory mounted flow control with strainer and isolation valve option
- · Plug-in chassis and plug-in thermostat design
- Factory supplied riser options
- · Maintenance accessibility for coil fin cleaning
- · Extra quiet design includes enhanced and deluxe sound proofing choice
- · Through the front high and low pressure service ports accessible
- Hinged return air door with a magnetic catch, hex key or key lock option. Tamper resistant hinged acoustical door option.
- Unit mounted on/off switch and fuse option
- · Lower height cabinet for ducted applications
- · Auxiliary drain pan
- · Corrosion resistant chassis drain pan
- · Intelligent controls

Figure 1. Auxiliary drain pan



Unit Description

The vertical high-rise water-source heat pump is a floor mounted configuration available in a 0.75 ton, 1 ton, 1.25 ton, 1.5 ton, 2 ton and 3 ton sizes.

The unit cabinet may be ordered for early shipment to aid in early installation of drywall, plumbing and electrical. The cabinet design is available in an 88 or 94-inch height (free discharge) or an 80 or 86-inch height (ducted) configuration. As many as 3 supply-air discharges are available for the 1.25 ton to 3 ton, free discharge cabinets to provide multiple supply-air through one unit.

Air distribution is made through a rigid bar type extruded aluminum grille mounted to the sheetrock. It is both durable and attractive in design.

The return-air panel is a hinged acoustical door. The door allows for easy access to the unit's filter and for maintenance of the equipment.

Features and Benefits

Figure 2. Return-air flush mounted hinged door



The hinged acoustical panel provides greater sound attenuation, and is mounted flush to the wall. This panel is easily removed for filter maintenance or chassis removal through the magnetic catch door. An optional hex key or key lock latch are available on the hinged door design to impede access if required.

Blower/Motor Assembly

The blower/motor assembly of the unit includes double width, double inlet (DWDI) blower with direct drive PSC motor or optional ECM for improved efficiency and power factor. It may be easily removed for cleaning or service after removal of the unit chassis. The PSC motor is a multi-speed design, factory wired to high speed or low speed (order specific). The tap is wired and capped inside the unit control box for easy field convertibility. The ECM is programmed to provide four constant CFM profiles and is shipped on Profile B – the rated CFM of the unit. To change the PSC speed tap or the ECM CFM profile, see installation manual for instructions.

Controls

Standard controls include a 24 V, micro-processor deluxe controller for a wall-mounted thermostat option. The thermostat is typically placed above the return-air door. Even though the thermostat is considered to be unit mounted, the thermostat is mounted to the dry-wall that covers the front of the unit.

Thermostat selections are provided in the Thermostat and Zone Sensor Section section of the catalog. They are available in manual or automatic changeover options.

The deluxe controller includes relays for: anti-short cycle compressor protection, random start delay, brown-out protection low pressure time delay, compressor delay on start and night setback control. These extended control features offer greater system performance to extend the life of the equipment.

The Symbio™ 400-B controller (options) are provided on the vertical stack design for direct digital control (DDC) systems. This controller offers the building owner innovative ways to optimize heating and cooling energy for the building. Faults and sensors include: random start delay, heating/cooling status, occupied/unoccupied mode, and filter status.

The Symbio 400-B controller may also be applied with the Tracer® SC or other BAS system to complete a building management system.

Non-fused switch and fused entrance block may be factory added to the equipment to save installation time of these components in the field where local building codes allow.

Trane® Air-Fi® Wireless Systems

Trane Air-Fi wireless systems provides significant advantages to better meet customer by providing a lower initial cost; ease of installation for reduced risk; increased reliability and flexibility for easier problem solving; and fewer maintenance issues for worry-free operation and cost savings over the life of the system. Trane Air-Fi wireless systems helps save time and money, with industry-leading technology and performance.

Deluxe 24 V Electronic Controls

General alarm is accomplished through the lockout relay and is used to drive light emitting diodes. This feature will drive dry contacts only, and may not be used to drive field installed control inputs.

Factory Installed Flow Control

Optional factory mounting of the isolation valve and flow control valves is available to speed field equipment installation, and help provide optimum water flow balancing support.

Refrigeration Section

The compressor is a highly efficient, hermetically sealed with internal vibration isolation. External isolation is provided between the compressor and mounting plate to help reduce radiated noise that is typically associated with compressor start.

The air-to-refrigerant coil is easily accessible for cleaning purposes behind the units removable returnair door/panel.

The water-to-refrigerant coil is a copper or cupro-nickel (option) co-axial tube-within-a-tube design. The inner-water tube is deeply fluted to enhance heat transfer and minimize fouling and scaling. The outer refrigerant gas tube is made from steel material. The coil is leak tested to assure there is no cross leakage between the water tube and the refrigerant gas (steel tube) coil. The 1/2-inch (009/012/015/018) and 3/4-inch (024/036) threaded water connections to the water-coil are available on the exterior chassis top. A flexible hose connection with shut-off is typically used between the riser and water-coil in/out connections on the chassis to reduce water vibration.

The refrigerant flow metering is made through a thermal expansion valve (TXV). The TXV allows the unit to operate with an entering fluid temperature from 25°F to 120°F, and an entering air temperature from 55°F to 85°F. The valve precisely meters refrigerant flow through the circuitry to achieve desired heating or cooling.

Unlike cap-tube assemblies, the TXV allows the exact amount of refrigerant required to meet the coil load demands. This precise metering increases the over-all efficiency of the unit.

The units reversing valve is piped to be energized in the cooling mode. All vertical high-rise units ship in a heat pump configuration with a system reversing valve.

Supply/Return/Condensate Risers

Supply, return, and condensate risers are available as a factory mounted and shipped option. The risers are constructed from type L or M copper. The top of each riser is swaged to accept the same size diameter riser from above. This helps facilitate installation of the water supply, return and condensate to and from the unit. Insulation may be factory installed or field installed per order selection. The insulation helps keep moisture from forming on the pipes and damaging building construction. The riser length may be ordered as standard in 96-inch to 120-inch lengths. See "Equipment Risers," p. 10 for riser application information.

Unit Safety

All unit safety devices are provided to help prevent compressor damage. Low pressure switch and high pressure switch are added to help protect the compressor operation under a low charge (40 psig) or during high discharge (600 psig) pressures. In cases where a low charge, or excessive loss of charge occurs, each compressor comes equipped with an overload device to halt the compressor operation.

A safety lockout provides the mechanical communication of the low and high pressure switches to prevent compressor operation if the unit is under low or high refrigerant pressures, or during a condensate overflow condition. The lockout relay may be reset at the thermostat, by cycling power to the unit.



Application Considerations

Advantages of Geothermal

The advantages of a geothermal heat pump system can literally decrease heating and cooling operating costs by 30 percent to 40 percent. The units are durable, and typically last longer than conventional systems. They are protected from harsh outdoor weather conditions, because the unit is installed indoors and the loop underground. According to ASHRAE, the estimated service life for a commercial water-to-air heat pump is 19 years.

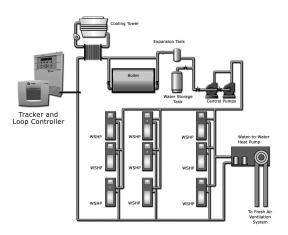
Geothermal heat pumps have fewer mechanical components, making them more reliable and less prone to failure.

Geothermal heat pumps work toward the preservation of the environment by reducing the environmental impacts of electric power generation.

Flexibility

The vertical, high-rise water-source heat pump system is versatile for installation in boiler/cooling tower applications, as well as ground-source (geothermal) applications. The system typically employs a central pumping design. The central pumping design involves a single pump design, usually located within a basement or mechanical room to fulfill pumping requirements for the entire building system. An auxiliary pump is typically applied to lessen the likelihood of system downtime if the main pump malfunctions.

Furring-In the Unit



The vertical high-rise water-source heat pump is designed to be a furred-in application. Drywall (sheetrock) is attached to furring studs (not unit cabinet) until the entire cabinet, except the front access panel, is enclosed. Access to the unit is made entirely through the front panel which spans approximately one-half of the unit height. The dry-wall enclosure allows the unit to blend in with the decor of the room. If renovations are needed, the drywall portion of the unit can simply be re-papered or repainted with the remainder of the room. With careful design, the high-rise WSHP can be incorporated into a room design, while occupying minimum floor space.

Installation Tips

When installing a high-rise water-source heat pump, there are specific installation requirements that should be taken into consideration. These include:

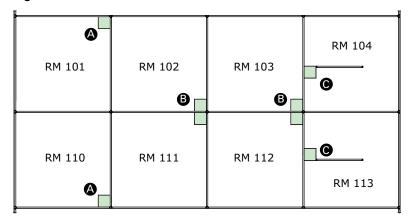
- · Noise control
- Riser location
- · Furring-in the unit

Sound Attenuation

The high-rise heat pump is better suited for acoustically sensitive water-source heat pump applications than other water-source products. Compressor and water noise are attenuated by the filter panel, sheet rock and the acoustically lined door. Air noise is silenced through the extended and insulated duct portion at the top of the vertical cabinet.

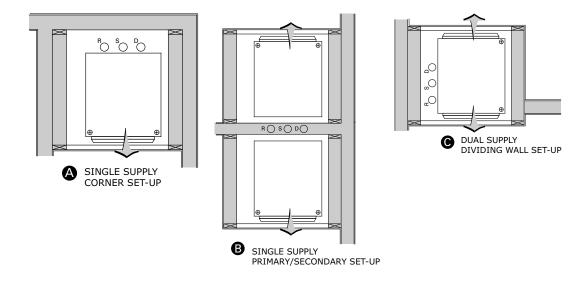


Figure 3. Installation illustration



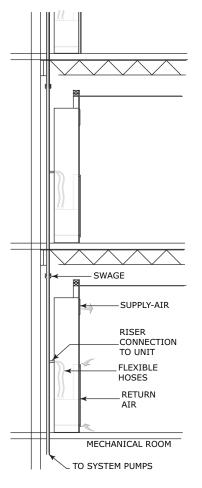
Equipment Installation

The vertical high-rise unit is versatile in design to fit numerous applications. It is typically applied to dorm rooms, hotels and motels where multiple supply air configurations may be required for individual tenant heating and cooling. The equipment requires little space, and is tucked away from sight, and rough handling. The vertical stack design is economical to install, requiring no ductwork for air supply. The riser design may be stacked one on top of another for multi-story applications, or shared between two units (see example B) when architectural design permits. Because the chassis is removable, serviceability to the equipment is enhanced. If service does become a requirement, the chassis is simple to remove from the cabinet, replaced with a back-up chassis, then repaired off-site at a convenient time.





Equipment Risers



The riser provides an easy way to facilitate the water flow through a multi-story building and the high-rise heat pump. The high-rise heat pump is best applied to a building with identical zones on each floor, and zones that are typically small. An example building might include a hotel, dorm, condominium or assisted living facility. With these types of buildings, the riser column (external to the unit cabinet) can be stacked one on top of the other. The piping installation for the entire HVAC system becomes very simple to install because it is pre-measured, and pre-fabricated at the factory.

Factory risers are available as Type K (design special), L (standard design), and M (standard design). The differences between these types of materials is the wall thickness of the copper. The following table shows the wall thickness for the most common diameters of risers. It is recommended for most jobs to use type L or M copper. Type K risers are generally not necessary for most highrise heat pump applications.

The riser design contains threaded stubouts to facilitate connection of the supply and return risers to the hose kits. The hose kits are then connected to the water-in/out of the units chassis.

Note: Supply/return/drain risers that are ordered and supplied through the factory may be ordered as insulated.

Drain risers are generally made of type M copper. If copper drain risers are used, the risers should be insulated since the typical temperatures of condensate may cause the riser to sweat.

Table 1. Riser characteristics

Riser Size (inches)	I.D. (inches)	O.D. (inches)	Copper Wall Thickness (inches)							
Type K (special design)										
1	0.995	1.125	0.065							
1 1/4	1.245	1.375	0.065							
1 1/2	1.481	1.625	0.072							
2	1.959	2.125	0.083							
2 1/2	2.435	2.625	0.095							
3	2.907	3.125	0.109							
	Type L (s	tandard)								
1	1.025	1.125	0.050							
1 1/4	1.265	1.375	0.055							
1 1/2	1.505	1.625	0.060							
2	1.985	2.125	0.070							
2 1/2	2.465	2.625	0.080							
3	2.945	3.125	0.090							



Table 1. Riser characteristics (continued)

Riser Size (inches)	I.D. (inches)	O.D. (inches)	Copper Wall Thickness (inches)							
Type M (standard)										
1	1.055	1.125	0.035							
1 1/4	1.291	1.375	0.042							
1 1/2	1.527	1.625	0.049							
2	2.009	2.125	0.058							
2 1/2	2.495	2.625	0.065							
3	2.981	3.125	0.072							

Note: Pressure ratings for risers are typically greater than the maximum pressure rating of the coaxial water-to-refrigerant heat exchangers. This is true with exception of Type M copper in a 3-inch diameter. The maximum pressure rating for Type M, 3-inch diameter copper is 380 psig. All other diameters for Type M copper, and all 1-inch through 3-inch Type L copper are greater than the 400 psig rating on the coaxial water-to-refrigerant heat exchanger.

Riser Sizing

The proper selection of riser diameter is critical when designing a cost effective job. If the riser diameter is too small, the flow of water to the heat pump may be restricted, making the pumping power requirement excessive. On the other hand, if the riser diameter is too large, the cost of the equipment may become unnecessarily high.

To determine the riser size, calculate the flow at a particular riser. Riser columns will begin with large diameters at the bottom of the column and decrease diameter as the water travels up toward the top floor. The GPM at the first floor is determined by totaling the GPM of all the units on the riser column. The GPM for the second floor is then determined by taking the total GPM and subtracting the flow from the first floor.

The proper size of the riser is determined by calculating the velocity of the water in the riser. The maximum water velocity that a riser should experience is about 6 or 7 feet/second. The maximum riser flow rate table can be used as a quick reference chart for determining the maximum GPM allowed for a given riser size. Riser flow diagram can be found in the 2009 ASHRAE Fundamentals Handbook and may be used to calculate the precise water velocity for a given riser diameter and flow.

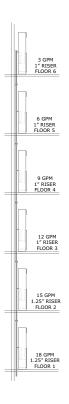
Table 2. Maximum riser flow rate

Riser Size (inches)	Max. GPM	Water Velocity (ft./sec.)	Head Loss (ft.100 ft.)	
1	16	6.2	15.60	
1 1/4	24	6.1	11.80	
1 1/2	34	6.1	9.38	
2	58	6.0	6.60	
2 1/2	90	6.0	5.10	
3	130	6.1	4.20	

Note: This table is for general design calculation reference. It is not intended to take the place of an engineered piping design.

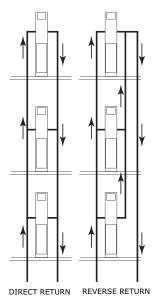
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Riser Size Example



Assume a six story building is served by a high-rise water-source heat pump. When referencing the catalog, determine each high-rise heat pump uses 3 gallons per minute to meet the required capacity of the 1 ton unit. What is the minimum riser diameter that can be used on each floor? With this arrangement, determine the volume of water used at each floor is 3 gpm. The top floor riser therefore only needs to be sized for 3 gpm. Referring to the maximum riser flow rate table, a 1 inch type M riser can handle up to 16 gpm, therefore the riser size is determined to be 1-inch. The first floor will see 18 gpm through the riser. Since 18 gpm will result in more than 6 ft./second in a 1-inch riser, it would be advisable to move to a 1.25-inch riser.

Piping Layout of the Riser



Two methods may be used when piping a riser column. These include direct return or reverse return.

Advantages may be seen in both types of piping methods. For a direct return installation, the riser system is straightforward leaving little confusion about properly sized risers. This provides a more cost effective advantage during the installation process.

The disadvantages of this system is the pressure drop. The total pressure drop on the unit for the sixth floor is much greater than the total pressure drop on the unit for the first floor. This means that the riser column will require balancing from floor-to-floor during installation. Piping advantages for the reverse return system include the ability to design the riser column so that the total system pressure drop through each unit is equalized. The overall pressure drop is also lower, allowing some energy savings potential. This piping method however does not eliminate the need for proper balancing at each unit.

The disadvantage of this system relates to cost and complexity. The reverse return method typically costs more because of the additional pipe required for each riser column.

Central Plant Control

Proper central plant control is critical to the operation of a water-source heat pump system. Loss of water flow or loop temperatures outside of the recommended range will severely impact the operation of the equipment. The following should be followed as minimum operational recommendation for the central plant:



- Heat rejector control (i.e. closed circuit cooling tower, or geothermal loop)
- Heat adder (i.e. boiler or geothermal loop)
- Circulating pumps
- · Sensing elements

Heat Rejection through a Closed Circuit Cooling Tower

Cooling towers serve to reject heat from the condenser water loop to the atmosphere. Two types of cooling towers are used with water-source heat pump systems: open or closed-circuit. The towers themselves are different, but when an open tower is used in conjunction with a water-to-water heat exchanger, the control of the two tower types is essentially the same.

Control for the closed-circuit cooling towers may be made with a controller.

When the loop supply temperature is 4°F below the loop supply high setpoint, the first stage of cooling is initiated by opening the closure dampers on the cooling tower.

At 2° F below the setpoint the next stage of cooling is initiated which is the starting of the towers circulating pump. If the amount of heat rejected by the first two stages is not enough, the loop temperature will continue to rise. When the temperature reaches the loop supply high setpoint, the next stage of cooling is initiated. This is the first stage of cooling tower fans.

The differential between the stages now become 3°F and the temperature must remain above the differential for three minutes. Up to three individual fan stages may be sequenced or the second stage of fan can be the high speed of a multi-speed motor.

Boiler Operation

The controller will operate a boiler and the mixing valve respectively. Boiler control is traditionally controlled by a separate boiler controller, provided by the boiler manufacturer. The boiler mixing valve will control the mixture of the boiler water into the main loop to achieve the desired loop supply water.

When the loop temperature falls below the low loop-supply setpoint, the controller enables the boiler. The ideal arrangement is for the boiler to have its own bypass loop so the boiler pump can circulate water through the heat exchanger. The boiler will maintain the temperature of the water to the desired setting in the packaged boiler control.

The three-way mixing valve is controlled by the controller to add heat to the main loop by mixing in water from the boiler loop. A proportional-integral-derivative algorithm controls the valve. The boiler is not disabled until the main loop temperature is 5°F greater than the low loop supply setpoint for more than 5 minutes.

The controller will also monitor the boiler loop temperature and provide an alarm if the temperature is below the boiler loop low limit after 30 minutes of run time. The controller will provide an alarm if the boiler loop temperature exceeds the boiler loop high limit after 30 minutes continually.

Facilities Management

Water-source heat pump systems are naturally decentralized; thus they inherently provide individual zone control. Typical installations use mechanical thermostats to provide localized control. Central plant control is typically handled by a control panel located in the main mechanical room. Minimal coordination is usually required between the central plant and the individual water-source heat pumps for successful operation of the system. A direct digital control system is recommended to help support coordination efforts between the central plant and the individual water-source heat pumps. This enhanced coordination can result in reductions in operating cost of the entire system. The following items are typical of the additional coordination: night setback and setup, after hour usage for tracking and billing, pump cycling for occupied/unoccupied control, zone scheduling, maintenance reporting for monitoring unit fault conditions, trend logging of the system water temperatures, monitoring of system levels for items such as water flow, temperature, faults, heat rejector status, heat adder status and circulating pump status.

A2L Application Considerations

This product is listed to UL standard 60335-2-40, Household and Similar Electrical Appliances – Safety – Part 2-40: Particular Requirements for Electrical Heat Pumps, Air-Conditioners and Dehumidifiers, which defines safe design and use strategies for equipment using A2L refrigerants. This standard limits the refrigerant concentration in a space in the event of a refrigerant leak. To meet the requirements, the UL standard defines minimum room area, refrigerant charge limit, minimum circulation airflow and/or ventilation airflow requirements, and limits the use of ignition sources in spaces. The standard may require a unit refrigerant leak detection system.

For equipment with R-454B and charge amounts less than or equal to 3.91 lbs per circuit, this UL standard does not prescribe a room area limit and does not require a refrigerant leak detection system or any circulation airflow or ventilation airflow mitigation strategies. However, ignition sources in ductwork must be evaluated.

Depending on the application, a specific requirement of ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 15, Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems, could be more stringent than UL 60335-2-40 requirements. See *Refrigeration Systems and Machinery Rooms Application Considerations for Compliance with ASHRAE® Standard 15-2022 Application Engineering Manual* (APP-APM001*-EN) for more information.

Minimum Room Area Limits (Refrigerant charge greater than 3.91 lb per circuit)

Equipment with R-454B charge amounts greater than 3.91 lb per circuit may require additional circulation or ventilation airflow mitigation strategies. In this case, two minimum room area (A_{min}) thresholds:

- The first threshold defines when equipment serving a single room is required to provide circulation airflow, either continuous or activated by a leak detection system. A ducted system requires circulation airflow unless the smallest room it serves is larger than the adjusted A_{min} threshold. This product contains a leak detection system if a circuit charge is greater than 3.91 lbs. As a result, no further leak detection system evaluation is required.
- The second threshold defines when additional ventilation airflow is required. If the room area, A or TA, is below the adjusted A_{min} or TA_{min} threshold, additional ventilation is required to remove refrigerant in the event of a leak. Refer to UL 60335-2-40 Clause GG.8 and ANSI\ASHRAE Standard 15 Section 7 for natural and mechanical ventilation requirements. For minimum room area, see equipment nameplate or unit Installation, Operation, and Maintenance (IOM) manual.

Minimum Room Area (A_{min}) Adjustments

 Altitude: The A_{min} threshold changes with altitude. Multiple the altitude adjustment factor in the following table by Amin shown on the unit nameplate or in the Installation, Operation, and Maintenance (IOM) manual.

Table 3. Altitude adjustment factor

Altitude (ft)	Sea Level to 2000	2001 to 4000	4001 to 6000	6001 to 8000	8001 to 10000	10001 to 12000	12001 to 14000	14001 to 15000	Over 15000
A _{min} Adjustment	1	1.05	1.11	1.17	1.24	1.32	1.41	1.51	1.57

- Height: A_{min} can be adjusted if the unit is installed in a room at a height higher than the minimum height shown on the unit. Multiply A_{min} by the ratio of the unit minimum release height (in meters) / actual release height (in meters).
- Institutional Occupancies: For institutional occupancies, ASHRAE Standard 15 applies an
 additional adjustment factor, FOCC, to the amount of charge allowed in a space. To calculate the
 adjusted A_{min} for institutional occupancies, divide the A_{min} on the nameplate by 0.5.

Determining Room Area (A or TA)

The room area (A) is the room area enclosed by the projection to the floor of the walls, partitions, and doors of the space that the equipment serves. For ducted systems, total room area (TA) of all rooms connected by ducts, may be used instead of A.



Application Considerations

Rooms connected by drop ceilings only are not considered a single room.

Rooms on the same floor of the building, and connected by an open passageway, can be considered part of the same room if the passageway is a permanent opening, extends to the floor and is intended for people to walk through.

Adjacent rooms on the same floor of the building and connected by permanent openings in the walls and/or doors between rooms (including gaps between the wall and the floor), can be considered part of the same room if the openings meet the following criteria.

- · The opening is permanent and cannot be closed.
- Openings extending to the floor, such as door gaps, need to be at least 20 mm above the floor covering surface.
- Natural ventilations opening areas must meet the requirements of ANSI\ASHRAE Standard 15-2022, Section 7.2.3.2.

Rooms that are connected by a mechanical ventilation system can be considered a single room area if the mechanical ventilation system meets the requirements of ANSI\ASHRAE Standard 15-2022, Section 7.6.4.



Selection Procedures

Model Number

Two model number designators have been defined for the cabinet configuration, and the chassis configuration. Both model numbers require input for the order to be complete and built to specification.

Typically the vertical stack equipment ships in two sections.

- The cabinet and riser section ship first to allow the contractor to furr-in the equipment during sheetrock installation
- The chassis (refrigeration/water) section ship approximately two to four weeks later eliminating storage requirements of the chassis and possible damage at the job site while waiting for installation.

For this reason, there are two model number designators specific to the unit chassis, and the cabinet for the equipment.



Model Number Description

Vertical High-Rise Cabinet WSHP

Digits 1, 2, 3 — Unit Configuration

GET = High Efficiency Vertical High Rise Heat Pump

Digit 4 — Development Sequence

K = R-454B

Digits 5, 6, 7 - Nominal Size (Tons)

009 = 0.75 Tons

012 = 1 Tons

015 = 1.25 Tons

018 = 1.5 Tons

024 = 2 Tons

036 = 3 Tons

Digit 8 — Voltage (Volts/Hz/Phase)

1 = 208/60/

2 = 230/60/1

7 = 265/60/1

Digit 9 - Heat Exchanger

1 = Copper-Water Coil

2 = Cupro-Nickel Water Coil

3 = Copper Water Coil with Isolation Valve and Low Flow Control

4 = Cupro- Nickel Water Coil with Isolation Valve and Low Flow Control

5 = Copper Water Coil with Isolation Valve and High Flow Control

6 = Cupro-Nickel Water Coil with Isolation Valve and High Flow Control

Digit 10 - Current Design Sequence

Digit 11 - Refrigeration Circuit

0 = Heating and Cooling Circuit

Digit 12 — Blower Configuration

1 = Free Discharge (Factory Wire Low Speed) - PSC motor

2 = Ducted (Factory Wire Hi Speed) - PSC motor

3 = Free Discharge with 1-inch Flange - PSC motor

4 = Free Discharge with 3-inch Flange - PSC motor

5 = ECM without Flange

6 = ECM with 1-inch Flange

7 = ECM with 3-inch Flange

8 = Chassis only/No Motor (ECM Control)

9 = Chassis only/No Motor (PSC Control)

Digit 13 — Freeze Protection

A = 20°F Freezestat (For Glycol loop)

B = 35°F Freezestat (For Water loop)

Digit 14 - Open Digit

0 = Open

S = Special

Digit 15 - Supply-Air Arrangement

0 = Field Cut Supply Air Arrangement

1 = Back and Front Supply Air Arrangement

2 = Back and Left Supply Air Arrangement

3 = Back and Right Supply Air Arrangement

4 = Front and Left Supply Air Arrangement

5 = Front and Right Supply Air Arrangement6 = Left and Right Supply Air Arrangement

7 = Back, Front and Right Supply Air Arrangement

8 = Back, Front and Left Supply Air Arrangement

9 = Front, Right and Left Supply Air Arrangement

B = Back Supply Air Arrangement

L = Left Supply Air Arrangement

R = Right Supply Air Arrangement

T = Top Supply Air Arrangement

F = Front Supply Air Arrangement

Digit 16 — Return-Air Arrangement

0 = No Door

1 = Hinged Return Air Door

3 = Hinged Return Air Door, Tamper Resistant (HEX)

4 = Hinged Return Air Door, with Key Lock

Digit 17 — Control Types

D = Deluxe 24 V Controls

H = Symbio™ 400-B

J = Symbio 400-B with Air-Fi® Wireless Communications

Digit 18 — Thermostat Sensor Location

0 = Wall Mounted Location

Digit 19 — Fault Sensors

0 = No Fault Sensors

1 = Condensate Overflow Sensor

2 = Filter Maintenance Timer

3 = Condensate Overflow and Filter Maintenance

Digit 20 — Temperature Sensor

0 = No Additional Temperature Sensors

1 = Entering Water Sensor

Digit 21, 22 — Open Digits

Digit 23 — Unit Mounted Disconnect

0 = No Unit Mounted Switch

C = ON/OFF Switch

D = ON/OFF Switch with Fuses

Digit 24 — Filter Type

1 = 1-inch Throwaway Filter

Digit 25 — Acoustic Arrangement

0 = Enhanced Sound Attenuation

1 = Deluxe Sound Attenuation

Digit 26 — Factory Configuration

3 = Cabinet Only with Standard Base

4 = Cabinet Only with 6-inch Extended Base

Digits 27 — Paint Color

9 = Light White Finish

Digits 28 — Outside Air Option

0 = No Outside Air

Digits 29 — Piping Arrangement

B = Back Riser Location

L = Left Hand Riser Location

 \mathbf{R} = Right Hand Riser Location

Digits 30 — Riser Type

0 = No Riser

L = Type L Riser

M = Type M Riser

Digits 31 — Supply Riser

0 = No Riser

B = 1-inch Riser with Insulation

C = 1.25-inch Riser with Insulation

D = 1.5-inch Riser with Insulation

E = 2-inch Riser with Insulation

F = 2.5-inch Riser with Insulation

G = 3-inch Riser with Insulation **2** = 1-inch Riser

3 = 1.25-inch Riser

4 = 1.5-inch Riser

5 = 2-inch Riser

6 = 2.5-inch Riser **7** = 3-inch Riser



Model Number Description

Digits 32 - Return Riser

- 0 = No Riser
- **B** = 1-inch Riser with Insulation
- C = 1.25-inch Riser with Insulation
- **D** = 1.5-inch Riser with Insulation
- **E** = 2-inch Riser with Insulation
- F = 2.5-inch Riser with Insulation
- **G** = 3-inch Riser with Insulation
- 2 = 1-inch Riser
- 3 = 1.25-inch Riser
- **4** = 1.5-inch Riser
- 5 = 2-inch Riser
- **6** = 2.5-inch Riser
- 7 = 3-inch Riser

Digits 33 — Condensate Riser

- 0 = No Riser
- **B** = 1-inch Riser with Insulation
- C = 1.25-inch Riser with Insulation
- **D** = 1.5-inch Riser with Insulation
- E = 2-inch Riser with Insulation
- F = 2.5-inch Riser with Insulation
- G = 3-inch Riser with Insulation
- 2 = 1-inch Riser
- 3 = 1.25-inch Riser
- **4** = 1.5-inch Riser
- 5 = 2-inch Riser
- 6 = 2.5-inch Riser
- 7 = 3-inch Riser

Digits 34, 35, 36 - Riser Length

- **000** = No Riser
- 096 = 96-inch Riser Length
- 097 = 97-inch Riser Length
- **098** = 98-inch Riser Length
- 099 = 99-inch Riser Length
- 100 = 100-inch Riser Length
- **101** = 101-inch Riser Length
- 102 = 102-inch Riser Length
- 103 = 103-inch Riser Length
- **104** = 104-inch Riser Length
- **105** = 105-inch Riser Length
- **106** = 106-inch Riser Length **107** = 107-inch Riser Length
- 108 = 108-inch Riser Length
- 109 = 109-inch Riser Length
- 110 = 110-inch Riser Length
- 111 = 111-inch Riser Length
- 112 = 112-inch Riser Length
- 113 = 113-inch Riser Length
- 114 = 114-inch Riser Length
- 115 = 115-inch Riser Length
- 116 = 116-inch Riser Length
- 117 = 117-inch Riser Length
- 118 = 118-inch Riser Length
- 119 = 119-inch Riser Length 120 = 120-inch Riser Length

Vertical High-Rise Chassis WSHP

Digits 1, 2, 3 — Unit Configuration

GET = High Efficiency Vertical High Rise Heat Pump

Digit 4 — Development Sequence

K = R-454B

Digits 5, 6, 7 — Nominal Size (Tons)

009 = 0.75 Tons

012 = 1 Tons

015 = 1.25 Tons

018 = 1.5 Tons

024 = 2 Tons

036 = 3 Tons

Digit 8 — Voltage (Volts/Hz/Phase)

1 = 208/60/1

2 = 230/60/1

7 = 265/60/1

Digit 9 - Heat Exchanger

1 = Copper Water Coil

2 = Cupro-Nickel Water Coil

3 = Copper Water Coil with Isolation Valve and Low Flow Control

4 = Cupro- Nickel Water Coil with Isolation Valve and Low Flow Control

5 = Copper Water Coil with Isolation Valve and High Flow Control

6 = Cupro-Nickel Water Coil with Isolation Valve and High Flow Control

Digit 10 - Current Design Sequence

Digit 11 — Refrigeration Circuit

0 = Heating and Cooling Circuit

Digit 12 - Blower Configuration

1 = Free Discharge (Factory Wire Low Speed) - PSC motor

2 = Ducted (Factory Wire Hi Speed) - PSC motor

3 = Free Discharge with 1-inch Flange - PSC motor

4 = Free Discharge with 3-inch Flange - PSC motor

5 = ECM without Flange

6 = ECM with 1-inch Flange

7 = ECM with 3-inch Flange

8 = Chassis only/No Motor (ECM Control)

9 = Chassis only/No Motor (PSC Control)

Digit 13 — Freeze Protection

A = 20°F Freezestat (For Glycol loop)

B = 35°F Freezestat (For Water loop)

Digit 14 — Open Digit

0 = Open

Digit 15 — Supply-Air Arrangement

0 = Field Cut Supply Air Arrangement

1 = Back and Front Supply Air Arrangement

2 = Back and Left Supply Air Arrangement

3 = Back and Right Supply Air Arrangement

4 = Front and Left Supply Air Arrangement

5 = Front and Right Supply Air Arrangement

6 = Left and Right Supply Air Arrangement

7 = Back, Front and Right Supply Air Arrangement

8 = Back, Front and Left Supply Air Arrangement

9 = Front, Right and Left Supply Air Arrangement

B = Back Supply Air Arrangement

L = Left Supply Air Arrangement

R = Right Supply Air Arrangement

T = Top Supply Air Arrangement

F = Front Supply Air Arrangement

Digit 16 - Return-Air Arrangement

0 = No Door (Chassis Only)

1 = Flush with Wall, Hinged Return Air Door

3 = Hinged Return Air Door, Tamper Resistant (HEX)

4 = Hinged Return Air Door, with Key Lock

Digit 17 — Control Types

0 = Basic Controls for WPRD Retrofit Chassis

D = Deluxe 24 V Controls

H = Symbio[™] 400-B

J = Symbio 400-B with Air-Fi® Wireless Communications

Digit 18 — Thermostat Sensor Location

0 = Wall Mounted Location

Digit 19 — Fault Sensors

0 = No Fault Sensors

1 = Condensate Overflow Sensor

2 = Filter Maintenance Timer

3 = Condensate Overflow and Filter Maintenance Timer

Digit 20 — Temperature Sensor

0 = No Additional Temperature Sensors

1 = Entering Water Sensor

Digit 21, 22 — Open Digits

Digit 23 — Unit Mounted Disconnect

0 = No Unit Mounted Switch

C = ON/OFF Switch

D = ON/OFF Switch with Fuses

Digit 24 — Filter Type

1 = 1-inch Throwaway Filter

Digit 25 — Acoustic Arrangement

0 = Enhanced Sound Attenuation

1 = Deluxe Sound Attenuation

Digit 26 — Factory Configuration

2 = GFT Chassis

R = WPRD Retrofit Chassis

Digits 27 — Paint Color

9 = Light White Finish

Digits 28 — Outside Air Option

0 = No Outside Air

Digits 29 — Piping Arrangement

B = Back Riser Location

L = Left Hand Riser Location

R = Right Hand Riser Location

Digits 30 — Riser Type

0 = No Riser (Chassis Only)

Digits 31 — Supply Riser

0 = No Riser (Chassis Only)

Digits 32 - Return Riser

0 = No Riser (Chassis Only)

Digits 33 - Condensate Riser

0 = No Riser (Chassis Only)

Digits 34, 35, 36 - Riser Length

000 = No Riser (Chassis Only)

^{1. 20°}F Freezestat is typically used in a geothermal application. 35°F Freezestat is typically used in a boiler/tower application.



General Data

Table 4. General data

Model I	Number	009	012	015	018	024	036
Compres	sor Type	Rotary	Rotary	Rotary	Rotary	Scroll	Scroll
	Depth (inches)	16.00	16.00	18.00	18.00	24.00	24.00
Cabinet Size(a)	Height (inches) with Standard Base	88.00	88.00	88.00	88.00	88.00	88.00
Capitlet Size(4)	Height (inches) with 6-inch Extended Base	94.00	94.00	94.00	94.00	94.00	94.00
	Width (inches)	16.00	16.00	20.00	20.00	24.00	24.00
Approximate weight cabinet	with Pallet (lb)	135.00	135.00	175.00	175.00	225.00	225.00
Approximate weight cabinet	without Pallet (lb)	115.00	115.00	150.00	150.00	195.00	195.00
Approximate weight chassis	with Pallet (lb)	88.00	107.00	112.00	117.00	174.00	190.00
Approximate weight chassis	without Pallet (lb)	78.00	97.00	102.00	107.00	164.00	180.00
	Face Area (sq. ft.)	1.35	1.35	2.11	2.11	2.88	2.88
	Face Area (sq. cm)	1254.00	1254.00	1959.00	1959.00	2676.00	2676.00
Air-to-Refrigerant Coil	Rows	2.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	4.00
	Fins Per Inch	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
	Fins Per cm.	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
Nominal 1 in. Filter Size	Inches	14 × 20	14 × 20	18 × 25	18 × 25	20 × 30	20 × 30
Water In/Out size	NPTI (inches)	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4
Condensate	Plastic Hose ID (inches)	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Riser Connection	NPTE (inches)	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4
PSC Ducted Discharge	Blower	90-6TDD	90-6TDD	90-6RDD	100-6TDD	100-6TDD	120-8TDD11
1 00 bucked bischarge	Motor HP	0.05	0.125	0.125	0.20	0.33	0.50
PSC Free Discharge	Blower	90-6TDD	90-6TDD	90-6RDD	100-6TDD	100-6TDD	120-8TDD11
. OO I IOO DISONAIGE	Motor HP	0.05	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.33	0.5
ECM	Blower	90-6TDD	90-6TDD	100-6TDD	100-6TDD	120-8TDD11	120-8TDD11
ECIVI	Motor HP	0.33	0.33	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.75
	Refrig. Side (PSIG)	600.00	600.00	600.00	600.00	600.00	600.00
Water-to-Refrigerant Coil	Water Side (PSIG)	400.00	400.00	400.00	400.00	400.00	400.00
	Internal Volume (gal)	0.081	0.081	0.228	0.228	0.271	0.368

⁽a) Cabinets with top supply air option are 8-inch shorter in height.



Table 5. ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP, and GLHP performance - 0.75 to 3 tons

			Water Loop Heat Pump			Gro	Ground Water Heat Pump			Ground Loop Heat Pump					
Model	Rated GPM	Rated CFM(a)	Cooling 86°F		Heating 68°F		Cooling	Cooling 59°F		Heating 50°F		Full Cool 77°F		Full Heat 32°F	
			Capacity Btuh	EER	Capacity Btuh	СОР	Capacity Btuh	EER	Capacity Btuh	СОР	Capacity Btuh	EER	Capacity Btuh	СОР	
	ECM														
GET009	2.1	340	8200	15.8	10600	5.2	9700	27.0	8400	4.4	8700	19.0	6200	3.5	
GET012	2.8	442	11300	15.3	12600	5.0	13500	26.2	10500	4.2	12000	17.9	7700	3.2	
GET015	3.5	540	15300	14.9	20000	5.5	16500	21.8	16400	4.8	15800	17.1	12500	3.9	
GET018	4.2	650	17900	14.4	23200	5.1	19400	21.6	19000	4.5	18600	16.6	14800	3.7	
GET024	5.6	820	24500	16.1	27500	5.0	26300	24.0	24700	4.6	25200	18.5	20100	3.8	
GET036	8.4	1170	37700	15.3	44900	4.9	41700	22.6	37200	4.3	39100	17.6	28600	3.4	
							PSC Me	otor							
GET009	2.1	340	8100	14.4	10700	4.9	9500	23.6	8600	4.1	8600	17.1	6400	3.3	
GET012	2.8	442	11200	14.6	12700	4.7	13400	24.8	10600	4.0	11900	17.1	7800	3.2	
GET015	3.5	540	14900	13.3	20300	5.2	16100	18.9	16700	4.5	15500	15.1	12800	3.7	
GET018	4.2	650	17500	13.0	23500	4.8	19000	18.8	19400	4.2	18200	14.7	15200	3.5	
GET024	5.6	820	23700	13.6	28200	4.5	25600	19.3	25500	4.1	24500	15.4	20800	3.4	
GET036	8.4	1170	36500	13.0	46000	4.4	40600	18.6	38300	3.9	38000	14.9	29700	3.2	

Note: Rated in accordance ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1. Certified conditions are 80.6°F DB/66.2°F WB EAT in cooling and 68°F DB/59°F WB EAT in heating.

Table 6. Cooling capacities 0.75 tons (net) - GET009

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
45	1.1	10.5	9.1	0.87	11.4	0.25	64.9	2.1
45	1.5	10.6	9.1	0.86	11.3	0.21	59.9	3.5
45	1.8	10.7	9.1	0.85	11.3	0.19	57.4	4.8
45	2.1	10.7	9.1	0.85	11.3	0.17	55.6	6.3
45	2.3	10.7	9.1	0.85	11.3	0.16	54.9	7.1
45	2.4	10.7	9.1	0.85	11.3	0.16	54.3	7.9
45	2.6	10.7	9.1	0.85	11.2	0.15	53.5	9.3
55	1.1	10.1	8.9	0.88	11.1	0.32	74.4	2.1
55	1.5	10.2	8.9	0.87	11.2	0.29	69.7	3.4
55	1.8	10.3	9.0	0.87	11.2	0.28	67.3	4.6
55	2.1	10.3	9.0	0.87	11.2	0.26	65.5	6.1
55	2.3	10.3	9.0	0.87	11.2	0.26	64.8	6.8
55	2.4	10.3	9.0	0.87	11.2	0.25	64.2	7.6
55	2.6	10.4	9.0	0.87	11.2	0.25	63.4	8.9
68	1.1	9.2	8.5	0.92	10.5	0.39	86.3	1.9
68	1.5	9.5	8.6	0.91	10.8	0.37	82.0	3.1
68	1.8	9.6	8.7	0.91	10.8	0.36	79.8	4.2
68	2.1	9.7	8.7	0.90	10.9	0.35	78.1	5.5
68	2.3	9.7	8.7	0.90	10.9	0.35	77.5	6.2
68	2.4	9.7	8.7	0.90	10.9	0.34	76.9	7.0
68	2.6	9.7	8.7	0.90	10.9	0.34	76.1	8.1

⁽a) Rated Airflow is with return air door (RAD) with filter.



Table 6. Cooling capacities 0.75 tons (net) - GET009 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
75	1.1	9.1	8.5	0.93	10.5	0.42	93.2	1.8
75	1.5	9.3	8.6	0.92	10.6	0.40	88.8	3.0
75	1.8	9.3	8.6	0.92	10.7	0.39	86.6	4.1
75	2.1	9.4	8.6	0.91	10.7	0.38	85.0	5.4
75	2.3	9.4	8.6	0.91	10.7	0.38	84.3	6.1
75	2.4	9.4	8.6	0.91	10.7	0.38	83.7	6.8
75	2.6	9.4	8.6	0.91	10.7	0.37	83.0	7.9
77	1.1	9.1	8.5	0.93	10.6	0.45	95.4	1.8
77	1.5	9.2	8.6	0.93	10.7	0.43	90.8	3.0
77	1.8	9.3	8.6	0.92	10.7	0.41	88.5	4.1
77	2.1	9.3	8.6	0.92	10.7	0.40	86.9	5.4
77	2.3	9.3	8.6	0.92	10.7	0.40	86.2	6.0
77	2.4	9.3	8.6	0.92	10.6	0.39	85.6	6.8
77	2.6	9.3	8.6	0.92	10.6	0.39	84.9	7.9
86	1.1	8.6	8.3	0.97	10.3	0.50	103.8	1.8
86	1.5	8.8	8.4	0.95	10.4	0.48	99.4	2.9
86	1.8	8.8	8.4	0.95	10.4	0.47	97.2	4.0
86	2.1	8.9	8.4	0.94	10.5	0.46	95.7	5.2
86	2.3	8.9	8.4	0.94	10.5	0.46	95.0	5.9
86	2.4	8.9	8.4	0.94	10.5	0.46	94.5	6.6
86	2.6	8.9	8.4	0.94	10.5	0.45	93.7	7.7
95	1.1	8.0	8.0	1.00	9.9	0.55	111.9	1.7
95	1.5	8.2	8.2	1.00	10.1	0.53	107.9	2.8
95	1.8	8.3	8.2	0.99	10.1	0.52	105.9	3.9
95	2.1	8.4	8.2	0.98	10.2	0.52	104.3	5.1
95	2.3	8.4	8.2	0.98	10.2	0.51	103.7	5.7
95	2.4	8.4	8.3	0.99	10.2	0.51	103.2	6.4
95	2.6	8.5	8.3	0.98	10.2	0.51	102.5	7.5
105	1.1	7.4	7.4	1.00	9.5	0.62	121.1	1.6
105	1.5	7.6	7.6	1.00	9.6	0.60	117.3	2.7
105	1.8	7.7	7.7	1.00	9.7	0.59	115.3	3.8
105	2.1	7.7	7.7	1.00	9.7	0.58	113.9	4.9
105	2.3	7.8	7.8	1.00	9.7	0.58	113.3	5.6
105	2.4	7.8	7.8	1.00	9.7	0.57	112.8	6.3
105	2.6	7.8	7.8	1.00	9.8	0.57	112.1	7.3
115	1.1	6.5	6.5	1.00	8.8	0.68	129.8	1.6
115	1.5	6.7	6.7	1.00	9.0	0.66	126.4	2.7
115	1.8	6.9	6.9	1.00	9.1	0.65	124.6	3.7
115	2.1	7.0	7.0	1.00	9.2	0.65	123.4	4.8
115	2.3	7.0	7.0	1.00	9.2	0.65	122.8	5.4
115	2.4	7.1	7.1	1.00	9.3	0.64	122.4	6.1
115	2.6	7.0	7.0	1.00	9.2	0.64	121.7	7.1
120	1.1	5.8	5.8	1.00	8.2	0.71	133.8	1.6
120	1.5	6.2	6.2	1.00	8.6	0.70	130.8	2.6

Table 6. Cooling capacities 0.75 tons (net) - GET009 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
120	1.8	6.3	6.3	1.00	8.7	0.69	129.1	3.6
120	2.1	6.5	6.5	1.00	8.8	0.68	127.9	4.8
120	2.3	6.5	6.5	1.00	8.8	0.68	127.4	5.4
120	2.4	6.5	6.5	1.00	8.8	0.68	127.0	6.0
120	2.6	6.6	6.6	1.00	8.9	0.68	126.4	7.0

Note: Cooling performance data is tabulated at 80.6°F DB/66.2°F WB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated CFM. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not. Rated GPM 2.1; Minimum cfm 272; Rated cfm 340; Maximum cfm 408.

Table 7. Heating capacities 0.75 tons (net) - GET009

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
25	1.1	4.7	3.2	0.43	17.7	2.9
25	1.5	4.8	3.3	0.43	19.3	4.8
25	1.8	4.9	3.4	0.43	20.2	6.5
25	2.1	5.0	3.5	0.44	20.8	8.5
25	2.3	5.0	3.5	0.44	21.1	9.6
25	2.4	5.0	3.5	0.44	21.3	10.8
25	2.6	5.0	3.5	0.44	21.6	12.6
32	1.1	5.2	3.7	0.44	23.7	2.8
32	1.5	5.4	3.9	0.45	25.6	4.6
32	1.8	5.5	4.0	0.45	26.5	6.3
32	2.1	5.6	4.0	0.45	27.2	8.3
32	2.3	5.6	4.1	0.45	27.5	9.3
32	2.4	5.6	4.1	0.45	27.8	10.5
32	2.6	5.7	4.1	0.46	28.1	12.2
45	1.1	7.0	5.4	0.47	34.7	2.1
45	1.5	7.2	5.6	0.48	36.9	3.5
45	1.8	7.4	5.7	0.48	38.1	4.8
45	2.1	7.5	5.8	0.48	39.0	6.3
45	2.3	7.5	5.9	0.48	39.4	7.1
45	2.4	7.6	5.9	0.48	39.7	7.9
45	2.6	7.6	5.9	0.48	40.1	9.3
55	1.1	8.0	6.3	0.49	42.9	2.1
55	1.5	8.3	6.6	0.49	45.5	3.4
55	1.8	8.5	6.8	0.50	46.9	4.6
55	2.1	8.6	6.9	0.50	48.0	6.1
55	2.3	8.6	6.9	0.50	48.4	6.8
55	2.4	8.7	7.0	0.50	48.8	7.6
55	2.6	8.7	7.0	0.50	49.3	8.9
68	1.1	9.4	7.6	0.52	53.7	1.9
68	1.5	9.8	8.0	0.52	56.7	3.1
68	1.8	10.0	8.3	0.52	58.3	4.2
68	2.1	10.2	8.4	0.52	59.5	5.5
68	2.3	10.3	8.5	0.52	60.0	6.2

Table 7. Heating capacities 0.75 tons (net) - GET009 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
68	2.4	10.3	8.5	0.53	60.5	7.0
68	2.6	10.4	8.6	0.53	61.0	8.1
75	1.1	10.2	8.4	0.52	59.2	1.8
75	1.5	10.6	8.8	0.53	62.5	3.0
75	1.8	10.8	9.0	0.53	64.3	4.1
75	2.1	11.0	9.2	0.53	65.7	5.4
75	2.3	11.1	9.3	0.53	66.2	6.1
75	2.4	11.2	9.3	0.53	66.7	6.8
75	2.6	11.2	9.4	0.53	67.3	7.9
77	1.1	10.4	8.6	0.53	60.8	1.8
77	1.5	10.8	9.0	0.53	64.2	3.0
77	1.8	11.1	9.3	0.53	66.0	4.1
77	2.1	11.2	9.4	0.53	67.4	5.4
77	2.3	11.3	9.5	0.53	68.0	6.0
77	2.4	11.4	9.6	0.53	68.5	6.8
77	2.6	11.5	9.7	0.53	69.1	7.9
86	1.1	11.3	9.5	0.53	67.9	1.8
86	1.5	11.7	9.9	0.53	71.7	2.9
86	1.8	12.0	10.2	0.53	73.8	4.0
86	2.1	12.1	10.3	0.52	75.4	5.2
86	2.3	12.1	10.4	0.52	76.0	5.9
86	2.4	12.2	10.4	0.52	76.6	6.6
86	2.6	12.2	10.4	0.52	77.3	7.7

Note: Heating performance data is tabulated at 68°F DB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated cfm. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not. Rated GPM 2.1; Minimum cfm 272; Rated cfm 340; Maximum cfm 408.

Table 8. Cooling capacities 1 tons (net) - GET012

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
45	1.5	14.5	12.3	0.85	15.6	0.32	65.8	5.5
45	2.0	14.7	12.4	0.85	15.6	0.27	60.6	9.1
45	2.4	14.8	12.4	0.84	15.6	0.24	58.0	12.5
45	2.8	14.8	12.5	0.84	15.6	0.22	56.2	16.4
45	3.0	14.8	12.5	0.84	15.6	0.21	55.4	18.4
45	3.2	14.9	12.5	0.84	15.6	0.20	54.8	20.6
45	3.5	14.9	12.5	0.84	15.6	0.19	54.0	24.1
55	1.5	13.8	12.0	0.87	15.2	0.43	75.3	5.3
55	2.0	14.3	12.0	0.84	15.5	0.37	70.5	8.8
55	2.4	14.1	12.2	0.86	15.4	0.36	67.8	12.0
55	2.8	14.2	12.2	0.86	15.4	0.35	66.0	15.7
55	3.0	14.2	12.2	0.86	15.4	0.34	65.3	17.7
55	3.2	14.2	12.2	0.86	15.4	0.33	64.6	19.8
55	3.5	14.3	12.2	0.86	15.4	0.32	63.8	23.2
68	1.5	12.7	11.6	0.91	14.6	0.55	87.3	5.0



Table 8. Cooling capacities 1 tons (net) - GET012 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
68	2.0	13.2	11.5	0.87	14.9	0.50	82.9	8.2
68	2.4	13.1	11.7	0.90	14.8	0.50	80.3	11.2
68	2.8	13.2	11.8	0.89	14.8	0.48	78.6	14.7
68	3.0	13.2	11.8	0.89	14.8	0.48	77.9	16.6
68	3.2	13.6	11.7	0.86	15.1	0.45	77.4	18.5
68	3.5	13.3	11.8	0.89	14.9	0.47	76.5	21.7
75	1.5	12.6	11.4	0.91	14.5	0.57	94.0	4.9
75	2.0	12.8	11.5	0.90	14.6	0.54	89.4	8.0
75	2.4	12.9	11.6	0.90	14.7	0.52	87.0	11.0
75	2.8	13.1	11.5	0.88	14.8	0.50	85.4	14.4
75	3.0	13.1	11.5	0.88	14.8	0.50	84.7	16.2
75	3.2	13.1	11.5	0.88	14.8	0.50	84.1	18.1
75	3.5	13.2	11.5	0.88	14.8	0.49	83.3	21.1
77	1.5	12.6	11.4	0.90	14.6	0.58	95.9	4.8
77	2.0	12.8	11.5	0.90	14.7	0.56	91.3	8.0
77	2.4	12.8	11.5	0.90	14.7	0.54	88.9	10.9
77	2.8	12.9	11.5	0.89	14.7	0.53	87.2	14.3
77	3.0	12.9	11.5	0.89	14.7	0.53	86.6	16.1
77	3.2	13.0	11.5	0.88	14.8	0.52	86.0	18.0
77	3.5	12.9	11.5	0.89	14.7	0.52	85.2	21.0
86	1.5	11.6	11.0	0.95	13.7	0.64	103.8	4.7
86	2.0	12.0	11.1	0.93	14.1	0.62	99.7	7.7
86	2.4	12.1	11.2	0.92	14.2	0.61	97.5	10.6
86	2.8	12.2	11.2	0.92	14.3	0.60	95.9	13.9
86	3.0	12.3	11.2	0.92	14.3	0.59	95.3	15.6
86	3.2	12.3	11.3	0.92	14.3	0.59	94.7	17.5
86	3.5	12.3	11.3	0.92	14.3	0.59	94.0	20.4
95	1.5	8.9	8.9	1.00	11.2	0.67	109.3	4.6
95	2.0	10.4	10.4	1.00	12.7	0.67	107.3	7.5
95	2.4	11.0	10.7	0.98	13.2	0.67	105.7	10.3
95	2.8	11.2	10.8	0.97	13.5	0.66	104.3	13.5
95	3.0	11.3	10.8	0.96	13.5	0.66	103.7	15.2
95	3.2	11.3	10.9	0.96	13.5	0.66	103.2	17.0
95	3.5	11.4	10.8	0.95	13.7	0.65	102.6	19.8
105	1.5	7.9	7.3	0.93	10.8	0.86	118.1	4.4
105	2.0	7.9	7.4	0.93	10.8	0.83	114.8	7.2
105	2.4	7.9	7.4	0.93	10.7	0.82	113.1	10.0
105	2.8	8.0	7.4	0.92	10.7	0.81	112.0	13.0
105	3.0	8.0	7.4	0.92	10.7	0.80	111.5	14.7
105	3.2	8.0	7.4	0.92	10.7	0.80	111.1	16.4
105	3.5	8.0	7.4	0.92	10.7	0.80	110.6	19.2
115	1.5	7.5	7.1	0.95	10.9	0.99	128.1	4.4
115	2.0	7.5	7.1	0.95	10.8	0.98	124.8	7.0
115	2.4	7.5	7.1	0.95	10.8	0.97	123.1	10.0

Table 8. Cooling capacities 1 tons (net) - GET012 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
115	2.8	7.5	7.1	0.95	10.8	0.95	121.9	13.0
115	3.0	7.5	7.1	0.95	10.7	0.94	121.5	14.7
115	3.2	7.5	7.1	0.95	10.7	0.94	121.1	16.4
115	3.5	7.5	7.1	0.95	10.7	0.93	120.5	19.2
120	1.5	7.3	7.1	0.97	10.9	1.05	133.0	4.2
120	2.0	7.3	7.1	0.97	10.8	1.03	129.7	6.9
120	2.4	7.3	7.0	0.96	10.8	1.02	128.1	9.5
120	2.8	7.3	7.0	0.96	10.8	1.01	126.9	12.5
120	3.0	7.3	7.0	0.96	10.8	1.01	126.5	14.1
120	3.2	7.3	7.0	0.96	10.8	1.01	126.1	15.8
120	3.5	7.3	7.1	0.97	10.7	1.01	125.5	18.5

Note: Cooling performance data is tabulated at 80.6°F DB/66.2°F WB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated CFM. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not.Rated GPM 2.8; Minimum cfm 303; Rated cfm 442; Maximum cfm 487.

Table 9. Heating capacities 1 tons (net) - GET012

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
25	1.5	5.7	3.9	0.53	18.4	6.8
25	2.0	5.9	4.1	0.53	19.9	11.3
25	2.4	6.0	4.1	0.53	20.7	15.5
25	2.8	6.0	4.2	0.54	21.2	20.3
25	3.0	6.1	4.2	0.54	21.5	22.9
25	3.2	6.1	4.2	0.54	21.7	25.6
25	3.5	6.1	4.3	0.54	21.9	29.9
32	1.5	6.4	4.5	0.54	24.5	6.6
32	2.0	6.6	4.7	0.55	26.2	11.0
32	2.4	6.7	4.8	0.55	27.1	15.0
32	2.8	6.8	4.9	0.55	27.7	19.7
32	3.0	6.8	4.9	0.55	28.0	22.2
32	3.2	6.8	4.9	0.55	28.2	24.8
32	3.5	6.9	5.0	0.55	28.5	29.0
45	1.5	8.7	6.8	0.57	35.3	5.5
45	2.0	9.1	7.1	0.57	37.4	9.1
45	2.4	9.2	7.3	0.57	38.6	12.5
45	2.8	9.3	7.4	0.57	39.4	16.4
45	3.0	9.4	7.4	0.57	39.7	18.4
45	3.2	9.4	7.5	0.57	40.0	20.6
45	3.5	9.5	7.5	0.58	40.4	24.1
55	1.5	10.0	8.0	0.58	43.6	5.3
55	2.0	10.4	8.4	0.58	46.1	8.8
55	2.4	10.6	8.6	0.58	47.4	12.0
55	2.8	10.7	8.7	0.58	48.4	15.7
55	3.0	10.8	8.8	0.58	48.8	17.7
55	3.2	10.8	8.9	0.58	49.1	19.8

Table 9. Heating capacities 1 tons (net) - GET012 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
55	3.5	10.9	8.9	0.58	49.6	23.2
68	1.5	11.3	9.3	0.59	55.0	5.0
68	2.0	11.8	9.8	0.59	57.8	8.2
68	2.4	12.0	10.0	0.59	59.2	11.2
68	2.8	12.2	10.2	0.59	60.3	14.7
68	3.0	12.3	10.3	0.59	60.8	16.6
68	3.2	12.4	10.4	0.59	61.2	18.5
68	3.5	12.5	10.4	0.59	61.7	21.7
75	1.5	12.3	10.3	0.59	60.6	4.9
75	2.0	12.8	10.8	0.59	63.6	8.0
75	2.4	13.1	11.0	0.59	65.3	11.0
75	2.8	13.3	11.2	0.59	66.5	14.4
75	3.0	13.3	11.3	0.59	67.0	16.2
75	3.2	13.4	11.4	0.59	67.5	18.1
75	3.5	13.5	11.5	0.59	68.0	21.1
77	1.5	12.6	10.5	0.59	62.2	4.8
77	2.0	13.1	11.1	0.59	65.3	8.0
77	2.4	13.3	11.3	0.59	67.0	10.9
77	2.8	13.5	11.5	0.59	68.3	14.3
77	3.0	13.6	11.6	0.59	68.8	16.1
77	3.2	13.7	11.6	0.59	69.3	18.0
77	3.5	13.7	11.7	0.59	69.9	21.0
86	1.5	13.7	11.7	0.59	69.4	4.7
86	2.0	14.1	12.1	0.58	73.0	7.7
86	2.4	14.3	12.3	0.57	74.9	10.6
86	2.8	14.4	12.5	0.57	76.4	13.9
86	3.0	14.5	12.5	0.56	77.0	15.6
86	3.2	14.5	12.6	0.56	77.5	17.5
86	3.5	14.5	12.6	0.56	78.2	20.4

Note: Heating performance data is tabulated at 68°F DB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated cfm. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not. Rated GPM 2.8; Minimum cfm 303; Rated cfm 442; Maximum cfm 487.

Table 10. Cooling capacities 1.25 tons (net) - GET015

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
45	1.9	18.0	14.9	0.82	20.0	0.57	65.7	2.7
45	2.3	18.1	14.9	0.82	19.9	0.53	61.9	3.9
45	2.8	18.2	14.9	0.82	19.9	0.50	58.9	5.4
45	3.5	18.2	15.1	0.83	19.8	0.47	56.1	8.0
45	3.8	18.2	15.1	0.83	19.8	0.46	55.2	9.2
45	4.1	18.3	15.1	0.83	19.8	0.45	54.4	10.5
45	4.4	18.3	15.1	0.83	19.8	0.44	53.8	11.8
55	1.9	17.5	14.6	0.84	19.9	0.70	75.5	2.6
55	2.3	17.6	14.7	0.83	19.9	0.66	71.7	3.7



Table 10. Cooling capacities 1.25 tons (net) - GET015 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
55	2.8	17.7	14.7	0.83	19.8	0.63	68.7	5.2
55	3.5	17.7	14.7	0.83	19.8	0.60	66.0	7.7
55	3.8	17.7	14.7	0.83	19.8	0.59	65.1	8.9
55	4.1	17.8	14.7	0.83	19.7	0.58	64.4	10.1
55	4.4	17.8	14.7	0.83	19.7	0.57	63.8	11.3
68	1.9	16.7	14.3	0.85	19.6	0.84	88.1	2.4
68	2.3	16.8	14.3	0.85	19.6	0.80	84.4	3.5
68	2.8	16.9	14.4	0.85	19.6	0.78	81.5	4.9
68	3.5	17.0	14.4	0.85	19.5	0.75	78.8	7.2
68	3.8	17.0	14.4	0.85	19.5	0.75	77.9	8.3
68	4.1	17.0	14.4	0.85	19.5	0.74	77.2	9.4
68	4.4	17.0	14.4	0.85	19.5	0.73	76.6	10.6
75	1.9	17.0	14.4	0.85	20.0	0.88	95.5	2.4
75	2.3	17.1	14.5	0.85	20.0	0.85	91.7	3.4
75	2.8	17.1	14.5	0.85	19.9	0.82	88.7	4.8
75	3.5	17.2	14.5	0.85	19.9	0.80	86.0	7.0
75	3.8	17.2	14.5	0.85	19.9	0.79	85.1	8.1
75	4.1	17.2	14.6	0.85	19.9	0.78	84.4	9.2
75	4.4	17.2	14.6	0.84	19.9	0.77	83.8	10.3
77	1.9	17.0	14.5	0.86	20.0	0.91	97.5	2.4
77	2.3	17.1	14.5	0.85	20.0	0.87	93.7	3.4
77	2.8	17.1	14.5	0.85	20.0	0.84	90.7	4.7
77	3.5	17.2	14.6	0.85	19.9	0.81	88.0	7.0
77	3.8	17.2	14.6	0.85	19.9	0.80	87.1	8.0
77	4.1	17.2	14.6	0.85	19.9	0.79	86.4	9.1
77	4.4	17.2	14.6	0.85	19.9	0.79	85.8	10.2
86	1.9	16.3	14.2	0.87	19.8	1.00	106.2	2.3
86	2.3	16.4	14.2	0.87	19.8	0.97	102.4	3.3
86	2.8	16.5	14.3	0.86	19.7	0.94	99.5	4.6
86	3.5	16.6	14.3	0.86	19.7	0.92	96.8	6.8
86	3.8	16.6	14.3	0.86	19.7	0.91	96.0	7.8
86	4.1	16.6	14.3	0.86	19.7	0.91	95.2	8.9
86	4.4	16.6	14.3	0.86	19.7	0.90	94.6	9.9
95	1.9	15.7	13.9	0.89	19.4	1.10	114.7	2.2
95	2.3	15.8	14.0	0.88	19.4	1.07	111.1	3.2
95	2.8	15.9	14.0	0.88	19.4	1.04	108.2	4.5
95	3.5	15.9	14.0	0.88	19.4	1.02	105.6	6.6
95	3.8	15.9	14.0	0.88	19.4	1.01	104.8	7.6
95	4.1	16.0	14.0	0.88	19.4	1.01	104.0	8.7
95	4.4	16.0	14.0	0.88	19.4	1.00	103.5	9.7
105	1.9	14.8	13.5	0.91	18.9	1.20	124.1	2.2
105	2.3	15.0	13.6	0.91	19.0	1.17	120.6	3.1
105	2.8	15.1	13.7	0.91	19.0	1.15	117.9	4.3
105	3.5	15.2	13.7	0.90	19.0	1.13	115.3	6.4

Table 10. Cooling capacities 1.25 tons (net) - GET015 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
105	3.8	15.2	13.7	0.90	19.0	1.12	114.5	7.4
105	4.1	15.2	13.7	0.90	19.0	1.12	113.8	8.4
105	4.4	15.2	13.7	0.90	19.0	1.11	113.3	9.4
115	1.9	13.8	13.1	0.95	18.2	1.29	133.3	2.2
115	2.3	14.0	13.2	0.94	18.3	1.27	130.0	3.1
115	2.8	14.2	13.3	0.94	18.4	1.25	127.4	4.3
115	3.5	14.3	13.3	0.93	18.5	1.23	125.0	6.4
115	3.8	14.3	13.3	0.93	18.5	1.23	124.2	7.4
115	4.1	14.3	13.3	0.93	18.5	1.22	123.5	8.4
115	4.4	14.4	13.3	0.93	18.5	1.22	123.0	9.4
120	1.9	13.1	12.8	0.98	17.7	1.34	137.7	2.1
120	2.3	13.4	12.9	0.97	17.9	1.32	134.6	3.0
120	2.8	13.6	13.0	0.96	18.0	1.30	132.1	4.2
120	3.5	13.8	13.1	0.95	18.1	1.28	129.8	6.2
120	3.8	13.8	13.1	0.95	18.2	1.28	129.0	7.2
120	4.1	13.8	13.1	0.95	18.2	1.28	128.4	8.2
120	4.4	13.9	13.1	0.95	18.2	1.27	127.8	9.1

Note: Cooling performance data is tabulated at 80.6°F DB/66.2°F WB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated CFM. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not. Rated GPM 3.5; Minimum cfm 432; Rated cfm 540; Maximum cfm 648.

Table 11. Heating capacities 1.25 tons (net) - GET015

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
25	1.9	9.5	6.9	0.77	16.2	3.3
25	2.3	9.8	7.2	0.78	17.6	4.7
25	2.8	10.0	7.4	0.78	18.8	6.6
25	3.5	10.2	7.6	0.79	19.9	9.8
25	3.8	10.3	7.6	0.79	20.3	11.3
25	4.1	10.4	7.7	0.79	20.6	12.9
25	4.4	10.4	7.7	0.79	20.8	14.4
32	1.9	10.7	7.9	0.79	22.1	3.2
32	2.3	11.0	8.2	0.80	23.6	4.6
32	2.8	11.2	8.5	0.81	24.9	6.4
32	3.5	11.5	8.7	0.81	26.2	9.5
32	3.8	11.6	8.8	0.81	26.6	11.0
32	4.1	11.6	8.9	0.82	27.0	12.5
32	4.4	11.7	8.9	0.82	27.3	14.0
45	1.9	13.3	10.4	0.85	33.2	2.7
45	2.3	13.7	10.8	0.86	35.0	3.9
45	2.8	14.1	11.1	0.86	36.6	5.4
45	3.5	14.4	11.4	0.87	38.1	8.0
45	3.8	14.5	11.5	0.87	38.6	9.2
45	4.1	14.6	11.6	0.87	39.0	10.5
45	4.4	14.7	11.7	0.88	39.3	11.8



Table 11. Heating capacities 1.25 tons (net) - GET015 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
55	1.9	15.2	12.2	0.88	41.3	2.6
55	2.3	15.7	12.6	0.89	43.4	3.7
55	2.8	16.1	13.0	0.90	45.2	5.2
55	3.5	16.5	13.4	0.90	46.9	7.7
55	3.8	16.6	13.5	0.91	47.5	8.9
55	4.1	16.7	13.6	0.91	48.0	10.1
55	4.4	16.8	13.7	0.91	48.4	11.3
68	1.9	17.4	14.3	0.92	52.1	2.4
68	2.3	18.0	14.8	0.93	54.5	3.5
68	2.8	18.5	15.3	0.94	56.6	4.9
68	3.5	19.1	15.8	0.95	58.5	7.2
68	3.8	19.2	16.0	0.95	59.2	8.3
68	4.1	19.4	16.1	0.95	59.8	9.4
68	4.4	19.5	16.3	0.95	60.2	10.6
75	1.9	18.8	15.6	0.94	57.6	2.4
75	2.3	19.5	16.2	0.95	60.2	3.4
75	2.8	20.1	16.8	0.96	62.4	4.8
75	3.5	20.6	17.3	0.96	64.6	7.0
75	3.8	20.8	17.5	0.96	65.3	8.1
75	4.1	21.0	17.7	0.97	65.9	9.2
75	4.4	21.1	17.8	0.97	66.4	10.3
77	1.9	19.2	16.0	0.95	59.1	2.4
77	2.3	19.9	16.6	0.96	61.8	3.4
77	2.8	20.5	17.2	0.96	64.1	4.7
77	3.5	21.1	17.8	0.97	66.3	7.0
77	3.8	21.3	17.9	0.97	67.1	8.0
77	4.1	21.4	18.1	0.97	67.7	9.1
77	4.4	21.6	18.2	0.97	68.2	10.2
86	1.9	21.0	17.7	0.97	66.1	2.3
86	2.3	21.8	18.4	0.97	69.1	3.3
86	2.8	22.4	19.1	0.98	71.6	4.6
86	3.5	23.0	19.6	0.98	74.1	6.8
86	3.8	23.2	19.8	0.98	74.9	7.8
86	4.1	23.3	20.0	0.98	75.7	8.9
86	4.4	23.5	20.1	0.98	76.2	9.9

Note: Heating performance data is tabulated at 68°F DB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated cfm. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not.Rated GPM 3.5; Minimum cfm 432; Rated cfm 540; Maximum cfm 648.



Table 12. Cooling capacities 1.5 tons (net) - GET018

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
45	2.3	21.0	17.8	0.85	23.2	0.64	65.1	3.7
45	2.9	21.2	17.7	0.83	23.1	0.57	60.6	5.8
45	3.6	21.3	17.9	0.84	23.1	0.53	57.6	8.4
45	4.2	21.3	17.9	0.84	23.0	0.51	55.8	11.0
45	4.6	21.3	17.9	0.84	23.0	0.49	54.8	12.9
45	5.0	21.4	17.9	0.84	23.0	0.48	54.0	14.9
45	5.3	21.4	17.9	0.84	23.0	0.47	53.5	16.5
55	2.3	20.4	17.5	0.86	23.1	0.80	75.0	3.6
55	2.9	20.6	17.4	0.85	23.1	0.74	70.5	5.6
55	3.6	20.6	17.6	0.85	23.0	0.70	67.5	8.1
55	4.2	20.7	17.6	0.85	23.0	0.68	65.7	10.6
55	4.6	20.7	17.6	0.85	23.0	0.66	64.8	12.4
55	5.0	20.8	17.5	0.84	23.0	0.65	64.0	14.3
55	5.3	20.8	17.5	0.84	23.0	0.64	63.5	15.8
68	2.3	19.3	17.1	0.88	22.7	0.99	87.6	3.3
68	2.9	19.5	17.2	0.88	22.7	0.94	83.2	5.2
68	3.6	19.6	17.2	0.88	22.7	0.91	80.3	7.5
68	4.2	19.7	17.2	0.87	22.7	0.89	78.5	9.9
68	4.6	19.7	17.2	0.87	22.7	0.87	77.6	11.5
68	5.0	19.8	17.3	0.87	22.7	0.86	76.8	13.3
68	5.3	19.8	17.3	0.87	22.7	0.86	76.3	14.8
75	2.3	19.6	17.2	0.88	23.2	1.04	95.0	3.3
75	2.9	19.8	17.3	0.87	23.2	0.99	90.5	5.1
75	3.6	20.0	17.3	0.87	23.2	0.96	87.5	7.4
75	4.2	20.0	17.3	0.87	23.2	0.93	85.7	9.6
75	4.6	20.0	17.4	0.87	23.2	0.92	84.8	11.3
75	5.0	20.1	17.4	0.87	23.2	0.91	84.0	13.0
75	5.3	20.1	17.4	0.86	23.2	0.90	83.5	14.4
77	2.3	19.7	17.2	0.87	23.4	1.07	97.1	3.2
77	2.9	19.9	17.2	0.86	23.3	1.01	92.6	5.0
77	3.6	20.0	17.3	0.87	23.3	0.97	89.5	7.3
77	4.2	20.1	17.3	0.86	23.3	0.94	87.7	9.6
77	4.6	20.1	17.3	0.86	23.3	0.93	86.8	11.2
77	5.0	20.1	17.4	0.86	23.3	0.92	86.0	12.9
77	5.3	20.1	17.3	0.86	23.3	0.91	85.5	14.3
86	2.3	18.9	16.9	0.89	23.0	1.20	105.7	3.2
86	2.9	19.1	17.0	0.89	23.0	1.15	101.3	4.9
86	3.6	19.3	16.9	0.88	23.1	1.11	98.4	7.1
86	4.2	19.3	17.0	0.88	23.1	1.09	96.6	9.3
86	4.6	19.4	17.0	0.88	23.1	1.08	95.7	10.9
86	5.0	19.4	17.0	0.88	23.1	1.07	94.9	12.6
86	5.3	19.4	17.0	0.88	23.1	1.06	94.4	13.9
95	2.3	18.0	16.5	0.92	22.6	1.32	114.2	3.1
95	2.9	18.3	16.6	0.91	22.6	1.28	110.0	4.8

Table 12. Cooling capacities 1.5 tons (net) - GET018 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
95	3.6	18.4	16.7	0.90	22.7	1.24	107.1	6.9
95	4.2	18.5	16.6	0.90	22.7	1.22	105.4	9.0
95	4.6	18.5	16.7	0.90	22.7	1.22	104.5	10.6
95	5.0	18.6	16.7	0.90	22.7	1.21	103.7	12.2
95	5.3	18.6	16.7	0.90	22.7	1.20	103.3	13.5
105	2.3	16.9	16.0	0.95	21.8	1.46	123.5	3.0
105	2.9	17.2	16.1	0.93	22.0	1.42	119.5	4.6
105	3.6	17.4	16.2	0.93	22.1	1.39	116.8	6.7
105	4.2	17.5	16.3	0.93	22.1	1.37	115.1	8.8
105	4.6	17.5	16.3	0.93	22.2	1.36	114.2	10.3
105	5.0	17.6	16.2	0.92	22.2	1.36	113.5	11.9
105	5.3	17.6	16.2	0.92	22.2	1.35	113.0	13.1
115	2.3	15.5	15.5	1.00	20.9	1.59	132.6	3.0
115	2.9	15.8	15.6	0.99	21.1	1.56	128.8	4.6
115	3.6	16.1	15.7	0.98	21.3	1.53	126.3	6.7
115	4.2	16.2	15.8	0.97	21.4	1.51	124.7	8.8
115	4.6	16.3	15.7	0.96	21.4	1.51	123.9	10.3
115	5.0	16.3	15.8	0.97	21.5	1.50	123.2	11.9
115	5.3	16.4	15.8	0.97	21.5	1.50	122.7	13.1
120	2.3	14.7	14.7	1.00	20.4	1.66	137.2	2.9
120	2.9	15.1	15.1	1.00	20.7	1.63	133.5	4.5
120	3.6	15.4	15.4	1.00	20.8	1.60	131.0	6.5
120	4.2	15.5	15.4	0.99	20.9	1.59	129.5	8.5
120	4.6	15.6	15.5	1.00	21.0	1.58	128.7	10.0
120	5.0	15.6	15.5	0.99	21.0	1.57	128.0	11.5
120	5.3	15.7	15.5	0.99	21.0	1.57	127.5	12.8

Note: Cooling performance data is tabulated at 80.6°F DB/66.2°F WB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated CFM. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not.Rated GPM 4.2; Minimum cfm 501; Rated cfm 650; Maximum cfm 780.

Table 13. Heating capacities 1.5 tons (net) GET018

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
25	2.3	11.7	8.6	0.92	16.1	4.6
25	2.9	12.0	8.8	0.93	17.9	7.1
25	3.6	12.4	9.2	0.94	19.1	10.3
25	4.2	12.5	9.2	0.94	19.9	13.5
25	4.6	12.5	9.3	0.95	20.3	15.8
25	5.0	12.6	9.4	0.95	20.7	18.2
25	5.3	12.7	9.4	0.95	20.9	20.2
32	2.3	12.9	9.7	0.96	22.1	4.4
32	2.9	13.4	10.1	0.97	24.0	6.9
32	3.6	13.7	10.4	0.98	25.4	10.0
32	4.2	13.9	10.5	0.98	26.2	13.1
32	4.6	14.0	10.6	0.98	26.7	15.3
32	5.0	14.1	10.7	0.99	27.1	17.7

Table 13. Heating capacities 1.5 tons (net) GET018 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
32	5.3	14.2	10.8	0.99	27.3	19.6
45	2.3	15.7	12.2	1.03	33.6	3.7
45	2.9	16.3	12.7	1.04	35.8	5.8
45	3.6	16.6	13.1	1.05	37.4	8.4
45	4.2	16.9	13.3	1.05	38.4	11.0
45	4.6	17.0	13.4	1.06	38.9	12.9
45	5.0	17.1	13.5	1.06	39.3	14.9
45	5.3	17.2	13.6	1.06	39.6	16.5
55	2.3	17.8	14.2	1.07	41.8	3.6
55	2.9	18.4	14.8	1.08	44.3	5.6
55	3.6	18.9	15.2	1.09	46.2	8.1
55	4.2	19.2	15.5	1.10	47.3	10.6
55	4.6	19.3	15.6	1.10	47.9	12.4
55	5.0	19.5	15.7	1.10	48.4	14.3
55	5.3	19.6	15.8	1.10	48.8	15.8
68	2.3	20.5	16.7	1.12	52.7	3.3
68	2.9	21.3	17.4	1.14	55.5	5.2
68	3.6	21.9	18.0	1.15	57.6	7.5
68	4.2	22.3	18.3	1.15	58.9	9.9
68	4.6	22.5	18.5	1.15	59.6	11.5
68	5.0	22.6	18.7	1.16	60.2	13.3
68	5.3	22.7	18.8	1.16	60.6	14.8
75	2.3	22.1	18.2	1.15	58.2	3.3
75	2.9	23.0	19.0	1.16	61.3	5.1
75	3.6	23.6	19.6	1.17	63.6	7.4
75	4.2	24.0	20.0	1.17	65.1	9.6
75	4.6	24.2	20.2	1.18	65.8	11.3
75	5.0	24.4	20.4	1.18	66.5	13.0
75	5.3	24.5	20.5	1.18	66.9	14.4
77	2.3	22.5	18.6	1.15	59.8	3.2
77	2.9	23.4	19.4	1.17	63.0	5.0
77	3.6	24.1	20.1	1.17	65.3	7.3
77	4.2	24.5	20.5	1.18	66.8	9.6
77	4.6	24.7	20.7	1.18	67.6	11.2
77	5.0	24.9	20.8	1.18	68.3	12.9
77	5.3	25.0	20.9	1.18	68.7	14.3
86	2.3	24.5	20.5	1.18	66.9	3.2
86	2.9	25.4	21.4	1.19	70.5	4.9
86	3.6	26.0	22.0	1.19	73.1	7.1
86	4.2	26.4	22.4	1.19	74.8	9.3
86	4.6	26.6	22.6	1.19	75.6	10.9
86	5.0	26.8	22.8	1.19	76.4	12.6
86	5.3	26.9	22.9	1.19	76.9	13.9

Note: Heating performance data is tabulated at 68°F DB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated cfm. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not. Rated GPM 4.2; Minimum cfm 501; Rated cfm 650; Maximum cfm 780.



Table 14. Cooling capacities 2 tons (net) GET024

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
45	3.0	28.3	23.4	0.83	31.3	0.86	65.4	3.8
45	3.9	28.6	23.5	0.82	31.3	0.81	60.7	5.9
45	4.7	28.7	23.6	0.82	31.4	0.78	58.0	8.2
45	5.6	28.9	23.6	0.82	31.4	0.76	56.0	11.1
45	6.1	28.9	23.6	0.82	31.5	0.75	55.1	12.8
45	6.5	28.9	23.7	0.82	31.5	0.74	54.5	14.3
45	7.0	29.0	23.7	0.82	31.5	0.74	53.8	16.3
55	3.0	27.4	22.9	0.84	30.9	1.01	75.1	3.6
55	3.9	27.7	23.0	0.83	30.9	0.95	70.5	5.7
55	4.7	27.8	23.1	0.83	30.9	0.91	67.9	7.9
55	5.6	27.9	23.1	0.83	30.9	0.89	65.8	10.6
55	6.1	27.9	23.2	0.83	30.9	0.88	64.9	12.3
55	6.5	28.0	23.2	0.83	30.9	0.87	64.3	13.8
55	7.0	28.0	23.2	0.83	30.9	0.87	63.6	15.7
68	3.0	26.2	22.3	0.85	30.4	1.23	87.8	3.3
68	3.9	26.4	22.4	0.85	30.4	1.16	83.2	5.2
68	4.7	26.5	22.5	0.85	30.3	1.12	80.6	7.2
68	5.6	26.6	22.5	0.85	30.3	1.09	78.6	9.7
68	6.1	26.6	22.5	0.85	30.3	1.08	77.7	11.3
68	6.5	26.7	22.5	0.85	30.3	1.07	77.1	12.6
68	7.0	26.7	22.6	0.85	30.3	1.06	76.5	14.3
75	3.0	26.4	22.2	0.84	30.9	1.32	95.0	3.2
75	3.9	26.6	22.4	0.84	30.9	1.25	90.4	5.1
75	4.7	26.8	22.4	0.84	30.9	1.21	87.8	7.0
75	5.6	26.9	22.5	0.84	30.9	1.18	85.7	9.5
75	6.1	26.9	22.5	0.84	30.9	1.17	84.9	11.0
75	6.5	27.0	22.5	0.83	30.9	1.16	84.3	12.3
75	7.0	27.0	22.5	0.83	30.9	1.15	83.6	14.0
77	3.0	26.4	22.1	0.84	31.0	1.34	97.0	3.2
77	3.9	26.7	22.0	0.82	31.1	1.26	92.5	5.0
77	4.7	26.8	22.3	0.83	31.0	1.23	89.8	6.9
77	5.6	27.0	22.1	0.82	31.1	1.19	87.8	9.4
77	6.1	27.1	22.2	0.82	31.1	1.18	86.9	10.9
77	6.5	27.0	22.4	0.83	31.0	1.18	86.3	12.2
77	7.0	27.1	22.4	0.83	31.1	1.17	85.6	13.9
86	3.0	25.6	21.4	0.84	30.8	1.53	106.0	3.1
86	3.9	25.8	21.8	0.84	30.8	1.45	101.3	4.9
86	4.7	26.0	21.9	0.84	30.8	1.41	98.7	6.7
86	5.6	26.1	21.9	0.84	30.8	1.38	96.7	9.1
86	6.1	26.1	21.9	0.84	30.8	1.36	95.8	10.6
86	6.5	26.3	21.8	0.83	30.9	1.35	95.2	11.8

Table 14. Cooling capacities 2 tons (net) GET024 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
86	7.0	26.2	22.0	0.84	30.8	1.34	94.5	13.5
95	3.0	24.6	21.2	0.86	30.6	1.74	114.8	3.0
95	3.9	24.9	21.4	0.86	30.5	1.66	110.2	4.8
95	4.7	25.2	21.2	0.84	30.6	1.60	107.7	6.6
95	5.6	25.1	21.5	0.85	30.5	1.58	105.6	8.9
95	6.1	25.2	21.5	0.85	30.5	1.56	104.7	10.3
95	6.5	25.2	21.5	0.85	30.5	1.55	104.1	11.5
95	7.0	25.2	21.5	0.85	30.5	1.54	103.5	13.1
105	3.0	23.5	20.7	0.88	30.3	2.00	124.6	2.9
105	3.9	23.7	20.8	0.88	30.3	1.91	120.1	4.6
105	4.7	23.9	20.9	0.88	30.2	1.86	117.5	6.4
105	5.6	24.0	20.9	0.87	30.2	1.82	115.5	8.6
105	6.1	24.0	21.0	0.87	30.2	1.81	114.6	10.0
105	6.5	24.1	21.0	0.87	30.2	1.80	114.0	11.2
105	7.0	24.1	21.0	0.87	30.2	1.78	113.4	12.7
115	3.0	22.2	20.2	0.91	30.0	2.27	134.4	2.9
115	3.9	22.5	20.3	0.90	29.9	2.19	129.9	4.5
115	4.7	22.6	20.3	0.90	29.9	2.14	127.4	6.2
115	5.6	22.7	20.4	0.90	29.9	2.10	125.4	8.4
115	6.1	22.7	20.4	0.90	29.8	2.08	124.5	9.7
115	6.5	22.8	20.4	0.90	29.8	2.07	123.9	10.9
115	7.0	22.8	20.4	0.90	29.8	2.06	123.3	12.4
120	3.0	21.6	19.9	0.92	29.8	2.42	139.3	2.8
120	3.9	21.8	20.0	0.92	29.7	2.33	134.8	4.4
120	4.7	21.9	20.0	0.91	29.7	2.28	132.3	6.1
120	5.6	22.0	20.1	0.91	29.7	2.24	130.3	8.3
120	6.1	22.1	20.1	0.91	29.7	2.23	129.4	9.6
120	6.5	22.1	20.1	0.91	29.6	2.22	128.9	10.7
120	7.0	22.1	20.1	0.91	29.6	2.20	128.2	12.2

Note: Cooling performance data is tabulated at 80.6°F DB/66.2°F WB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated CFM. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not. Rated GPM 5.6; Minimum cfm 656; Rated cfm 820; Maximum cfm 984.

Table 15. Heating capacities 2 tons (net) GET024

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
25	3.0	15.8	11.3	1.31	16.0	4.6
25	3.9	16.2	11.7	1.31	17.8	7.2
25	4.7	16.5	12.0	1.32	18.9	10.0
25	5.6	16.7	12.2	1.32	19.8	13.6
25	6.1	16.8	12.3	1.33	20.2	15.8
25	6.5	16.9	12.3	1.33	20.5	17.6
25	7.0	16.9	12.4	1.33	20.8	20.0



Table 15. Heating capacities 2 tons (net) GET024 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
32	3.0	17.4	12.8	1.34	21.9	4.5
32	3.9	17.9	13.3	1.35	24.0	7.0
32	4.7	18.2	13.6	1.35	25.2	9.7
32	5.6	18.5	13.8	1.36	26.2	13.2
32	6.1	18.6	13.9	1.36	26.7	15.3
32	6.5	18.7	14.0	1.36	27.0	17.1
32	7.0	18.7	14.1	1.36	27.3	19.4
45	3.0	20.6	16.0	1.37	33.8	3.8
45	3.9	21.3	16.6	1.38	36.0	5.9
45	4.7	21.7	17.0	1.39	37.4	8.2
45	5.6	22.1	17.3	1.39	38.5	11.1
45	6.1	22.2	17.5	1.40	39.0	12.8
45	6.5	22.3	17.5	1.40	39.3	14.3
45	7.0	22.4	17.7	1.40	39.7	16.3
55	3.0	23.2	18.4	1.41	42.1	3.6
55	3.9	24.0	19.1	1.42	44.7	5.7
55	4.7	24.4	19.6	1.43	46.3	7.9
55	5.6	24.8	19.9	1.44	47.5	10.6
55	6.1	25.0	20.1	1.44	48.1	12.3
55	6.5	25.1	20.2	1.44	48.5	13.8
55	7.0	25.3	20.3	1.44	48.9	15.7
68	3.0	24.1	19.3	1.42	54.4	3.3
68	3.9	25.0	20.1	1.43	57.1	5.2
68	4.7	25.5	20.6	1.44	58.7	7.2
68	5.6	26.0	21.0	1.45	60.1	9.7
68	6.1	26.2	21.2	1.45	60.6	11.3
68	6.5	26.3	21.4	1.45	61.1	12.6
68	7.0	26.5	21.5	1.46	61.5	14.3
75	3.0	26.0	21.1	1.45	60.2	3.2
75	3.9	26.9	22.0	1.46	63.1	5.1
75	4.7	27.5	22.5	1.47	64.8	7.0
75	5.6	28.0	22.9	1.48	66.3	9.5
75	6.1	28.2	23.1	1.48	66.9	11.0
75	6.5	28.3	23.3	1.48	67.4	12.3
75	7.0	28.5	23.4	1.49	67.9	14.0
77	3.0	26.5	21.6	1.46	61.8	3.2
77	3.9	27.5	22.5	1.47	64.8	5.0
77	4.7	28.1	23.0	1.48	66.6	6.9
77	5.6	28.5	23.5	1.49	68.1	9.4
77	6.1	28.7	23.7	1.49	68.7	10.9
77	6.5	28.9	23.8	1.49	69.2	12.2
77	7.0	29.0	23.9	1.49	69.7	13.9
86	3.0	28.8	23.7	1.49	69.1	3.1
86	3.9	29.7	24.6	1.50	72.5	4.9

Table 15. Heating capacities 2 tons (net) GET024 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
86	4.7	30.3	25.1	1.51	74.5	6.7
86	5.6	30.7	25.5	1.51	76.2	9.1
86	6.1	30.9	25.7	1.51	76.9	10.6
86	6.5	31.0	25.8	1.51	77.5	11.8
86	7.0	31.1	25.9	1.52	78.0	13.5

Note: Heating performance data is tabulated at 68°F DB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated cfm. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not. Rated GPM 5.6; Minimum cfm 656; Rated cfm 820; Maximum cfm 984.

Table 16. Cooling capacities 3 tons (net) - GET036

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
45	4.5	45.2	34.9	0.77	49.7	1.34	66.8	7.1
45	5.8	45.2	35.1	0.78	49.5	1.27	61.8	11.0
45	7.1	45.6	35.1	0.77	49.7	1.22	58.8	15.6
45	8.4	45.4	35.2	0.78	49.5	1.19	56.6	20.9
45	9.1	45.5	35.2	0.77	49.5	1.18	55.7	24.0
45	9.8	45.8	35.2	0.77	49.8	1.17	55.0	27.3
45	10.5	45.6	35.3	0.77	49.6	1.16	54.3	30.7
55	4.5	43.9	34.2	0.78	49.1	1.52	76.5	6.8
55	5.8	44.0	34.3	0.78	49.0	1.44	71.6	10.5
55	7.1	44.1	34.3	0.78	48.9	1.40	68.6	15.0
55	8.4	44.0	34.5	0.78	48.6	1.37	66.4	20.0
55	9.1	44.0	34.5	0.78	48.6	1.36	65.5	23.0
55	9.8	44.3	34.4	0.78	48.9	1.34	64.8	26.2
55	10.5	44.3	34.4	0.78	48.8	1.33	64.2	29.5
68	4.5	41.9	33.5	0.80	48.1	1.81	89.1	6.4
68	5.8	42.3	33.4	0.79	48.1	1.72	84.4	10.0
68	7.1	42.3	33.4	0.79	48.0	1.66	81.4	14.1
68	8.4	42.1	33.6	0.80	47.7	1.63	79.2	18.9
68	9.1	42.1	33.6	0.80	47.6	1.62	78.3	21.8
68	9.8	42.1	33.6	0.80	47.6	1.60	77.6	24.7
68	10.5	42.2	33.6	0.80	47.6	1.59	77.0	27.9
75	4.5	41.2	33.2	0.81	47.9	1.97	96.0	6.3
75	5.8	41.3	33.3	0.81	47.7	1.87	91.2	9.7
75	7.1	41.4	33.3	0.80	47.5	1.81	88.2	13.8
75	8.4	41.6	33.2	0.80	47.6	1.77	86.2	18.5
75	9.1	41.6	33.2	0.80	47.6	1.75	85.3	21.2
75	9.8	41.4	33.3	0.80	47.4	1.74	84.5	24.2
75	10.5	41.4	33.3	0.80	47.3	1.73	83.9	27.2
77	4.5	41.1	33.0	0.80	48.0	2.02	98.0	6.2
77	5.8	41.2	33.0	0.80	47.7	1.92	93.2	9.7
77	7.1	41.2	33.0	0.80	47.5	1.85	90.2	13.7
77	8.4	41.2	33.0	0.80	47.4	1.81	88.1	18.4
77	9.1	41.1	33.1	0.81	47.2	1.80	87.2	21.1



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Table 16. Cooling capacities 3 tons (net) - GET036 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Sen Mbtuh	SHR	Heat of Rej (Mbtuh)	Comp Pwr (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
77	9.8	41.1	33.1	0.81	47.2	1.78	86.5	24.0
77	10.5	41.3	33.0	0.80	47.3	1.77	85.9	27.0
86	4.5	39.7	32.3	0.81	47.5	2.29	106.8	6.1
86	5.8	39.8	32.3	0.81	47.2	2.17	102.0	9.4
86	7.1	39.8	32.3	0.81	47.0	2.10	99.0	13.3
86	8.4	39.9	32.4	0.81	46.9	2.06	97.0	17.8
86	9.1	39.7	32.5	0.82	46.7	2.04	96.1	20.5
86	9.8	39.7	32.5	0.82	46.6	2.02	95.4	23.3
86	10.5	39.7	32.5	0.82	46.6	2.01	94.7	26.3
95	4.5	38.2	31.6	0.83	47.1	2.60	115.6	5.9
95	5.8	38.3	31.6	0.83	46.7	2.47	110.9	9.1
95	7.1	38.4	31.6	0.82	46.5	2.39	107.9	13.0
95	8.4	38.2	31.8	0.83	46.2	2.35	105.8	17.3
95	9.1	38.2	31.8	0.83	46.2	2.33	105.0	19.9
95	9.8	38.2	31.8	0.83	46.1	2.31	104.3	22.7
95	10.5	38.3	31.8	0.83	46.1	2.29	103.6	25.5
105	4.5	36.3	30.7	0.84	46.5	3.00	125.4	5.7
105	5.8	36.5	30.8	0.84	46.2	2.86	120.7	8.9
105	7.1	36.6	30.8	0.84	46.0	2.77	117.8	12.6
105	8.4	36.6	30.8	0.84	45.9	2.72	115.8	16.8
105	9.1	36.6	30.8	0.84	45.8	2.69	114.9	19.3
105	9.8	36.7	30.8	0.84	45.8	2.67	114.2	22.0
105	10.5	36.4	31.0	0.85	45.5	2.67	113.5	24.8
115	4.5	33.9	29.9	0.88	45.8	3.48	135.1	5.6
115	5.8	34.4	29.8	0.87	45.7	3.31	130.5	8.6
115	7.1	34.5	29.8	0.86	45.5	3.22	127.6	12.2
115	8.4	34.6	29.9	0.86	45.4	3.16	125.6	16.2
115	9.1	34.6	29.9	0.86	45.3	3.13	124.8	18.8
115	9.8	34.7	29.9	0.86	45.3	3.11	124.1	21.3
115	10.5	34.4	30.1	0.87	45.0	3.11	123.4	24.0
120	4.5	32.7	29.4	0.90	45.5	3.75	139.9	5.5
120	5.8	32.9	29.4	0.89	45.2	3.60	135.4	8.5
120	7.1	33.1	29.5	0.89	45.0	3.51	132.5	11.9
120	8.4	33.1	29.5	0.89	44.9	3.44	130.5	16.0
120	9.1	33.2	29.5	0.89	44.8	3.42	129.7	18.5
120	9.8	33.2	29.6	0.89	44.8	3.39	129.0	21.0
120	10.5	33.2	29.6	0.89	44.7	3.37	128.4	23.8

Note: Cooling performance data is tabulated at 80.6°F DB/66.2°F WB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated CFM. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not. Rated GPM 8.4; Minimum cfm 936; Rated cfm 1170; Maximum cfm 1404.



Table 17. Heating capacities 3 tons (net) - GET036

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
25	4.5	22.8	16.4	1.88	16.6	8.9
25	5.8	24.0	17.5	1.90	18.0	13.8
25	7.1	23.8	17.3	1.90	19.4	19.6
25	8.4	24.1	17.6	1.90	20.2	26.2
25	9.1	24.2	17.7	1.91	20.5	30.1
25	9.8	24.3	17.8	1.91	20.8	34.3
25	10.5	24.4	17.9	1.91	21.1	38.7
32	4.5	25.1	18.5	1.92	22.5	8.6
32	5.8	25.8	19.2	1.93	24.4	13.4
32	7.1	26.2	19.6	1.94	25.7	19.0
32	8.4	26.6	19.9	1.95	26.6	25.4
32	9.1	26.7	20.0	1.95	27.0	29.2
32	9.8	26.8	20.1	1.95	27.3	33.3
32	10.5	26.9	20.2	1.95	27.6	37.5
45	4.5	32.0	25.1	2.03	33.6	7.1
45	5.8	32.9	25.9	2.05	35.8	11.0
45	7.1	33.5	26.5	2.06	37.3	15.6
45	8.4	33.9	26.8	2.06	38.4	20.9
45	9.1	34.0	27.0	2.07	38.9	24.0
45	9.8	34.2	27.1	2.07	39.3	27.3
45	10.5	34.3	27.2	2.07	39.7	30.7
55	4.5	36.8	29.6	2.12	41.5	6.8
55	5.8	36.9	29.6	2.12	44.5	10.5
55	7.1	37.5	30.2	2.13	46.2	15.0
55	8.4	38.0	30.7	2.14	47.5	20.0
55	9.1	38.1	30.8	2.14	48.0	23.0
55	9.8	38.3	31.0	2.15	48.5	26.2
55	10.5	38.4	31.1	2.15	48.9	29.5
68	4.5	40.7	33.2	2.19	52.9	6.4
68	5.8	42.1	34.5	2.22	55.8	10.0
68	7.1	43.0	35.4	2.23	57.8	14.1
68	8.4	43.7	36.0	2.25	59.2	18.9
68	9.1	44.0	36.3	2.25	59.8	21.8
68	9.8	44.2	36.5	2.26	60.3	24.7
68	10.5	44.4	36.7	2.26	60.8	27.9
75	4.5	43.5	35.8	2.24	58.6	6.3
75	5.8	45.0	37.3	2.27	61.8	9.7
75	7.1	46.0	38.2	2.29	63.9	13.8
75	8.4	46.6	38.8	2.30	65.4	18.5
75	9.1	46.9	39.0	2.31	66.1	21.2
75	9.8	47.1	39.2	2.31	66.7	24.2
75	10.5	47.3	39.4	2.31	67.2	27.2
77	4.5	44.3	36.6	2.26	60.3	6.2
77	5.8	45.8	38.0	2.29	63.5	9.7

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Table 17. Heating capacities 3 tons (net) - GET036 (continued)

EWT	GPM	Total Mbtuh	Heat of Absorb (Mbtuh)	Compr Power (kW)	LWT	Feet Head
77	7.1	46.8	38.9	2.31	65.7	13.7
77	8.4	47.4	39.5	2.32	67.3	18.4
77	9.1	47.6	39.7	2.32	67.9	21.1
77	9.8	47.8	39.9	2.32	68.5	24.0
77	10.5	48.0	40.1	2.33	69.1	27.0
86	4.5	48.0	40.1	2.33	69.1	6.1
86	5.8	47.7	39.7	2.32	67.7	9.4
86	7.1	49.0	41.0	2.34	71.3	13.3
86	8.4	49.8	41.8	2.36	73.7	17.8
86	9.1	51.8	43.7	2.39	75.1	20.5
86	9.8	50.5	42.4	2.36	76.2	23.3
86	10.5	50.7	42.6	2.36	76.9	26.3

Note: Heating performance data is tabulated at 68°F DB entering air at ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 rated cfm. For ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 certified ratings, refer to the ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 WLHP, GWHP and GLHP performance table. See performance correction tables to correct performance at conditions other than those tabulated. Data shown is for unit performance only. Interpolation is permissible, extrapolation is not.Rated GPM 8.4; Minimum cfm 936; Rated cfm 1170; Maximum cfm 1404.

Table 18. Correction factors for variation in entering air temperature 0.75 Tons - GETK009

Cooling Entering Air	Cooling Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	S	Sensible vs. E	ntering Dry B	ulb Multiplier	s	Heating Entering Air	Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts
WB°F	Сараспу	input watts	65.6	70.6	75.6	80.6	85.6	DB°F	Сараспу	input watts
49.4	0.953	1.012	0.814	0.875	0.939	1.004	1.072	48.0	1.051	0.746
56.3	0.954	1.012	0.768	0.874	0.940	1.005	1.072	53.0	1.042	0.815
60.3	0.955	1.012	0.596	0.816	0.946	1.006	1.073	58.0	1.031	0.882
63.2	0.953	1.012	0.468	0.690	0.910	1.004	1.074	63.0	1.019	0.948
66.2	1.000	1.000	-	0.558	0.780	1.000	1.074	68.0	1.000	1.000
72.1	1.118	0.960	-	-	0.515	0.738	0.960	73.0	0.979	1.051
77.1	1.212	0.902	-	-	-	0.505	0.730	78.0	0.956	1.101

Table 19. Correction factors for variation in entering air temperature 1 Tons - GETK012

Cooling Entering Air	Cooling Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	S	Sensible vs. E	ntering Dry B	ulb Multiplier	S	Heating Entering Air	Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts
WB°F	Сараспу	input watts	65.6	70.6	75.6	80.6	85.6	DB°F	Сараспу	input watts
49.4	0.962	1.010	0.846	0.911	0.978	1.047	1.16	48.0	1.069	0.723
56.3	0.964	1.009	0.769	0.899	0.979	1.048	1.118	53.0	1.053	0.795
60.3	0.936	1.025	0.602	0.819	0.968	1.018	1.051	58.0	1.037	0.866
63.2	0.965	1.009	0.479	0.695	0.912	1.050	1.084	63.0	1.021	0.936
66.2	1.000	1.000	-	0.566	0.782	1.000	1.103	68.0	1.000	1.000
72.1	1.112	0.955	-	-	0.523	0.740	0.958	73.0	0.979	1.063
77.1	1.213	0.904	-	-	-	0.514	0.733	78.0	0.952	1.125

Table 20. Correction factors for variation in entering air temperature 1.25 Tons - GETK015

Cooling Entering Air	Cooling Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	\$	Sensible vs. E	ntering Dry B	ulb Multiplier	S	Heating Entering Air	Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts
WB°F	Сараспу	Dacity Input watts	65.6	70.6	75.6	80.6	85.6	DB°F	Сараспу	input watts
49.4	0.903	1.010	0.860	0.921	0.983	1.047	1.094	48.0	1.047	0.769
56.3	0.904	1.010	0.786	0.950	0.984	1.048	1.113	53.0	1.037	0.829
60.3	0.904	1.010	0.624	0.831	1.030	1.049	1.114	58.0	1.026	0.888
63.2	0.943	1.006	0.505	0.713	0.920	1.093	1.115	63.0	1.015	0.945
66.2	1.000	1.000	-	0.589	0.797	1.000	1.161	68.0	1.000	1.000

Table 20. Correction factors for variation in entering air temperature 1.25 Tons - GETK015 (continued)

Cooling Entering Air	Cooling Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	S	ensible vs. E	ntering Dry B	Heating Entering Air	Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts		
WB°F	Capacity	input watts	65.6	70.6	75.6	80.6	85.6	DB°F	Capacity	input watts
72.1	1.121	0.978		-	0.549	0.758	0.966	73.0	0.983	1.052
77.1	1.229	0.952	-	-	-	0.542	0.752	78.0	0.964	1.103

Table 21. Correction factors for variation in entering air temperature 1.5 Tons - GETK018

Cooling Entering Air	Cooling Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	Sensible vs. Entering Dry Bulb Multipliers					Heating Entering Air	Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts
WB°F	Сараспу	input watts	65.6	70.6	75.6	80.6	85.6	DB°F	Сараспу	input watts
49.4	0.910	1.009	0.851	0.916	0.946	1.0371	1.0815	48.0	1.050	0.749
56.3	0.911	1.009	0.785	0.941	0.977	1.0378	1.1009	53.0	1.040	0.815
60.3	0.911	1.009	0.621	0.831	1.018	1.0385	1.089	58.0	1.029	0.879
63.2	0.945	1.006	0.500	0.710	0.917	1.077	1.0955	63.0	1.017	0.942
66.2	1.000	1.000	-	0.583	0.794	1.000	1.141	68.0	1.000	1.000
72.1	1.114	0.978	-	-	0.539	0.751	0.962	73.0	0.981	1.057
77.1	1.211	0.951	-	-	-	0.529	0.742	78.0	0.961	1.113

Table 22. Correction factors for variation in entering air temperature 2 Tons - GETK024

Cooling Entering Air	Cooling Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	S	Sensible vs. E	ntering Dry B	s	Heating Entering Air	Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts	
WB°F	Сараспу	input watts	65.6	70.6	75.6	80.6	85.6	DB°F	Сараспу	input watts
49.4	0.935	1.009	0.932	0.991	1.052	1.112	1.094	48.0	1.042	0.771
56.3	0.936	1.009	0.800	1.005	1.053	1.114	1.094	53.0	1.031	0.824
60.3	0.937	1.009	0.634	0.839	1.044	1.115	1.175	58.0	1.021	0.880
63.2	0.962	1.004	0.512	0.717	0.916	1.117	1.153	63.0	1.011	0.938
66.2	1.000	1.000	-	0.589	0.795	1.000	1.193	68.0	1.000	1.000
72.1	1.095	0.980	-	-	0.537	0.744	0.950	73.0	0.989	1.065
77.1	1.189	0.972	-	-	-	0.527	0.735	78.0	0.979	1.132

Table 23. Correction factors for variation in entering air temperature 3 Tons - GETK036

Cooling Entering Air	Cooling Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	S	Sensible vs. Entering Dry Bulb Multipliers					Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts
WB°F	Сараспу	input watts	65.6	70.6	75.6	80.6	85.6	DB°F	Сараспу	input watts
49.4	0.922	1.008	0.942	1.005	1.070	1.137	1.207	48.0	1.046	0.792
56.3	0.924	1.008	0.799	0.994	1.072	1.139	1.207	53.0	1.035	0.840
60.3	0.925	1.008	0.642	0.840	1.035	1.14	1.209	58.0	1.023	0.891
63.2	0.952	1.005	0.527	0.726	0.924	1.119	1.21	63.0	1.012	0.944
66.2	1.000	1.000	-	0.606	0.805	1.000	1.198	68.0	1.000	1.000
72.1	1.111	0.992	-	-	0.566	0.766	0.965	73.0	0.988	1.059
77.1	1.219	0.984	ı	-	ı	0.561	0.762	78.0	1.005	1.134

Table 24. Correction factors for variation in airflow

Model	Entering CFM	Cooling Capacity	Sensible Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts				
GETK009	272	0.965	0.868	1.009	0.972	1.072				
GETK009	289	0.975	0.901	1.007	0.981	1.052				
GETK009	306	0.984	0.934	1.004	0.988	1.033				
GETK009	323	0.992	0.967	1.002	0.994	1.016				
GETK009	340	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000				
GETK009	357	1.007	1.033	0.998	1.005	0.985				
GETK009	374	1.015	1.066	0.996	1.009	0.972				



Performance Data

Table 24. Correction factors for variation in airflow (continued)

Model	Entering CFM	Cooling Capacity	Sensible Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts
GETK009	391	1.021	1.076	0.994	1.013	0.959
GETK009	408	1.028	1.083	0.992	1.017	0.947
GETK012	354	0.967	0.909	1.002	0.975	1.073
GETK012	376	0.976	0.943	1.002	0.982	1.052
GETK012	398	0.984	0.977	1.001	0.989	1.033
GETK012	420	0.992	0.992	1.000	0.995	1.016
GETK012	442	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
GETK012	464	1.007	1.007	1.000	1.005	0.985
GETK012	486	1.013	1.013	0.999	1.009	0.972
GETK012	508	1.023	1.023	0.999	1.013	0.959
GETK012	530	1.032	1.032	0.998	1.016	0.948
GETK015	432	0.958	0.876	1.005	0.974	1.078
GETK015	459	0.970	0.908	1.004	0.982	1.056
GETK015	486	0.981	0.940	1.003	0.989	1.036
GETK015	513	0.991	0.969	1.001	0.995	1.017
GETK015	540	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
GETK015	567	1.008	1.031	0.999	1.005	0.984
GETK015	594	1.016	1.061	0.998	1.009	0.970
GETK015	621	1.023	1.092	0.997	1.011	0.955
GETK015	648	1.030	1.122	0.996	1.014	0.942
GETK018	501	0.953	0.857	1.006	0.968	1.097
GETK018	553	0.972	0.906	1.004	0.981	1.059
GETK018	585	0.982	0.940	1.002	0.988	1.037
GETK018	618	0.991	0.972	1.001	0.994	1.018
GETK018	650	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
GETK018	683	1.008	1.031	0.999	1.005	0.984
GETK018	715	1.014	1.067	0.998	1.009	0.968
GETK018	748	1.021	1.098	0.997	1.013	0.954
GETK018	780	1.027	1.130	0.997	1.017	0.941
GETK024	656	0.967	0.878	1.005	0.986	1.088
GETK024	697	0.977	0.909	1.004	0.990	1.062
GETK024	738	0.989	0.933	0.999	0.994	1.039
GETK024	779	0.993	0.970	1.001	0.997	1.018
GETK024	820	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
GETK024	861	1.011	1.020	0.994	1.003	0.983
GETK024	902	1.012	1.061	0.998	1.005	0.969
GETK024	943	1.023	1.078	0.992	1.007	0.955
GETK024	984	1.023	1.121	0.997	1.009	0.943
GETK036	936	0.956	0.882	1.006	0.982	1.093
GETK036	995	0.967	0.912	1.005	0.987	1.065
GETK036	1053	0.978	0.943	1.004	0.992	1.041
GETK036	1112	0.991	0.971	1.001	0.996	1.019
GETK036	1170	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
GETK036	1229	1.008	1.029	0.999	1.004	0.983

Table 24. Correction factors for variation in airflow (continued)

Model	Entering CFM	Cooling Capacity	Sensible Capacity	Cooling Input Watts	Heating Capacity	Heating Input Watts
GETK036	1287	1.016	1.058	0.998	1.007	0.967
GETK036	1346	1.023	1.088	0.998	1.010	0.953
GETK036	1404	1.030	1.116	0.997	1.012	0.940



Unit Fan Performance

Table 25. PSC blower motor external static pressure without return air door (RAD) with filter

Model		External Static Pressure (in. of wg)																				
	Speed	Ducted	CF	-м	0.	00	0.	05		10		15		20	0.:	25	0.	30	0.	35	0.	40
	Тар	Unit(a)	Max	Min	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW
	High	Yes	408	-	421	0.108	388	0.107	354	0.106	320	0.104	283	0.103	244	0.102	-	-		-	-	
	Low	Yes	-	-	355	0.073	332	0.072	307	0.070	278	0.068	245	0.067	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
GET009	High	No	-	-	357	0.073	333	0.071	309	0.070	282	0.069	253	0.067	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Low	No	-	272	307	0.061	297	0.06	280	0.059	258	0.058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	Yes	453	-	453	0.140	433	0.137	412	0.134	390	0.130	367	0.127	342	0.124	316	0.121	288	0.118	-	-
	Low	Yes	-	-	401	0.112	383	0.109	362	0.106	340	0.103	318	0.100	295	0.097	-	-	-	-	-	-
GET012	High	No	-	-	418	0.125	400	0.122	379	0.120	356	0.117	332	0.113	309	0.110	286	0.107	-	-	-	-
	Low	No	-	304	345	0.097	331	0.095	313	0.092	292	0.090	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	Yes	648	-	-	-	-	-	652	0.191	634	0.187	616	0.183	598	0.179	579	0.175	558	0.17	535	0.165
057045	Low	Yes	-	-	560	0.155	539	0.153	523	0.152	511	0.149	499	0.146	487	0.143	472	0.139	455	0.135	433	0.13
GET015	High	No	-	-	553	0.169	538	0.167	524	0.165	510	0.162	496	0.159	481	0.155	464	0.151	444	0.147	421	0.142
	Low	No	-	432	445	0.135	433	0.135	422	0.134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	Yes	780	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	785	0.330	758	0.323
CET010	Low	Yes	-	-	665	0.253	644	0.249	625	0.246	608	0.242	592	0.237	575	0.232	556	0.227	537	0.221	517	0.215
GET018	High	No	-	-	696	0.361	675	0.354	654	0.348	632	0.342	610	0.336	588	0.33	566	0.324	544	0.318	521	0.312
	Low	No	-	520	544	0.271	526	0.266	506	0.262	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	Yes	984	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	988	0.402	955	0.392	920	0.382	884	0.371
GET024	Low	Yes	-	-	908	0.344	895	0.335	876	0.327	854	0.318	829	0.31	803	0.301	778	0.293	754	0.285	732	0.277
OLTOZA	High	No	ı	1	850	0.317	827	0.310	806	0.303	787	0.297	768	0.291	750	0.286	730	0.280	710	0.274	689	0.267
	Low	No	1	656	799	0.292	781	0.286	764	0.280	746	0.275	727	0.269	709	0.264	690	0.258	671	0.252	651	0.246
	High	Yes	1404	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1420	0.686	1396	0.674	1371	0.662
GET036	Low	Yes	-	-	1303	0.651	1293	0.638	1282	0.625	1270	0.614	1256	0.603	1240	0.592	1222	0.582	1202	0.572	1181	0.562
OLIOOO	High	No	-	-	1330	0.642	1304	0.630	1277	0.618	1248	0.606	1219	0.593	1188	0.581	1155	0.568	1122	0.555	1086	0.542
	Low	No	-	936	1059	0.523	1051	0.516	1042	0.510	1033	0.503	1022	0.496	1011	0.488	998	0.480	984	0.472	967	0.464
Model								E	xterna	I Stati	c Pres	sure (in. of v	wg)								
		Ducted	CF	М	0.4	45	0.	50	0.	55	0.	60	0.	65	0.	70	0.	75	0.	80	0.	85
	Тар	Unit	Max	Min	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW
	High	Yes	408	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GET009	Low	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Low	No	-	272	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	Yes	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GET012	Low	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Low	No	-	304	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	Yes	648	-	510	0.160	480	0.154	445	0.148	404	0.141	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GET015	Low	Yes	-	-	405	0.125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Low	No	-	432	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



0.85

1107

967

-

0.550

0.456

Table 25. PSC blower motor external static pressure without return air door (RAD) with filter (continued)

Model		External Static Pressure (in. of wg)																		
	Speed	Ducted	CI	FM	0.	45	0.	50	0.	55	0.	60	0.	65	0.	70	0.	75	0.	80
	Тар	Unit	Max	Min	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW
	High	Yes	780	-	729	0.317	697	0.311	661	0.305	620	0.300	573	0.295	518	0.291	-	-	-	-
GET018	Low	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GLIVIO	High	No	-	-	497	0.305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Low	No	ı	520	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	Yes	984	-	847	0.359	810	0.348	774	0.336	739	0.324	706	0.312	676	0.299	649	0.287	-	-
GET024	Low	Yes	ı	-	712	0.268	693	0.260	675	0.251	658	0.243	641	0.234	ı	-	-	-	-	-
GL1024	High	No	ı	-	666	0.26	642	0.251	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
	Low	No	1	656	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	Yes	1404	-	1346	0.65	1320	0.638	1293	0.625	1265	0.613	1236	0.601	1206	0.588	1175	0.575	1142	0.563
GET036	Low	Yes	ı	-	1160	0.553	1138	0.543	1117	0.533	1097	0.522	1076	0.511	1055	0.498	1031	0.486	1003	0.472
GL1030	High	No	ı	-	1048	0.528	1007	0.515	965	0.501	919	0.487	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
	Low	No	ı	936	949	0.454	927	0.444	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Model				E	xterna	al Stati	c Pres	sure (in. of v	vg)										
		Ducted	CI	FM		90	0.	95		00		05	1.	10						
	Тар	Unit	Max	Min	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW	CFM	KW						
	High	Yes	408	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
GET009	Low	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	High	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	Low	No	•	272	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	High	Yes	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
GET012	Low	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	High	No	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	Low	No	-	304	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-						
	High	Yes	648	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
GET015	Low	Yes	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
02.0.0	High	No	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	Low	No	•	432	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	High	Yes	780	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
GET018	Low	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
OLIVIO	High	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	Low	No	1	520	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	High	Yes	984	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
GET024	Low	Yes	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
OLIVE	High	No	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
	Low	No	ı	656	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
· <u></u>	High	Yes	1404	-	1071	0.536	1032	0.523	991	0.509	947	0.495	900	0.481						
	Low	Yes	-	-	919	0.440	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						

⁽a) The NO Ducted option is for non-ducted (free return) units. Units specified as non-ducted (free return) are factory wired to low-speed. Units specified as ducted are factory wired to high-speed.

GET036

High

No

936

Unit Fan Performance

Table 26. ECM Blower motor external static pressure with return air door (RAD) with filter

	A : G		External Static Pressure (in. of wg)														
Model No.	Airflow Profile		0.00	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.70
110.	Trome	CFM	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW
	Α	374	0.025	0.037	0.050	0.062	0.075	0.087	0.098	0.110	0.121	0.133	0.144	0.037	0.165	0.176	0.176
GET009	В	344	0.023	0.035	0.046	0.057	0.068	0.079	0.090	0.100	0.110	0.120	0.130	0.035	0.149	0.159	0.159
GL1009	С	313	0.021	0.032	0.042	0.052	0.062	0.071	0.081	0.090	0.099	0.108	0.117	0.032	0.134	0.143	0.143
	D	285	0.017	0.027	0.036	0.045	0.054	0.063	0.071	0.080	0.088	0.096	0.104	0.027	0.120	0.127	0.127
	Α	487	0.027	0.042	0.057	0.071	0.086	0.100	0.114	0.128	0.142	0.155	0.168	0.042	0.193	0.206	0.206
GET012	В	442	0.025	0.038	0.052	0.065	0.077	0.090	0.103	0.115	0.127	0.139	0.151	0.038	0.173	0.184	0.184
GE 1012	С	403	0.023	0.034	0.046	0.057	0.069	0.080	0.091	0.102	0.112	0.122	0.133	0.034	0.152	0.161	0.161
	D	368	0.019	0.029	0.039	0.049	0.059	0.068	0.078	0.087	0.096	0.105	0.114	0.029	0.131	0.139	0.139
	Α	594	0.062	0.072	0.081	0.090	0.100	0.109	0.119	0.128	0.138	0.148	0.158	0.072	0.179	0.191	0.202
057045	В	540	0.044	0.054	0.064	0.073	0.083	0.092	0.101	0.111	0.121	0.131	0.141	0.054	0.162	0.173	0.185
GET015	С	486	0.032	0.042	0.051	0.060	0.069	0.079	0.088	0.097	0.106	0.116	0.126	0.042	0.146	0.157	0.168
	D	432	0.025	0.034	0.042	0.051	0.059	0.068	0.076	0.085	0.093	0.102	0.111	0.034	0.130	0.140	0.150
	Α	712	0.097	0.109	0.121	0.134	0.148	0.163	0.178	0.193	0.208	0.223	0.239	0.109	0.130	0.140	0.150
OFT040	В	648	0.077	0.087	0.098	0.110	0.123	0.136	0.150	0.163	0.177	0.191	0.205	0.087	0.268	0.282	0.282
GET018	С	584	0.056	0.066	0.076	0.087	0.099	0.111	0.123	0.135	0.148	0.160	0.172	0.066	0.230	0.242	0.242
	D	522	0.039	0.048	0.058	0.069	0.080	0.091	0.102	0.114	0.125	0.136	0.147	0.048	0.194	0.204	0.204
	Α	903	0.100	0.118	0.135	0.152	0.168	0.185	0.201	0.216	0.232	0.247	0.261	0.118	0.290	0.303	0.303
057004	В	827	0.081	0.096	0.111	0.125	0.140	0.154	0.168	0.182	0.196	0.209	0.222	0.096	0.248	0.261	0.261
GET024	С	746	0.060	0.073	0.085	0.098	0.110	0.123	0.136	0.148	0.161	0.173	0.185	0.073	0.210	0.222	0.222
	D	659	0.041	0.052	0.063	0.074	0.085	0.097	0.109	0.121	0.133	0.145	0.157	0.052	0.182	0.194	0.194
	Α	1293	0.285	0.306	0.328	0.349	0.370	0.392	0.413	0.433	0.454	0.475	0.496	0.306	0.537	0.557	0.557
057065	В	1178	0.214	0.233	0.253	0.272	0.292	0.311	0.330	0.349	0.369	0.388	0.406	0.233	0.444	0.463	0.463
GET036	С	1063	0.158	0.175	0.193	0.210	0.227	0.245	0.262	0.279	0.296	0.313	0.331	0.175	0.365	0.382	0.382
	D	950	0.117	0.133	0.148	0.163	0.178	0.193	0.208	0.223	0.238	0.254	0.269	0.133	0.299	0.314	0.314

Note: The ECM is programmed for constant CFM. The CFM is factory set on Profile B. The ECM reduces the airflow to 80 percent in fan only mode for additional energy savings.

Table 27. Fan performance for standard ECM with return air door (RAD) with filter

Model Number	Max ESP (in. wc)	Fan Motor (hp)	Profile Setting	Cooling Mode	Heating Mode	Fan Only Mode
	0.7	1/3	A	374	374	299
GET009	0.7	1/3	В	344	344	275
GE1009	0.7	1/3	С	313	313	250
	0.7	1/3	D	285	285	228
	0.7	1/3	A	487	487	390
GET012	0.7	1/3	В	442	442	354
GETUTZ	0.7	1/3	С	403	403	322
	0.7	1/3	D	368	368	294
	0.7	1/2	А	594	594	475
GET015	0.7	1/2	В	540	540	432
GL1015	0.7	1/2	С	486	486	389
	0.7	1/2	D	432	432	346

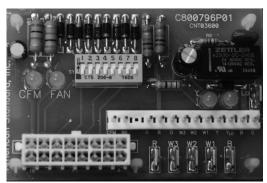
Table 27. Fan performance for standard ECM with return air door (RAD) with filter (continued)

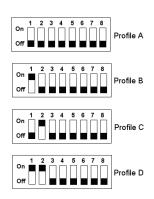
Model Number	Max ESP (in. wc)	Fan Motor (hp)	Profile Setting	Cooling Mode	Heating Mode	Fan Only Mode
	0.7	1/2	A	712	712	570
GET018	0.7	1/2	В	648	648	518
GLIUIO	0.7	1/2	С	584	584	467
	0.7	1/2	D	522	522	418
	0.7	1/2	A	903	903	722
GET024	0.7	1/2	В	827	827	662
GE1024	0.7	1/2	С	746	746	597
	0.7	1/2	D	659	659	527
	0.7	3/4	А	1293	1293	1034
GET036	0.7	3/4	В	1178	1178	942
GL1030	0.7	3/4	С	1063	1063	850
Natas	0.7	3/4	D	950	950	760

Notes:

- 1. The ECM is programmed for constant CFM. The CFM is factory set on Profile B. The ECM reduces the airflow to 80 percent in fan only mode for additional energy savings
- 2. Fan profile settings are selected by the ECM control board DIP switch setting on units with deluxe 24 V controls.
- 3. For units with Symbio[™] 400-B, the Symbio 400-B will vary the ECM fan speed depending on how far the load is from set point. The minimum and maximum fan speeds are factory set. Tracer® TU is required to make modifications to the min/max fan speed settings.

Figure 4. ECM control board and dip switch setting





Note: ECM control board with dip switches is only on units with deluxe 24 V controls. Tracer TU is used to adjust fan speed on units with Symbio 400-B controls.

Table 28. Pressure drop due to return air door (RAD)

Model	CFM	DP	CFM	DP	CFM	DP
GET009	272	0.04	340	0.05	408	0.08
GET012	354	0.06	442	0.10	530	0.16
GET015	432	0.06	540	0.09	648	0.12
GET018	520	0.08	650	0.12	780	0.16
GET024	656	0.06	820	0.08	984	0.12
GET036	936	0.10	1170	0.16	1404	0.23

Note: The pressure drop across the RAD door should be included in the TOTAL ESP when determining airflow and fan motor power usage. If the door is supplied by another vendor, the pressure drop across that door must be included in the TOTAL ESP when determining airflow and fan motor power usage.

Table 29. Antifreeze correction factors

		Methan	ol Concentration by \	/olume						
Item	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%				
Cooling Capacity	1.000	0.998	0.996	0.995	0.993	0.992				
Heating Capacity	1.000	0.995	0.990	0.985	0.979	0.974				
Pressure Drop	1.000	1.023	1.057	1.091	1.122	1.160				
Ethylene Glycol Concentration by Volume										
Item	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%				
Cooling Capacity	1.000	0.996	0.991	0.987	0.983	0.979				
Heating Capacity	1.000	0.993	0.985	0.977	0.969	0.961				
Pressure Drop	1.000	1.024	1.068	1.124	1.188	1.263				
<u>.</u>		Propylene (Glycol Concentration	by Volume						
Item	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%				
Cooling Capacity	1.000	0.993	0.987	0.980	0.974	0.968				
Heating Capacity	1.000	0.986	0.973	0.960	0.948	0.935				
Pressure Drop	1.000	1.040	1.098	1.174	1.273	1.405				
·		NaCl	Concentration by Vo	lume						
Item	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%				
Cooling Capacity	1.000	0.994	0.987	0.979	0.971	0.963				
Heating Capacity	1.000	0.993	0.987	0.982	0.978	0.976				
Pressure Drop	1.000	1.154	1.325	1.497	1.669	1.841				

Figure 5. Cooling capacity correction factor

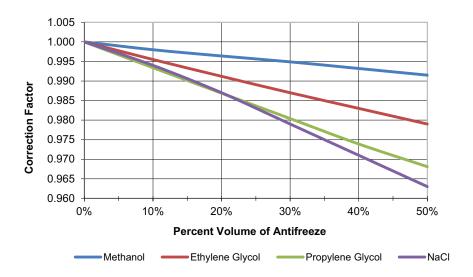


Figure 6. Heating capacity correction factor

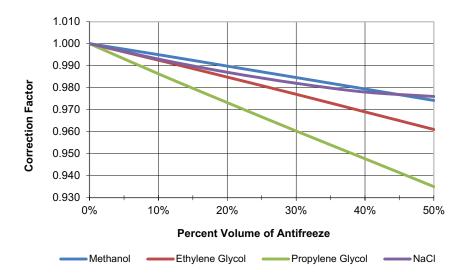
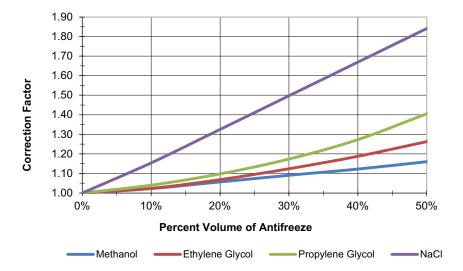


Figure 7. Water pressure drop correction factor



Example 1 (Ethylene Glycol) - The antifreeze solution is 20 percent by volume of Ethylene Glycol. Determine the corrected cooling capacity and waterside pressure drop for a GET009 when the EWT is 86°F and the GPM is 2.3.

From the catalog data, the cooling capacity at these conditions with 100 percent water is 8.3 Mbtuh, and the waterside pressure drop is 9.1 feet of head. At 20 percent Ethylene Glycol, the correction factor for cool capacity is 0.9912 and the pressure drop is 1.068.

The corrected cooling capacity (Mbtuh) = $8.50 \times 0.9912 = 8.43$. The corrected water side pressure drop (Ft. head) = $9.1 \times 1.068 = 9.72$.

Example 2 (Propylene Glycol) - The antifreeze solution is 30 percent by volume of Propylene Glycol. Determine the corrected heating capacity and waterside pressure drop for a GET009 when the EWT is 45°F and the GPM is 2.3.



Unit Fan Performance

From the catalog data, the heating capacity at these conditions with 100 percent water is 8.3 Mbtuh, and the waterside pressure drop is 11.1 feet of head. At 30 percent Propylene Glycol, the correction factor for heat capacity is 0.9603 and the pressure drop is 1.174.

The corrected heating capacity (Mbtuh) = $8.3 \times 0.9603 = 7.97$. The corrected water side pressure drop (Ft. head) = $11.1 \times 1.174 = 13.03$.



Controls

Figure 8. Deluxe 24 V control board



The 24 V deluxe design is a microprocessor-based control board conveniently located in the control box. The board is unique to Trane water-source products and is designed to control the unit as well as provide outputs for unit status and fault detection.

The board is factory wired to a terminal strip to provide all necessary terminals for field connections

Deluxe 24 V Electronic Controls

- Anti-short cycle compressor protection
- Brown out protection
- · Compressor contactor
- Compressor lock-out relay
- Condensate overflow
- · Freeze protection
- High pressure switch
- Low pressure switch
- Low pressure time delay
- Multi-speed fan motor
- · Random start delay
- · Reversing valve coil
- Soft lockout mode

Deluxe 24 V Features

Anti-short Cycle Timer

The anti-short cycle timer provides a three minutes time delay between compressor stop and compressor restart. Once thermostat is enabled, an automatic 3 minutes delay is provided for compressor protection.

Brown-out Protection

The brown-out protection function measures the input voltage to the controller and halts the compressor operation. Once a brown-out situation has occurred, the anti-short cycle timer will become energized. The general fault contact will not be affected by this condition. The voltage will continue to be monitored until the voltage increases. The compressors will be enabled at this time if all start-up time delays have expired, and all safeties have been satisfied.

Compressor Disable

The compressor disable relay provides a temporary disable in compressor operation. The signal would be provided from a water loop controller in the system. It would disable the compressor because of low water flow, peak limiting or if the unit goes into an unoccupied state. Once the compressor has been disabled, the anti-short cycle time period will begin. Once the compressor disable signal is no longer present, and all safeties are satisfied, the control will allow the compressor to restart.



Diagnostics

Three LEDs (light emitting diodes) are provided for indicating the operating mode of the controller. See the unit IOM for diagnostics or troubleshooting through the use of the LEDs.

Random Start

The random start relay provides a time delay start-up of the compressor when cycling in the occupied mode. A new start delay time between 3 and 10 seconds is applied each time power is enabled to the unit.

Safety Control

The deluxe controller receives separate input signals from the refrigerant high pressure switch, low suction pressure switch, freezestat and condensate overflow.

In a high pressure situation, the compressor contactor is de-energized, which suspends compressor operation. The control will go into soft lockout mode initializing a three minutes time delay and a random start of 3 to 10 seconds time delays. Once these delays have expired, the unit will be allowed to run. If a high pressure situation occurs within one hour of the first situation, the control will be placed into a manual lockout mode, halting compressor operation, and initiating the general alarm.

In a low temperature situation, the low pressure switch will transition open after the compressor starts. If the switch is open for 45 seconds during compressor start, the unit will go into soft lockout mode initializing a three minutes time delay and a random start of 3 to 10 seconds time delays. Once these delays have expired, the unit will be allowed to run. If the low pressure situation occurs again within 30 minutes, and the device is open for more than 45 seconds, the control will be placed into a manual lockout mode, halting compressor operation, and initiating the general alarm.

In a condensate overflow situation, the control will go into manual lockout mode, halting compressor operation, and initiating the general alarm.

The general alarm is initiated when the control goes into a manual lockout mode for either high pressure, low pressure, freezestat or condensate overflow conditions. The alarm can be reset at the thermostat or by cycling power to the unit.

The Symbio™ 400-B controller detects the state of the high pressure or low pressure switches. When a fault is sensed by one of these switches, the corresponding message is send to the controller to be logged into the fault log. When the circuit returns to normal, the high pressure control and low pressure control automatically resets. If a second fault is detected within a thirty-minutes time span, the unit must be manually reset.

Small Building Control

The deluxe 24 V electro-mechanical design may be applied as a stand-alone control system or as a multi-unit installation system. With a stand-alone design, units run independently of one another with an electronic digital thermostat.

Symbio™ 400-B

The Symbio 400-B is a multi-purpose, programmable (or application-specific) that provides direct-digital zone temperature control. This controller can operate as a stand-alone device or as part of a building automation system (BAS). Communication between the controller and a BAS occurs on an open standard with inter-operable protocols used in Building Automation and Control Networks (BACnet®). Programming is done by means of the Tracer® TU service tool.

Note: For more information, see Symbio™ 400–B/500 Programmable Controllers Water Source Heat Pump (WSHP) — Installation, Operation, and Maintenance (BAS-SVX092*-EN).

Symbio 400-B Functions Include

Building Control Advantages

The Symbio 400-B controllers have the ability to share information with one or several units on the same communication link.

An advantage of installing a Symbio 400-B is its capability to work with other BACnet® controllers. This provides greater flexibility to the building owner, as well as greater flexibility in design.



Integrating the Symbio 400-B on water-source equipment, and tying it to a Tracer® SC or other BAS system provides a complete building management system. With a Building Automation system like a Tracer SC, the system can initiate an alarm on a loss of performance on equipment malfunctions; allowing problems to be handled in a timely manner before compromising comfort.

This type of application would most commonly be used for a large space(s) that may require more than one unit. In addition to this application design, Symbio 400-B controller provides a way for units located within the same space to share the same zone sensor to prevent units from simultaneously heating and cooling in the same space.

Compressor Operation

The compressor is cycled on and off to meet heating or cooling zone demands. Units use the unit capacity and pulse width modulation (PWM) logic along with minimum on/off timers to determine the operation of the compressor. The compressor is controlled ON for longer periods as capacity increases and shorter periods as capacity decreases.

Condensate Overflow

When condensate reaches the trip point, a condensate overflow signal generates a diagnostic which disables the fan, unit water valves (if present), and compressor. The unit will remain in a halted state until the condensation returns to a normal level. At this time, the switch in the drain pan will automatically reset. However, the controller's condensate overflow diagnostic must be manually reset to clear the diagnostic and restart the unit.

Data Sharing

The Symbio 400-B controller are capable of sending or receiving data (setpoints, fan request, or space temperature) to and from other controllers on the communication link. This allows multiple units to share a common space temperature sensor in both stand-alone and building automation applications.

Fan Operation

The supply air fan operates at the factory wired speed in the occupied or occupied standby mode. When switch is set to AUTO, the fan is configured for cycling ON with heating or cooling. In heat mode, the fan will run for 30 seconds beyond compressor shutdown in both occupied and unoccupied mode.

Filter Maintenance Timer

The controller filter status is based on cumulative run hours of the unit fan. The controller compares the fan run time against an adjustable fan run hours limit and recommends unit maintenance as required.

High and Low Pressure Switches

The Symbio 400-B detects the state of the high pressure or low pressure switches. When a fault is sensed by one of these switches, the corresponding message is sent to the controller to be logged into the fault log. When the circuit returns to normal, the high pressure control and low pressure control automatically reset. If a second fault is detected within a thirty-minutes time span, the unit must be manually reset.

Random Start

To prevent all of the units in a building from energizing major loads at the same time, the controller observes a random start from 0 to 25 seconds. This timer halts the controller until the random start time expires.

Reversing Valve Operation

For cooling, the reversing valve output is energized simultaneously with the compressor. It will remain energized until the controller turns on the compressor for heating. At this time, the reversing valve moves to a de-energized state. In the event of a power failure or controller OFF situation, the reversing valve output will default to the heating (de-energized) state.



Trane Air-Fi® Wireless Systems

Trane Air-Fi wireless systems provides significant advantages to better meet customer by providing a lower initial cost; ease of installation for reduced risk; increased reliability and flexibility for easier problem solving; and fewer maintenance issues for worry-free operation and cost savings over the life of the system. Trane Air-Fi wireless systems helps save time and money, with industry-leading technology and performance.

Air-Fi Wireless Communications Interface (WCI)

The Air-Fi Wireless Communications Interface (WCI) enables wireless communications between system controls, unit controls, and wireless sensors for Trane control products that use the BACnet® protocol. The WCI replaces the need for communications wire in all system applications.

The universal model is available on the WSHP vertical stack. It installs the same as a wired zone sensor in indoor applications.

Air-Fi Wireless Communications Sensor (WCS)

The Air-Fi Wireless Communications Sensor (WCS) is compatible with any Trane controller that uses a WCI. The WCS provides the same functions as many currently available Trane wired sensors. No further software or hardware is necessary for site evaluation, installation, or maintenance. Space temperature is standard on all models. (A service tool cannot be connected to a Trane® wireless sensor.)

Three WCS models are available:

- Digital display (WCS-SD) model
- Base (WCS-SB) model has no exposed display or user interface
- 2 percent relative humidity sensor module (WCS-SH), which can be field installed inside either the WCS-SD or WCS-SB.

In most applications, one WCS-SD or WCS-SB sensor will be used per WCI acting as a router. However, up to six WCS-SD or WCS-SB sensors can be associated to a single equipment controller or BCI.

Compatibility with Previous Generation Wireless Zone Products

Our previous line of wireless zone sensors (WZS, WTS, and WDS) are not compatible with the Air-Fi Wireless Communications Interface (WCI).

The new Air-Fi Wireless Communications Sensor (WCS) are compatible with old WCIs that have updated firmware.

Wired Zone Sensors

Wired zone sensors can be used with Air-Fi wireless systems.



Thermostats and Zone Sensors

Table 30. Thermostat selection for use with the Deluxe controller

Thermostat	Part Number	Description
Nord, Aug 21		The XL 824 provides an intuitive interface and powerful features incorporated into the compact design of the color touch-screen control represent the latest in climate control technology for residential applications. • 3 Heat/2 Cool • Built-in Nexia Bridge, the hub for the Nexia system
75° Mocor Municipy 68°	TCONT824AS52D*	4.3-inch color touchscreen
Cooling 50° ®		Create up to six daily heating and cooling schedules
Menu Auto Samen Mark S Auto S Auto Auto		Indoor relative humidity display
TRAME		Upgradable software Wi-Fi or Ethernet connection
		5-day weather forecast and weather radar
TO TRANS	X13511536010	3 Heat/2 Cool, non-programmable commercial thermostat for conventional air conditioners and heat pumps that are configured with or without auxiliary heat.
7.40° <u>5.10°</u> 7.0000	X13511537010	3 Heat/2 Cool, programmable commercial thermostat for conventional (rooftop) air conditioners and heat pumps that are configured with or without auxiliary heat.

Table 31. Zone sensor selection for use with Symbio™ 400-B controller

Sensor	Part Number	Description
THE STATE OF THE S	X13651467020	Communication Module Sold in packs of 12 Provides local RJ22 connection to Trane® service tools for easy, low cost maintenance.
Trick	X13511529010	Zone Sensor Symbio 400-B compatible External setpoint adjustment wheel
Traver	X13511527010	Zone Sensor Symbio 400-B compatible External setpoint adjustment wheel ON and CANCEL buttons



Thermostats and Zone Sensors

Table 31. Zone sensor selection for use with Symbio™ 400-B controller (continued)

Sensor	Part Number	Description
2017/33 16 2:43 PM Unoccupied Indoor °F 73.5° 73.5 61.5 °F W	X13790993001	Commercial Touch Screen Programmable Zone Sensor Supports Standby, Occupied, and Unoccupied 7 day, 5+2 day, and 5+1+1 day Cannot be used with BAS as sensor ties up BACnet link. For use with factory-programmed Symbio 400-B. Notes: Adjusting the rotary switch on Symbio 400-B may be required to correspond address configuration in the sensor. See the installation manual for more information. Additional configuration is needed in the field to use the Programmable zone sensors (to put BAS points in service on Symbio 400-B).
2017/03/16 2-43 PM Awake Indoor °F 73.5° 75.5 71.5 *** *** *** *** *** *** ***	X13790992001	Residential Touch Screen Programmable Zone Sensor Supports Awake, Away, Home, and Sleep 7 day, 5+2 day, and 5+1+1 day Cannot be used with BAS as sensor ties up BACnet link. For use with factory-programmed Symbio 400-B. Notes: Adjusting the rotary switch on Symbio 400-B may be required to correspond address configuration in the sensor. See the installation manual for more information. Additional configuration is needed in the field to use the Programmable zone sensors (to put BAS points in service on Symbio 400-B).



Thermostats and Zone Sensors

Table 32. Wireless zone sensor selection for use with Symbio 400-B controller

Sensor	Part Number	Description
ATRAME	X1379082201	Universal Display Sensor Clear and simple monitoring and control Symbio 400-B compatible
TRANE	X13790492	Wireless Zone Sensor Local control Limited occupant temp. control Timed occupancy overrides
TTAME	X13790821	Wireless Zone Sensor Simplicity Eliminates local temperature control when higher control level is required



Electrical Data

Table 33. Electrical performance

	Liectrical per			Comp RLA	Comp	Blower Motor	Blower Motor	Minimum	Maximum
Model No.	Motor Option	Unit Volts	Total FLA	(ea)	LRA	FLA	HP	Circuit Ampacity	Overcurrent Protective Device
		208/60/1	4.9	4.3	27.0	0.60	1/20	6.00	15
F	PSC Motor	230/60/1	4.9	4.3	27.0	0.60	1/20	6.00	15
CET000		265/60/1	4.1	3.6	22.0	0.50	1/20	5.00	15
GET009		208/60/1	5.98	4.3	27.0	1.70	1/3	7.10	15
	ECM	230/60/1	5.98	4.3	27.0	1.70	1/3	7.10	15
EGIWI		265/60/1	5.28	3.6	27.0	1.70	1/3	6.20	15
		208/60/1	6.7	6	27.0	0.70	1/8	8.20	15
	PSC Motor	230/60/1	6.7	6	27.0	0.70	1/8	8.20	15
057040		265/60/1	6.6	6	32.0	0.60	1/8	8.10	15
GET012		208/60/1	9.24	6	27.0	3.20	1/3	10.70	15
	ECM	230/60/1	9.24	6	27.0	3.20	1/3	10.70	15
		265/60/1	9.24	6	32.0	3.20	1/3	10.70	15
		208/60/1	8.4	7.7	33.0	0.70	1/8	10.30	15
	PSC Motor	230/60/1	8.4	7.7	33.0	0.70	1/8	10.30	15
057045		265/60/1	7.3	6.7	37.0	0.60	1/8	9.00	15
GET015		208/60/1	9.31	7.7	33.0	1.60	1/2	11.20	15
	ECM	230/60/1	9.31	7.7	33.0	1.60	1/2	11.20	15
		265/60/1	8.31	6.7	37.0	1.60	1/2	10.00	15
	Free Discharge PSC Motor	208/60/1	10.9	10.2	35.0	0.70	1/8	13.50	20
		230/60/1	10.9	10.2	35.0	0.70	1/8	13.50	20
	1 00 motor	265/60/1	9	8.4	40.0	0.60	1/8	11.10	15
		208/60/1	12.24	10.2	35.0	2.00	1/2	14.80	20
GET018	ECM	230/60/1	12.24	10.2	35.0	2.00	1/2	14.80	20
		265/60/1	10.44	8.4	40.0	2.00	1/2	12.50	20
		208/60/1	11.9	10.2	35.0	1.70	1/5	14.50	20
	Ducted PSC Motor	230/60/1	11.9	10.2	35.0	1.70	1/5	14.50	20
	o.c.	265/60/1	9.5	8.4	40.0	1.10	1/5	11.60	15
		208/60/1	13.6	11.4	64.4	2.20	1/3	16.45	25
	PSC Motor	230/60/1	13.6	11.4	64.4	2.20	1/3	16.45	25
CET024		265/60/1	12.1	10.3	60.5	1.80	1/3	14.68	20
GET024		208/60/1	14.4	11.4	64.4	3.00	1/2	17.25	25
	ECM	230/60/1	14.4	11.4	64.4	3.00	1/2	17.25	25
		265/60/1	13.3	10.3	60.5	3.00	1/2	15.88	25
		208/60/1	20.3	16.7	93.5	3.60	1/2	24.48	40
	PSC Motor	230/60/1	20.3	16.7	93.5	3.60	1/2	24.48	40
OFT000		265/60/1	16.3	13.5	90.8	2.80	1/2	19.64	30
GET036		208/60/1	20.4	16.7	93.5	3.70	3/4	24.53	40
	ECM	230/60/1	20.4	16.7	93.5	3.70	3/4	24.53	40
		265/60/1	16.4	13.5	90.8	2.90	3/4	19.74	30



Dimensional Data

Figure 9. Unit cabinet/riser with standard base

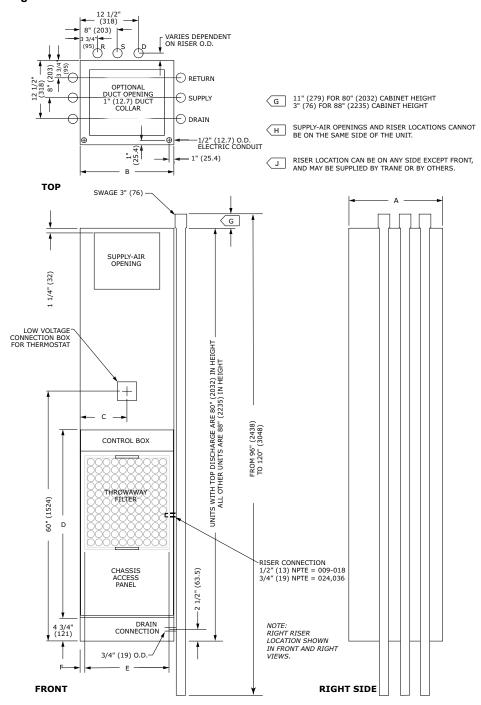


Table 34. Dimensional data - unit cabinet/riser with standard base

GET	A (inches)	B (inches)	C (inches)	D (inches)	E (inches)	F (inches)
009, 012	16 1/4	16 1/4	8 1/8	39 1/8	14 3/4	3/4
015-018	18	20	10	40 5/8	18 3/4	3/4
024-036	24	24	12	49 5/8	22 5/8	3/4

Dimensional Data

Figure 10. Unit cabinet/riser with 6-inch extended base

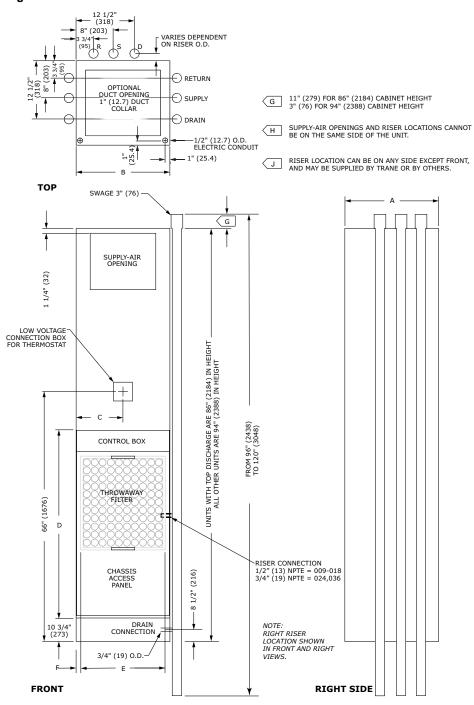


Table 35. Dimensional data - unit cabinet/riser with 6-inch extended base

GET	A (inches)	B (inches)	C (inches)	D (inches)	E (inches)	F (inches)
009, 012	16	16 1/4	8 1/8	39 1/8	14 3/4	3/4
015-018	18	20	10	40 5/8	18 3/4	3/4
024-036	24	24	12	49 5/8	22 5/8	3/4

Figure 11. Unit cabinet/riser with standard base

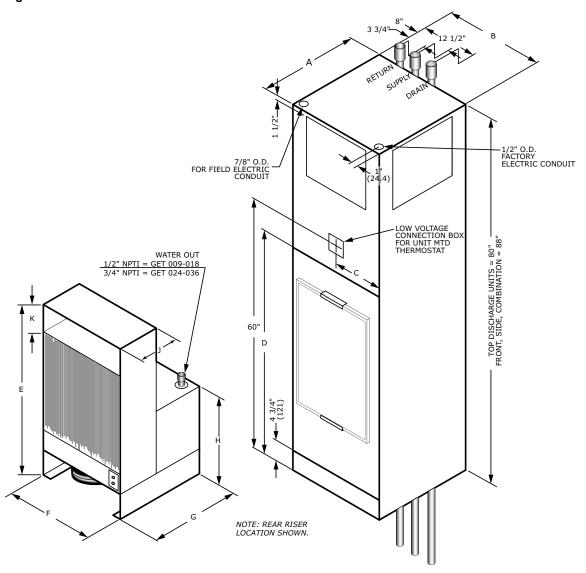


Table 36. Dimensional data - unit cabinet/riser with standard base

Unit Size	A (inches)	B (inches)	C (inches)	D (inches)	E (inches)	F (inches)	G (inches)	H (inches)	J (inches)	K (inches)
009	16 1/4	16 1/4	8 1/8	43 7/8	32 1/2	13 5/8	14	16 7/8	4 3/8	6 3/4
012	16 1/4	16 1/4	8 1/8	43 7/8	32 1/2	13 5/8	14	16 3/8	4 3/8	6 3/4
015-018	18	20	10	45 3/8	34 8/9	17 3/8	16 1/8	18 1/2	5 3/4	4 3/4
024-036	24	24	12	54 3/8	41	21 3/8	22	21 3/4	4	6

Dimensional Data

Figure 12. Unit cabinet/riser with 6-inch extended base

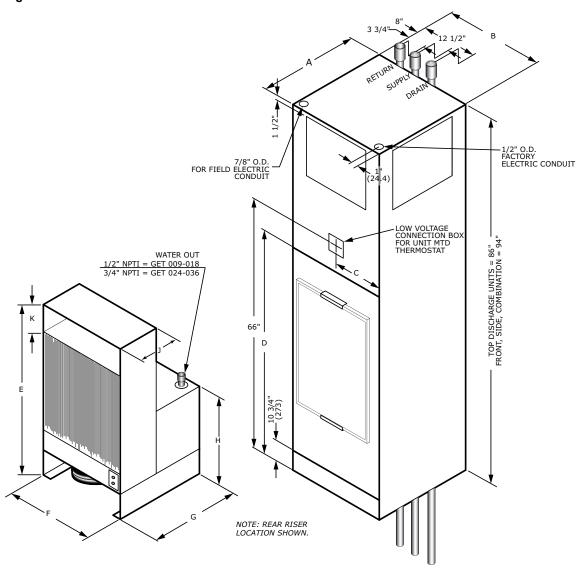


Table 37. Dimensional data - unit cabinet/riser with 6-inch extended base

Unit Size	A (inches)	B (inches)	C (inches)	D (inches)	E (inches)	F (inches)	G (inches)	H (inches)	J (inches)	K (inches)
009	16 1/4	16 1/4	8 1/8	49 7/8	32 1/2	13 5/8	14	16 7/8	4 3/8	6 3/4
012	16 1/4	16 1/4	8 1/8	49 7/8	32 1/2	13 5/8	14	16 3/8	4 3/8	6 3/4
015-018	18	20	10	51 3/8	34 8/9	17 3/8	16 1/8	18 1/2	5 3/4	4 3/4
024-036	24	24	12	60 3/8	41	21 3/8	22	21 3/4	4	6

Note: This page may be used in riser schedule preparation for field installed risers. Factory installed risers are only available as shown.

Modification to the factory riser may be required in the field to fit the contractor's riser schedule.

Water Flow Control

The factory installed water flow control option is hard piped to the copper or cupro-nickel water coil. The selection is available in a high or low flow option. An isolation valve and strainer are standard when the factory flow device is selected. Two foot 1/2-inch diameter hose kit and ball valves are recommended for 009 to 018 size units. Three foot 3/4-inch diameter hose kit and ball valves are recommended for 024 to 036 size units. The hoses and ball valves are necessary and can be selected in the ordering system, or can be field provided. Hose kits are shipped separate from the chassis.

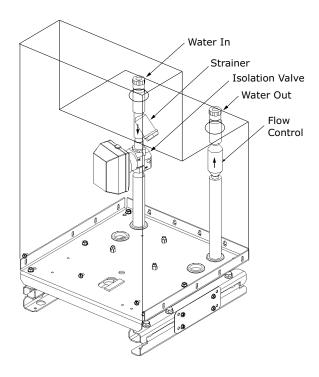
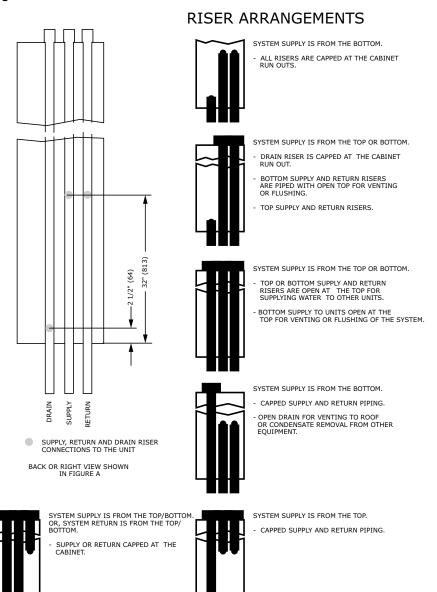


Table 38. Factory hose kit flow options

Unit Size	Low Flow Digit 9 = 3,4	High Flow Digit 9 = 5,6
009	1.5 gpm	2.0 gpm
012	2.0 gpm	2.5 gpm
015	2.5 gpm	3.5 gpm
018	3.0 gpm	4.0 gpm
024	4.0 gpm	6.0 gpm
036	6.0 gpm	8.0 gpm

Dimensional Data

Figure 13. Riser to unit connection with standard base



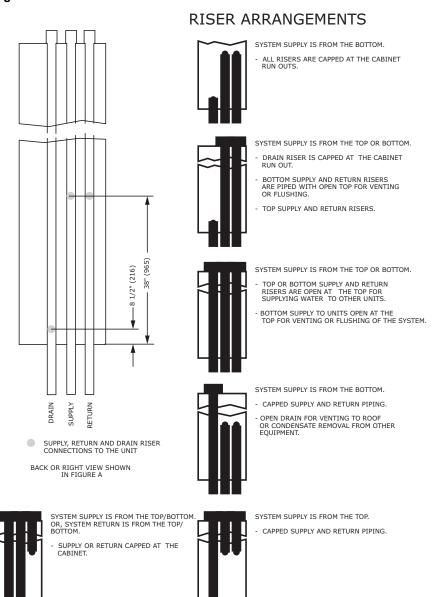
Riser location and appropriate hose length for ease of service is an important factor during unit installation.

Recommended hose length per riser location includes:

- Sizes 009 to 018: 2 foot hose = all riser locations.
- Sizes 024 to 036: 3 foot hose = all riser locations.

Trapping the main condensate riser is recommended but not mandatory as the unit condensate line is trapped internal to the equipment.

Figure 14. Riser to unit connection with 6-inch extended base



Note: This page may be used in riser schedule preparation for field installed risers. Factory installed risers are only available as shown.

Modification to the factory riser may be required in the field to fit the contractors riser schedule.

Riser location and appropriate hose length for ease of service is an important factor during unit installation.

Recommended hose length per riser location includes:

- Sizes 009 to 018: 2 foot hose = all riser locations.
- Sizes 024 to 036: 3 foot hose = all riser locations.

Trapping the main condensate riser is recommended but not mandatory as the unit condensate line is trapped internal to the equipment.



Dimensional Data

Figure 15. Supply-air arrangements

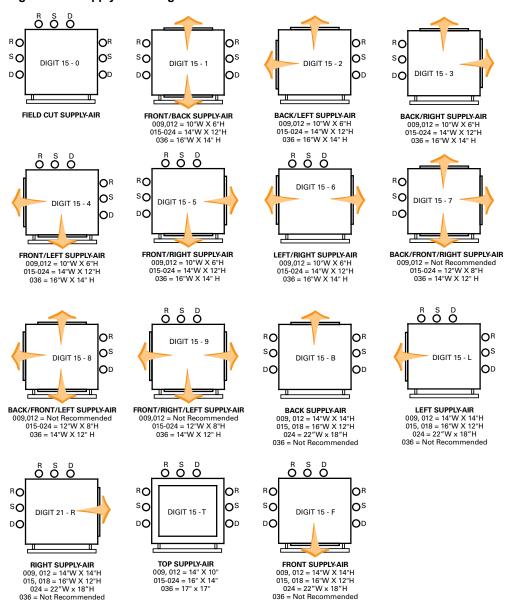
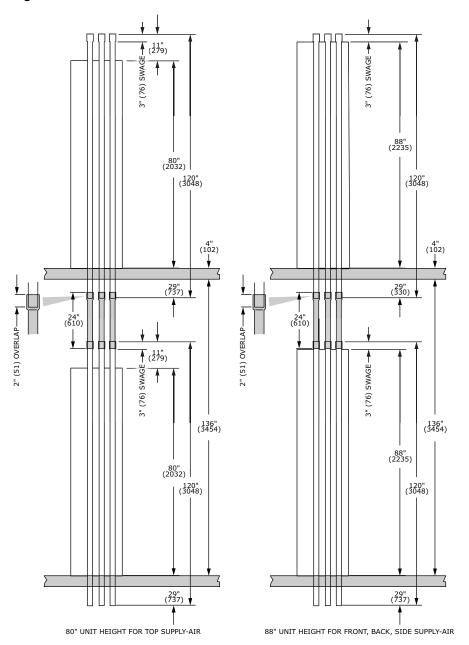


Figure 16. Riser extensions with standard base

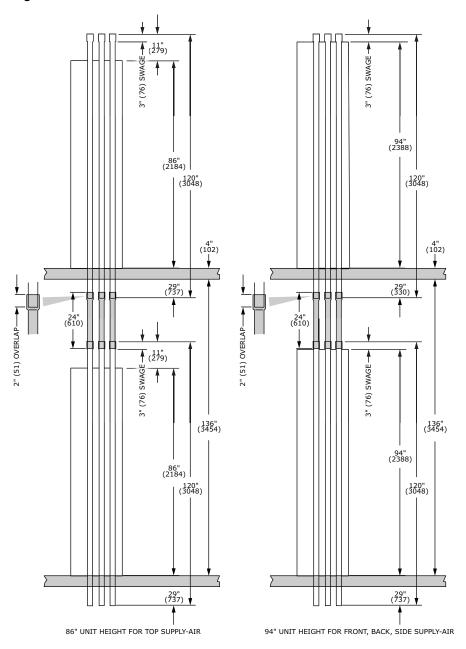


Riser extensions are field provided and installed.

Note: Riser expansion must be considered when calculating total riser length.

Dimensional Data

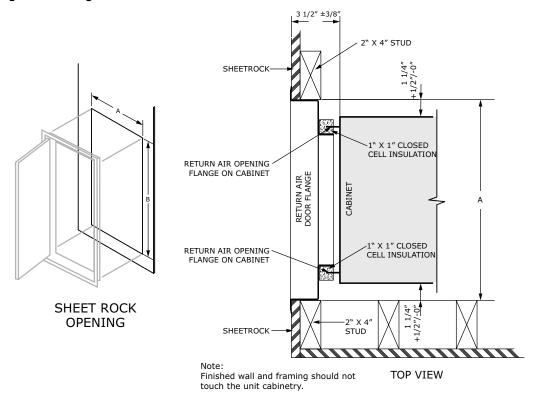
Figure 17. Riser extensions with 6-inch extended base

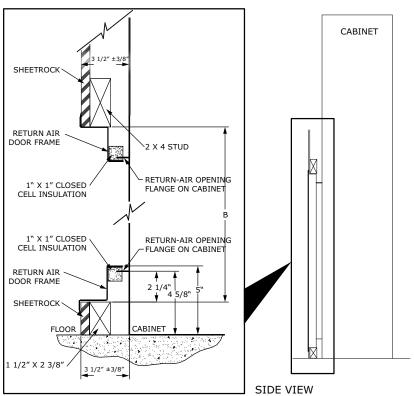


Riser extensions are field provided and installed.

Note: Riser expansion must be considered when calculating total riser length.

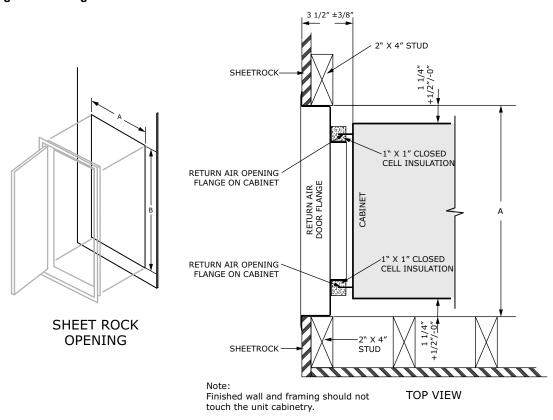
Figure 18. Hinged acoustical door with standard base





Dimensional Data

Figure 19. Hinged acoustical door with 6-inch extended base



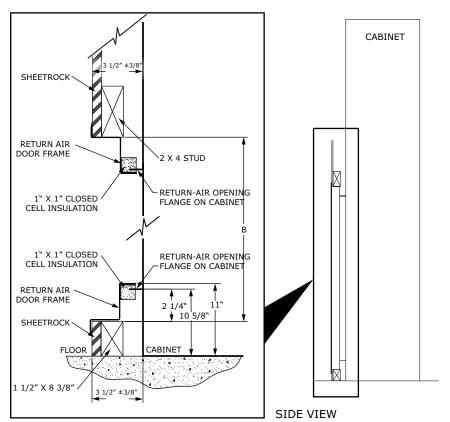


Table 39. Return air hinged acoustical door

Unit Size	A (inches)	B (inches)
009 012	19 1/4	44 1/8
015 018	23 1/4	45 1/4
024 036	27 1/8	54 5/8

Return Air (hinged) Acoustical Door

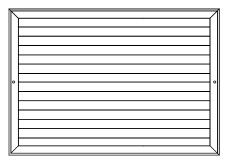
The hinged acoustical door is recessed into the wall so that the door is flush with the surface of the wall.

The opening through the wall for the door assembly must be centered with the return-air opening of the unit cabinet.

For full installing instructions of the return-air acoustical door, reference *Water Source Heat Pump Axiom™ High Efficiency Vertical Stack – GET 0.75 to 3 Tons – 60 Hz — Installation, Operation, and Maintenance* (WSHP-SVX020*-EN).

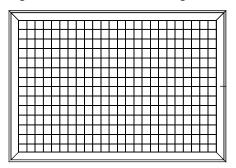
The dimensional data shown is based on the factory supplied return air door.

Figure 20. Single deflection grille



Blades are adjustable for controlling horizontal discharge path.

Figure 21. Double deflection grille



Blades are adjustable for controlling discharge path in both horizontal and vertical paths.

GET	Single Grille 100% CFM (inches)	Two Grille 50% CFM (inches)	Three Grille 33% CFM (inches)	Top Discharge up to 100% CFM (inches)
009, 012	14W × 14H	10W × 6H	Not Recommended	14W × 10H
015, 018	16W × 12H	14W × 12H	12W × 8H	16W × 14H
024	22W × 18H	14W × 12H	12W × 8H	16W × 14H
036	Not Recommended	16W × 14H	14W × 12H	17W × 17H

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Mechanical Specifications

General

Equipment is factory assembled, piped, internally wired, fully charged with R-454B refrigerant and oil. Units are tested at the factory.

Products are certified in accordance ANSI/AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO13256-1 Certification Program. All units have an ETL label that meets USA (UL std) and Canadian (CSA std).

All units come standard with a 5-year compressor warranty.

Air-to-Refrigerant Coil

Internally finned, 3/8-inch copper tubes mechanically bonded to a configured aluminum plate fin are standard. Coils are leak tested at the factory to ensure the pressure integrity. The coil is leak tested to 200 psig and pressure tested to 650 psig.

The refrigerant coil distributor assembly shall be of orifice style with round copper distributor tubes. The tubes are sized consistently with the capacity of the coil. Suction header is fabricated from rounded copper pipe.

A thermostatic expansion valve is factory selected and installed for a wide range of control.

Casing

The cabinet assembly is constructed of heavy-gauge galvanized steel. It houses the blower, fan and control hook-up to the unit thermostat or zone sensor. A basepan with condensate hose is included with the cabinet design. Base rails allow ease of chassis installation/removal for service or maintenance. Optional, one, two or three supply air openings shall be factory provided. Optional one or three inch flanges are provided on all free discharge openings.

The chassis is constructed of heavy-gauge galvanized steel. The chassis houses the compressor, reversing valve, water-to-refrigerant heat exchanger, air-to-refrigerant heat exchanger, thermal expansion valve, corrosive resistant condensate pan, and water inlet/outlet connections. The chassis is installed into the cabinet by sliding it in place on the locating rails within the cabinet design.

The insulation contains a flame spread rating of less than 25 and smoke density rating of less than 50 (as tested in accordance with ASTM-85). The refrigeration piping insulation is an elastomer insulation that has a UL 94-5 V rating.

Compressors

All units have a direct-drive, hermetic, rotary (unit sizes 009 to 018) or scroll (unit sizes 024 and 036) type compressor. The compressor contains rubber isolation to aid in noise reduction during compressor start/stop.

Internal thermal overload protection and compressor anti-short cycle timers are also provided. Protection against excessive discharge pressure is provided by means of a high pressure switch. Loss of charge protection is provided by a low pressure switch.

Controls

The unit control box contains all necessary devices to allow heating and cooling operation to occur from a unit mounted, plug-in thermostat or sensor. The devices are as follows:

- 24 Vac energy limiting class II 75 VA breaker type transformer
- 24 Vac blower motor relay
- · 24 Vac compressor contactor for compressor control
- A high pressure switch to protect the compressor against operation at refrigerant system pressures exceeding 600 psig
- A low pressure switch that trips at 40 psig; a freezestat that trips at either 35°F or 20°F.
- Factory installed wire harness is available for the deluxe and Symbio[™] 400-B control packages.

Mechanical Specifications

 Power connections are made through a factory installed conduit located at the top of the units cabinet. An optional on/off switch is available. The conduit grants access directly to the control box.

Nameplate information is given for the application of either time-delay fuses or HACR circuit breakers for branch circuit protection from the primary source of power.

Single phase, single voltage rated equipment is designed to operate between plus or minus 10% of nameplate utilization voltage. Operation outside of this range may adversely effect the service life of the equipment.

DDC Controller (option)

The Symbio 400-B controllers shall utilize factory furnished and mounted DDC controls. The DDC control package shall include a 75 VA transformer, high and low pressure switch and freeze protection. An option for freeze protection is available. The controller shall provide random start delay, heating/cooling status, occupied/unoccupied mode, and filter maintenance options.

On the GET product line, the discharge air sensor and leaving water sensor are standard for the Symbio 400-B controls. The controllers are capable of a standalone application, or as applied to a full building automation installation.

The optional Air-Fi® wireless system enables wireless communications between system controls, unit controls and wireless sensors for the Symbio 400-B. The Wireless Controls Interface (WCI) replaces the need for communications wire in all system applications.

Drain Pan

The condensate pan is constructed of corrosive resistant material. The bottom of the drain pan is sloped in two planes to pitch the condensate towards the drain connection. Condensate is piped to a lower base pan through condensate hose for ease of chassis removal. A drain hose is factory clamped onto the drain connection for field connection.

Filters

One inch, throwaway filters are standard and factory installed. The standard filters have an average resistance of 76% and dust holding capacity of 26-grams per square foot.

Indoor Fan

The blower is a double width, double inlet (DWDI) forward curved wheel. The blower is a direct drive PSC or optional ECM fractional horsepower motor. The blower/motor assembly is designed for efficient and quiet operation. The PSC motor is multi-speed and is wired for a HIGH or LOW setting. The ECM is a constant CFM type. The motor is programmed to provide four airflow profiles and is shipped on Profile B, which is rated CFM of the unit. The motor is also factory programmed to provide 80% airflow in the fan only mode for additional energy savings. Service or maintenance to the blower/motor is easily achieved by removal of a single bracket.

Refrigerant Circuits

The refrigerant circuit contains a thermal expansion device, service pressure ports, and system safety devices factory-installed as standard.

Return-Air Hinged Acoustical Door (option)

A frame-mounted acoustical door is provided to attenuate noise. The door is hinged to the wall frame, and contains magnetic latches to keep the door aesthetically in place. It is flush mounted to the wall as to not protrude into the owner space. The door allows access to the unit for ease of filter replacement.

The door is constructed from heavy-gauge formed galvanized steel and painted light white. It is available with a magnetic closure door, hex key or key lock design to fit several design applications.

Mechanical Specifications

Risers

Factory provided supply and return risers are Type L or Type M copper. The drain riser is Type M copper. Swages from one diameter to another are performed as specified by the engineer in the field. Diameters and length are specified by the equipment model number. The optional riser piping insulation is an elastomer with a UL 94-5V rating.

Sound Attenuation

Sound attenuation is applied as a standard feature in the product design. The enhanced reduction package includes a heavy gauge base plate, gasket and insulation around the compressor enclosure.

An optional deluxe sound reduction package is also available. It includes a heavy gauge base plate, gasket, and insulation around the compressor enclosure and vibration isolation between the chassis and cabinet. A additional dampening treatment is applied around the compressor enclosure to achieve greater acoustical reductions.

Supply-Air Grilles (option)

Supply air grilles are available for air discharge from the unit. The grilles are avaliable with either a vertical louver or a bi-directional louver. The grilles are painted light white to match the return air door.

Water-to-Refrigerant Heat Exchanger

The water-to-refrigerant heat exchanger is a co-axial coil for maximum heat transfer. The copper or optional cupro-nickel coil is deeply fluted to enhance heat transfer and minimize fouling and scaling. The coil has a working pressure of 600 psig on the refrigerant side and 400 psig on the water side.







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